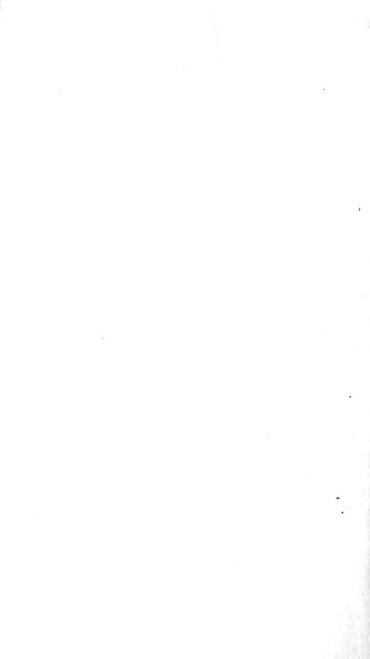


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THE

I L I A D

OF

HOMER;

TRANSLATED FROM THE GREEK,

BY

ALEXANDER POPE, Esa.

A NEW EDITION.

VOL. II.

LONDON:

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THE

THIRTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE FOURTH BATTLE CONTINUED, IN WHICH NEPTUNE ASSISTS THE GREEKS: THE ACTS OF IDOMENEUS.

Neptune, concerned for the loss of the Grecians, upon seeing the fortification forced by Hector, (who had entered the gate near the station of the Ajaxes) assumes the shape of Calchas, and inspires those heroes to oppose him: then in the form of one of the generals, encourages the other Greeks who had retired to their vessels. The Ajaxes form their troops in a close Phalanx, and put a stop to Hector and the Trojans. Several deeds of valour are performed; Meriones losing his spear in the encounter, repairs to seek another at the tent of Idomeneus: this occasions a conversation between those two warriours, who return together to the battle. Idomeneus signalizes his courage above the rest; he kills Othryoneus, Asius, and Alcathous: Deiphobus and Eneas march against him, and at length Idomeneus retires. Menelaus wounds Helenus and kills Pisander. The Trojans are repulsed in the left wing; Hector still keeps his ground against the Ajaxes, till being galled by the Locrian slingers and archers, Polydamas advises to call a council of war: Hector approves his advice, but goes first to rally the Trojans; upbraids Paris, rejoins Polydamas, meets Ajax again, and renews the attack.

The eight and twentieth day still continues. The scene is between the Grecian wall and the sea-shore.

THE

THIRTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

WHEN now the Thundrer on the sea-beat coast Had fix'd great Hector and his conqu'ring host; He left them to the fates, in bloody fray To toil and struggle thro' the well-fought day. Then turn'd to Thracia from the field of fight Those eyes, that shed insufferable light, To where the Mysians prove their martial force, And hardy Thracians tame the savage horse; And where the far-fam'd Hippemolgian strays, Renown'd for justice and for length of days; 10 Thrice happy race! that, innocent of blood, From milk, innoxious, seek their simple food: Jove sees delighted; and avoids the scene Of guilty Troy, of arms, and dying men: No aid, he deems, to either host is giv'n, 15 While his high law suspends the pow'rs of heav'n. Mean-time the * monarch of the wat'ry main

* Neptune.

Observ'd the Thund'rer, nor observ'd in vain.

In Samothracia, on a mountain's brow, Whose waving woods o'erhung the deeps below, 20 He sat; and round him cast his azure eyes. Where Ida's misty tops confus'dly rise; Below, fair Ilion's glitt'ring spires were seen; The crouded ships, and sable seas between. 25 There, from the crystal chambers of the main Emerg'd, he sat; and mourn'd his Argives slain. At Jove incens'd, with grief and fury stung, Prone down the rocky steep he rush'd along; Fierce as he past, the lofty mountains nod, The forests shake! Earth trembled as he trod, And felt the footsteps of th' immortal God. From realm to realm three ample strides he took, And, at the fourth, the distant Ægæ shook.

Far in the bay his shining palace stands,
Eternal frame! not rais'd by mortal hands:
This having reach'd, his brass-hoof'd steeds he reins,
Fleet as the winds, and deck'd with golden manes.
Refulgent arms his mighty limbs infold,
Immortal arms, of adamant and gold.
He mounts the car, the golden scourge applies,
He sits superiour, and the chariot flies:
His whirling wheels the glassy surface sweep;
Th' enormous monsters rolling o'er the deep,
Gambol around him on the wat'ry way;
And heavy whales in awkward measures play:

45

The

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

The sea subsiding spreads a level plain, Exults, and owns the monarch of the main; The parting waves before his coursers fly: The wond'ring waters leave his axle dry.

Deep in the liquid regions lies a cave; Between where Tenedos the surges lave, And rocky Imbrus breaks the rolling wave: There the great ruler of the azure round Stopp'd his swift chariot, and his steeds unbound, Fed with ambrosial herbage from his hand, And link'd their fetlocks with a golden band, Infrangible, immortal: there they stay: The father of the floods pursues his way; Where, like a tempest dark'ning heav'n around, Or fiery deluge that devours the ground, 60 Th' impatient Trojans, in a gloomy throng, Embattled roll'd, as Hector rush'd along: To the loud tumult, and the barb'rous cry, The heav'ns re-echo, and the shores reply; They vow destruction to the Grecian name, And in their hopes, the fleets already flame.

But Neptune, rising from the seas profound,
The god whose earthquakes rock the solid ground,
Now wears a mortal form; like Calchas seen,
Such his loud voice, and such his manly mien;
His shouts incessant ev'ry Greek inspire,
But most th' Ajaces, adding fire to fire.

Tis

5

'Tis yours, O warriours, all our hopes to raise;
Oh recollect your ancient worth and praise!
'Tis yours to save us, if you cease to fear;
Flight, more than shameful, is destructive here.
On other works tho' Troy with fury fall,
And pour her armies o'er our batter'd wall;
'There, Greece has strength: but this, this part o'erthrown,

Her strength were vain; I dread for you alone. 80 Here Hector rages like the force of fire,: Vaunts of his gods, and calls high Jove his sire. If yet some heav'nly pow'r your breast excite, Breathe in your hearts, and string your arms to fight, Greece yet may live, her threat'ned fleet maintain, 85 And Hector's force, and Jove's own aid, be vain.

Then with his scepter that the deep controlls,
He touch'd the chiefs, and steel'd their manly souls:
Strength, not their own, the touch divine imparts,
Prompts their light limbs, and swells their daring hearts,
Then, as a falcon from the rocky height,
Her quarry seen, impetuous at the sight,
Forth-springing instant, darts herself from high,
Shoots on the wing, and skims along the sky:
Such, and so swift, the pow'r of Ocean flew;

95
The wide horizon shut him from their view.

Th' inspiring god, Oïleus' active son Perceiv'd the first, and thus to Telamon.

Some god, my friend, some god in human form
Fav'ring descends, and wills to stand the storm. 100
Not Calchas this, the venerable seer;
Short as he turn'd, I saw the pow'r appear:
I mark'd his parting, and the steps he trod;
His own bright evidence reveals a god.
Ev'n now some energy divine I share,
105
And seem to walk on wings, and tread in air.

With equal ardour (Telamon returns)

My soul is kindled, and my bosom burns;

New rising spirits all my force alarm,

Lift each impatient limb, and brace my arm.

This ready arm, unthinking, shakes the dart;

The blood pours back, and fortifies my heart:

Singly methinks, yon' tow'ring chief I meet,

And stretch the dreadful Hector at my feet.

Full of the god that urg'd their burning breast,
The heroes thus their mutual warmth express'd. 116
Neptune mean-while the routed Greeks inspir'd;
Who breathless, pale, with length of labours tir'd,
Pant in the ships: while Troy to conquest calls,
And swarms victorious o'er their yielding walls: 120
Trembling before th' impending storm they lie,
While tears of rage stand burning in their eye.
Greece sunk they thought, and this their fatal hour;
But breathe new courage as they feel the Pow'r.
Teucer and Leitus first his words excite; 125
Then stern Peneleus rises to the fight;

Thoas

Thoas, Deipyrus, in arms renown'd, And Merion next, th' impulsive fury found; Last Nestor's son the same bold ardour takes, While thus the god the martial fire awakes.

Oh lasting infamy, oh dire disgrace To chiefs of vig'rous youth, and manly race! I trusted in the Gods and you, to see Brave Greece victorious, and her navy free: Ah no-the glorious combat you disclaim, And one black day clouds all her former fame. Heav'ns! what a prodigy these eyes survey, Unseen, unthought, 'till this amazing day! Fly we at length from Troy's oft-conquer'd bands. And falls our fleet by such inglorious hands? 140 A rout undisciplin'd, a straggling train, Not born to glories of the dusty plain; Like frighted fawns from hill to hill pursu'd, A prey to every savage of the wood: Shall these, so late who trembled at your name, 145 Invade your camps, involve your ships in flame? A change so shameful, say what cause has wrought? The soldier's baseness, or the general's fault? Fools! will ye perish for your leader's vice? The purchase infamy, and life the price! 150 'Tis not your cause, Achilles' injur'd fame: Another's is the crime, but your's the shame. Grant that our chief offend thro' rage or lust, Must you be cowards, if your king's unjust?

Prevent

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	9
Prevent this evil, and your country save:	155
Small thought retrieves the spirits of the brave.	1
Think, and subdue! on dastards dead to fame	
I waste no anger, for they feel no shame:	
But you, the pride, the flow'r of all our host,	
My heart weeps blood to see your glory lost!	160
Nor deem this day, this battle, all you lose;	
A day more black, a fate more vile, ensues.	
Let each reflect, who prizes fame or breath,	
On endless infamy, on instant death.	
For lo! the fated time, th' appointed shore:	165
Hark! the gates burst, the brazen barriers roar!	
Impetuous Hector thunders at the wall;	
The hour, the spot, to conquer, or to fall.	
These words the Grecians' fainting hearts inspi	re,
And list'ning armies catch the godlike fire.	170
Fix'd at his post was each bold Ajax found,	
With well-rang'd squadrons strongly circled round	d:
So close their order, so dispos'd their fight,	
As Pallas' self might view with fix'd delight;	1
Or had the God of War inclin'd his eyes,	175.
The God of War had own'd a just surprize.	
A chosen phalanx, firm, resolv'd as Fate,	0 4
Descending Hector and his battle wait:	701
An iron scene gleams dreadful o'er the fields,	7
Armour in armour lock'd, and shields in shields,	180
Spears lean on spears, on targets targets throng,	- P
Helms stuck to helms, and man drove man along	12
	The

į

The floating plumes unnumber'd wave above, As when an earthquake stirs the nodding grove; And levell'd at the skies with pointing rays, Their brandish'd lances at each motion blaze.

185

Thus breathing death, in terrible array,
The close-compacted legions urg'd their way:
Fierce they drove on, impatient to destroy;
Troy charg'd the first, and Hector first of Troy. 190
As from some mountain's craggy forehead torn,
A rock's round fragment flies, with fury borne,
(Which from the stubborn stone a torrent rends)
Precipitate the pond'rous mass descends:
From steep to steep the rolling ruin bounds;
At ev'ry shock the crackling wood resounds;
Still gath'ring force, it smokes; and, urg'd amain,
Whirls, leaps, and thunders down, impetuous to the plain:

There stops—So Hector. Their whole force he prov'd, Resistless when he rag'd, and when he stopt, unmov'd.

On him the war is bent, the darts are shed, 201
And all their falchions wave around his head:
Repuls'd he stands, nor from his stand retires;
But with repeated shouts his army fires.
Trojans! be firm; this arm shall make your way 205
Thro' yon' square body, and that black array:
Stand, and my spear shall rout their scatt'ring pow'r,
Strong as they seem, embattled like a tow'r.

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	11
For he that Juno's heav'nly bosom warms,	
The first of Gods, this day inspires our arms.	210
He said, and rous'd the soul in ev'ry breast;	
Urg'd with desire of fame, beyond the rest,	
Forth march'd Deiphobus; but marching, held	
Before his wary steps, his ample shield.	
Bold Merion aim'd a stroke (nor aim'd it wide)	215
The glitt'ring jav'lin pierc'd the tough bull-hide	;
But pierc'd not thro': unfaithful to his hand,	
The point broke short, and sparkled in the sand.	
The Trojan warriour touch'd with timely fear,	,
On the rais'd orb to distance bore the spear:	220
The Greek retreating mourn'd his frustrate blow,	
And curs'd the treach'rous lance that spar'd a foe	;
Then to the ships with surly speed he went,	
To seek a surer jav'lin in his tent.	
Meanwhile with rising rage the battle glows,	225
The tumult thickens, and the clamour grows.	
By Teucer's arm the war-like Imbrius bleeds,	
The son of Mentor rich in gen'rous steeds.	
Ere yet to Troy the sons of Greece were led,	
In fair Pedæus' verdant pastures bred,	230
The youth had dwelt; remote from war's alarms,	
And bless'd in bright Medesicaste's arms:	
This nymph, the fruit of Priam's ravish'd joy,	· L
Ally'd the warriour to the house of Troy.)	· · ·
Γο Troy, when glory call'd his arms, he came,	235
And match'd the bravest of her chiefs in fame:	YT* #
	Vith

With Priam's sons, a guardian of the throne, He liv'd, belov'd and honour'd as his own. Him Teucer pierc'd between the throat and ear: He groans beneath the Telamonian spear. As from some far-seen mountain's airy crown, Subdu'd by steel, a tall ash tumbles down, And soils its verdant tresses on the ground: So falls the youth; his arms the fall resound. Then Teucer rushing to despoil the dead, From Hector's hand a shining, jav'lin fled: He saw, and shun'd the death; the forceful dart Sung on, and pierc'd Amphimacus's heart, Cteatus' son, of Neptune's forceful line! Vain was his courage, and his race divine! Prostrate he falls; his clanging arms resound, And his broad buckler thunders on the ground. To seize his beamy helm the victor flies, And just had fasten'd on the dazling prize, When Ajax' manly arm a jav'lin flung; Full on the shield's round boss the weapon rung; 11 He felt the shock, nor more was doom'd to feel, Secure in mail, and sheath'd in shining steel. Repuls'd he yields; the victor Greeks lobtain The spoils contested, and bear off the slain. Between the leaders of th' Athenian line, (Stichius the brave, Menestheus the divine,) Deplor'd Amphimacus, sad object! lies; Imbrius remains the fierce Ajaces' prize.

As two grim lions bear across the lawn, 265
Snatch'd from devouring hounds, a slaughter'd fawn,
In their fell jaws high-lifting thro' the wood,
And sprinkling all the shrubs with drops of blood;
So these the chief: great Ajax from the dead
Strips his bright arms, Oïleus lops his head: 270
Toss'd like a ball, and whirl'd in air away,
At Hector's feet the gory visage lay.

The God of Ocean, fir'd with stern disdain, And pierc'd with sorrow for his * grandson slain, Inspires the Grecian hearts, confirms their hands, 275 And breathes destruction on the Trojan bands. Swift as a whirlwind rushing to the fleet. He finds the lance-fam'd Idomen of Crete: His pensive brow the gen'rous care exprest With which a wounded soldier touch'd his breast, 280 Whom in the chance of war a jav'lin tore, And his sad comrades from the battle bore: Him to the surgeons of the camp he sent; That office paid, he issu'd from his tent, Fierce for the fight; to whom the God begun, In Thoas' voice, Andræmon's valiant son, Who rul'd where Calydon's white rocks arise. And Pleuron's chalky cliffs emblaze the skies.

Where's now th' imperious vaunt, the daring boast, Of Greece victorious, and proud Ilion lost? 290

^{*} Amphimacus.

To whom the king. On Greece no blame be thrown, Arms are her trade, and war is all her own.

Her hardy heroes from the well-fought plains

Nor fear with-holds, nor shameful sloth detains.

'Tis Heav'n, alas! and Jove's all-pow'rful doom,

That far, far distant from our native home 296

Wills us to fall, inglorious! Oh my friend!

Once foremost in the fight, still prone to lend

Or arms, or counsels; now perform thy best,

And what thou can'st not singly, urge the rest.

Thus he; and thus the God, whose force can make The solid globe's eternal basis shake.

Ah! never may he see his native land,
But feed the vultures on this hateful strand,
Who seeks ignobly in his ships to stay,
305
Nor dares to combat on this signal day!
For this, behold! in horrid arms I shine,
And urge thy soul to rival acts with mine:
Together let us battle on the plain;
Two, not the worst; nor ev'n this succour vain: 310
Not vain the weakest, if their force unite;
But ours, the bravest have confess'd in fight.

This said, he rushes where the combat burns:
Swift to his tent the Cretan king returns.
From thence, two jav'lins glitt'ring in his hand, 315
And clad in arms that lighten'd all the strand,
Fierce on the foe th' impetuous hero drove;
Like light'ning bursting from the arm of Jove,

Which

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	15
Which to pale man the wrath of heav'n declares,	
Or terrifies th' offending world with wars;	320
In streamy sparkles, kindling all the skies,	
From pole to pole the trail of glory flies.	
Thus his bright armour o'er the dazled throng	
Gleam'd dreadful, as the monarch flash'd along.	
Him, near his tent, Meriones attends;	325
Whom thus he questions: Ever best of friends!	
O say, in ev'ry art of battle skill'd,	
What holds thy courage from so brave a field?	
On some important message art thou bound,	
Or bleeds my friend by some unhappy wound?	330
nglorious here, my soul abhors to stay,	
And glows with prospects of th' approaching day	•
O Prince! (Meriones replies) whose care	
Leads forth th' embattled sons of Crete to war;	
This speaks my grief; this headless lance I wiel	d;
The rest lies rooted in a Trojan shield.	336
To whom the Cretan: Enter, and receive	
The wanted weapons; those my tent can give;	
Spears I have store, (and Trojan lances all)	
That shed a lustre round th' illumin'd wall.	340
Tho' I, disdainful of the distant war,	
Nor trust the dart, nor aim the uncertain spear,	
fet hand to hand I fight, and spoil the slain;	
And thence these trophies, and these arms I gain	
inter, and see on heaps the helmets roll'd,	345
And high-hung spears, and shields that flame with	gold.
· c 2	Nor

Nor vain (said Merion) are our martial toils;
We too can boast of no ignoble spoils.
But those my ship contains; whence distant far,
I fight conspicuous in the van of war.

What need I more? If any Greek there be
Who knows not Merion, I appeal to thee.

To this, Idomeneus. The fields of fight Have prov'd thy valour, and unconquer'd might; And were some ambush for the foes design'd, 355 Ev'n there, thy courage would not lag behind. In that sharp service, singled from the rest, The fear of each, or valour, stands confest. No force, no firmness, the pale coward shows; He shifts his place; his colour comes and goes; 360 A dropping sweat creeps cold on ev'ry part; Against his bosom beats his quiv'ring heart; Terrour and death in his wild eye balls stare; With chatt'ring teeth he stands, and stiff'ning hair, And looks a bloodless image of despair! Not so the brave-still dauntless, still the same, Unchang'd his colour, and unmov'd his frame; Compos'd his thought, determin'd is his eye, And fix'd his soul, to conquer or to die: If aught disturb the tenour of his breast, 'Tis but the wish to strike before the rest.

In such assays thy blameless worth is known, And ev'ry art of dang'rous war thy own.

BOOK NHI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	17
By chance of fight whatever wounds you bore,	
Those wounds were glorious all, and all before;	375
Such as may teach, 'twas still thy brave delight	
T' oppose thy bosom where the foremost fight.	
But why, like infants, cold to honour's charms,	
Stand we to talk, when Glory calls to arms?	
Go-from my conquer'd spears, the choicest take	e,
And to their owners send them nobly back.	381
Swift as the word bold Merion snatch'd a spear,	
And breathing slaughter follow'd to the war.	
So Mars armipotent invades the plain,	
(The wide destroyer of the race of man)	. 385
Terrour, his best lov'd son, attends his course,	
Arm'd with stern boldness, and enormous force;	
The pride of haughty warriours to confound,	
And lay the strength of tyrants on the ground:	
From Thrace they fly, call'd to the dire alarms	390
Of warring Phlegyans, and Ephyrian arms;	
Invok'd by both, relentless they dispose	
To these glad conquest, murd'rous rout to those.	
So march'd the leaders of the Cretan train,	
And their bright arms shot horrour o'er the plain.	395
Then first spake Merion: shall we join the ri	ght,
Or combat in the center of the fight?	1 100
Or to the left our wanted succour lend?	,
Hazard and fame all parts alike attend.	
Not in the center, (Idomen reply'd)	400
Our ablest chieftains the main battle guide;	
c 3	Each

Each god-like Ajax makes that post his care, And gallant Teucer deals destruction there; Skill'd or with shafts to gall the distant field, Or bear close battle on the sounding shield. 405 These can the rage of haughty Hector tame: Safe in their arms, the navy fears no flame; 'Till Jove himself descends, his bolts to shed, And hurl the blazing ruin at our head. Great must he be, of more than human birth, 410 Nor feed like mortals on the fruits of earth. Him neither rocks can crush, nor steel can wound. Whom Ajax fells not on th' ensanguin'd ground. In standing fight he mates Achilles' force, Excell'd alone in swiftness in the course. 415 Then to the left our ready arms apply, And live with glory, or with glory die. He said; and Merion to th' appointed place, Fierce as the God of battles, urg'd his pace. Soon as the foe the shining chiefs beheld 420 Rush like a fiery torrent o'er the field,

Fierce as the God of battles, urg'd his pace.

Soon as the foe the shining chiefs beheld

Rush like a fiery torrent o'er the field,

Their force embody'd, in a tide they pour;

The rising combat sounds along the shore.

As warring winds, in Sirius' sultry reign,

From diff'rent quarters sweep the sandy plain;

On ev'ry side the dusty whirlwinds rise,

And the dry fields are lifted to the skies;

Thus by despair, hope, rage, together driv'n,

Met the black hosts, and meeting, darken'd heav'n.

All

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	19
All dreadful glar'd the iron face of war,	430
Bristled with upright spears that flash'd afar;	
Dire was the gleam, of breast-plates, helms and shi	elds,
And polish'd arms emblaz'd the flaming fields:	
Tremendous scene! that gen'ral horrour gave,	
But touch'd with joy the bosoms of the brave.	435
Saturn's great sons in fierce contention vy'd,	
And crouds of heroes in their anger dy'd.	
The sire of earth and heav'n, by Thetis won	
To crown with glory Peleus' god-like son,	
Will'd not destruction to the Grecian pow'rs,	440
But spar'd a while the destin'd Trojan tow'rs:	
While Neptune rising from his azure main,)
Warr'd on the king of heav'n with stern disdain,	>
And breath'd revenge, and fir'd the Grecian train,	,
Gods of one source, of one etherial race,	445
Alike divine, and heav'n their native place;	
But Jove the greater; first-born of the skies,	
And more than men, or Gods, supremely wise.	
For this, of Jove's superiour might afraid,	
Neptune in human form conceal'd his aid.	450
These pow'rs infold the Greek and Trojan train	
In War and Discord's adamantine chain,	
Indissolubly strong; the fatal tye	
s stretch'd on both, and close-compell'd they die.	
Dreadful in arms, and grown in combats grey,	455
The bold Idomeneus controlls the day.	

This Asius view'd, unable to contain, Before his chariot warring on the plain;

He spoke, and dragg'd the gory corse away.

(His

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	21
(His crouded coursers, to his squire consign'd,	485
Impatient panted on his neck behind)	
To vengeance rising with a sudden spring,	
He hop'd the conquest of the Cretan king.	
The wary Cretan, as his foe drew near,	
Full on his throat discharg'd the forceful spear,	490
Beneath the chin the point was seen to glide,	
And glitter'd, extant at the farther side.	
As when the mountain-oak, or poplar tall,	0
Or pine, fit mast for some great admiral,	
Groans to the oft-heav'd ax, with many a wound,	495
Then spreads a length of ruin o'er the ground:	2.7
So sunk proud Asius in that dreadful day,	- 6
And stretch'd before his much-lov'd coursers lay.	. 4
He grinds the dust distain'd with streaming gore,	3 f 2
And, fierce in death, lies foaming on the shore.	500
Depriv'd of motion, stiff with stupid fear,	
Stands all aghast his trembling charioteer,	
Nor shuns the foe, nor turns the steeds away,	
But falls transfix'd, an unresisting prey:	
Pierc'd by Antilochus, he pants beneath	503
The stately car, and labours out his breath.	
Thus Asius' steeds (their mighty master gone)	
Remain the prize of Nestor's youthful son.	
Stabb'd at the sight, Deiphobus drew nigh,	
And made, with force, the vengeful weapon fly.	510
The Cretan saw; and stooping, caus'd to glance	
From his slope shield the disappointed lance.	- "
Ber	eath

Beneath the spacious targe, (a blazing round, Thick with bull-hides and brazen orbits bound, On his rais'd arm by two strong braces stay'd) 515 He lay collected in defensive shade. O'er his safe head the jav'lin idly sung, And on the tinkling verge more faintly rung. Ev'n then, the spear the vig'rous arm confest, And pierc'd, obliquely, king Hypsenor's breast 520 Warm'd in his liver, to the ground it bore The chief, his people's guardian now no more!

Not unattended (the proud Trojan cries) Nor unreveng'd, lamented Asius lies: For thee, the hell's black portals stand display'd, 525

This mate shall joy thy melancholy shade.

Heart-piercing anguish, at the haughty boast, Touch'd ev'ry Greek, but Nestor's son the most. Griev'd as he was, his pious arms attend, And his broad buckler shields his slaughter'd friend; 'Till sad Mecistheus and Alastor bore His honour'd body to the tented shore.

Nor yet from fight Idomeneus withdraws; Resolv'd to perish in his country's cause, Or find some foe, whom heav'n and he shall doom 535 To wail his fate in death's eternal gloom. He sees Alcathous in the front aspire: Great Æsyetes was the hero's sire; His spouse Hippodamé, divinely fair, Anchises' eldest hope, and darling care;

540 Who BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

23

Who charm'd her parent's and her husband's heart, With beauty, sense, and ev'ry work of art: He once, of Ilion's youth, the loveliest boy, The fairest she, of all the fair of Troy. By Neptune now the hapless hero dies, 545 Who covers with a cloud those beauteous eves, And fetters every limb: yet bent to meet His fate he stands; nor shans the lance of Crete. Fixt as some column; or deep-rooted oak, (While the winds sleep) his breast receiv'd the stroke. Before the pond'rous stroke his corselet yields, 551 Long us'd to ward the death in fighting fields. The riven armour sends a jarring sound: His lab'ring heart heaves with so strong a bound The long lance shakes, and vibrates in the wound: Fast-flowing from its source, as prone he lay, 556 Life's purple tide impetuous gush'd away.

Then Idomen, insulting o'er the slain:
Behold Deïphobus! nor vaunt in vain.
See! on one Greek three Trojan ghosts attend, 560
This, my third victim, to the shades I send.
Approaching now, thy boasted might approve,
And try the prowess of the seed of Jove.
From Jove, enamour'd on a mortal dame,
Great Minos, guardian of his country came: 565
Deucalion, blameless prince! was Minos' heir;
His first-born I, the third from Jupiter:

O'er

585

O'er spacious Crete, and her bold sons I reign,
And thence my ships transport me thro' the main:
Lord of a host, o'er all my host I shine,
A scourge to thee, thy father, and thy line.
The Troign heard: uncertain, or to meet

The Trojan heard; uncertain, or to meet Alone, with vent'rous arms, the king of Crete; Or seek auxiliar force: at length decreed To call some hero to partake the deed, 575 Forthwith Æneas rises to his thought: For him, in Troy's remotest lines he sought; Where he, incens'd at partial Priam, stands, And sees superiour posts in meaner hands. To him, ambitious of so great an aid, 580 The bold Deïphobus approach'd, and said:

Now, Trojan prince, employ thy pious arms, If e'er thy bosom felt fair Honour's charms. Alcathous dies, thy brother and thy friend! Come, and the warriour's lov'd remains defend. Beneath his cares thy early youth was train'd, One table fed you, and one roof contain'd. This deed to fierce Idomeneus we owe; Haste, and revenge it on th' insulting foe.

Eneas heard, and for a space resign'd 590 To tender pity all his manly mind; Then rising in his rage, he burns to fight: The Greek awaits him, with collected might. As the fell boar on some rough mountain's head, Arm'd with wild terrours, and to slaughter bred, 595 When

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	25
When the loud rusticks rise, and shout from far,	
Attends the tumult, and expects the war;	` -
O'er his bent back the bristly horrours rise,	
Fires stream in light'ning from his sanguine eyes,	
His foaming tusks both dogs and men engage,	600
But most his hunters rouse his mighty rage:	
So stood Idomeneus, his jav'lin shook,	
And met the Trojan with a low'ring look.	
Antilochus, Deïpyrus were near,	
The youthful offspring of the God of war,	605
Merion, and Aphareus, in field renown'd:	
To these the warriour sent his voice around.	
Fellows in arms! your timely aid unite;	
Lo, great Æneas rushes to the fight:	
Sprung from a God, and more than mortal bold;	610
He fresh in youth, and I in arms grown old.	
Else should this hand, this hour, decide the strife	9
The great dispute, of glory, or of life.	
He spoke, and all as with one soul obey'd;	
Their lifted bucklers cast a dreadful shade	615
Around the chief. Æneas too demands	
Th' assisting forces of his native bands:	
Paris, Deiphobus, Agenor join;	150
(Co-aids and captains of the Trojan line)	
In order follow all th' embody'd train;	620
Like Ida's flocks proceeding o'er the plain;	
Before his fleecy care, erect and bold,	
Stalks the proud ram, the father of the fold:	
vol., II. D'	With

With joy the swain surveys them, as he leads
To the cool fountains, thro' the well-known meads,
So joys Æneas, as his native band,
626
Moves on in rank, and stretches o'er the land.

Round dead Alcathous now the battle rose: On ev'ry side the steely circle grows: Now batter'd breast-plates and hack'd helmets ring, And o'er their heads unheeded javelins sing. 631 Above the rest, two tow'ring chiefs appear, There great Idomeneus, Æneas here. Like Gods of war, dispensing fate, they stood, And burn'd to drench the ground with mutual blood. The Trojan weapon whizz'd along in air, 636 The Cretan saw, and shun'd the brazen spear: Sent from an arm so strong, the missive wood Stuck deep in earth, and quiver'd where it stood. But Oenomas receiv'd the Cretan's stroke, 640 The forceful spear his hollow corselet broke, It ripp'd his belly with a ghastly wound, And roll'd the smoking entrails to the ground. Stretch'd on the plain, he sobs away his breath, 645 And furious, grasps the bloody dust in death. The victor from his breast the weapon tears; His spoils he could not, for the show'r of spears. Tho' now unfit an active war to wage, Heavy with cumb'rous arms, stiff with cold age, 650 His listless limbs unable for the course; In standing fight he yet maintains his force: 'Till

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	27
'Till faint with labour, and by foes repell'd,	
His tir'd, slow steps, he drags from off the field.	
Deïphobus beheld him as he past,	
And, fir'd with hate, a parting javelin cast:	655
The javelin err'd, but held its course along,	
And pierc'd Ascalaphus, the brave and young:	١
The son of Mars fell gasping on the ground,	
And gnash'd the dust all bloody with his wound.	
Nor knew the furious father of his fall,	660
High-thron'd amidst the great Olympian hall,	
On golden clouds th' immortal synod sat;	
Detain'd from bloody war by Jove and Fate.	
Now, where in dust the breathless hero lay,	
For slain Ascalaphus commenc'd the fray.	665
Deïphobus to seize his helmet flies,	
And from his temples rends the glitt'ring prize;	
Valiant as Mars, Meriones drew near,	
And on his loaded arm discharg'd his spear:	
He drops the weight, disabled with the pain;	670
The hollow helmet rings against the plain.	
Swift as a vulture leaping on his prey,	
From his torn arm the Grecian rent away	
The reeking javelin, and rejoin'd his friends.	
His wounded brother good Polites tends;	675
Around his waist his pious arms he threw,	
And from the rage of combat gently drew:	
Him his swift coursers, on his splendid car	
Rapt from the less'ning thunder of the war;	679
p 2	To

To Troy they drove him, groaning from the shore, And sprinkling, as he past, the sands with gore.

Meanwhile fresh slaughter bathes the sanguine ground,

Heaps fall on heaps, and heav'n and earth resound. Bold Aphareus by great Æneas bled; As tow'rd the chief he turn'd his daring head, 685 He pierc'd his throat; the bending head, deprest Beneath his helmet, nods upon his breast; His shield revers'd o'er the fall'n warriour lies; And everlasting slumber seals his eyes. Antilochus, as Thoön turn'd him round, 690 Transpierc'd his back with a dishonest wound: The hollow vein that to the neck extends Along the chine, his eager javelin rends: Supine he falls, and to his social train Spreads his imploring arms, but spreads in vain. 695 Th' exulting victor, leaping where he lay, From his broad shoulders tore the spoils away; His time observ'd; for clos'd by foes around, On all sides thick, the peals of arms resound. His shield emboss'd, the ringing storm sustains, 700 But he impervious and untouch'd remains. (Great Neptune's care preserv'd from hostile rage This youth, the joy of Nestor's glorious age) In arms intrepid, with the first he fought, Fac'd ev'ry foe, and ev'ry danger sought; 705

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD. 29
His winged lance, resistless as the wind,
Obeys each motion of the master's mind,
Restless it flies, impatient to be free,
And meditates the distant enemy.
The son of Asius, Adamas drew near, 710
And struck his target with the brazen spear,
Fierce in his front: but Neptune wards the blow,
And blunts the javelin of th' eluded foe.
In the broad buckler half the weapon stood;
Splinter'd on earth flew half the broken wood. 715
Disarm'd, he mingled in the Trojan crew;
But Merion's spear o'ertook him as he flew,
Deep in the belly's rim an entrance found,
Where sharp the pang, and mortal is the wound.
Bending he fell, and doubled to the ground, 720)
Lay panting. Thus an ox, in fetters ty'd,
While death's strong pangs distend his lab'ring side,
His bulk enormous on the field displays;
His heaving heart beats thick, as ebbing life decays.
The spear, the conqu'ror from his body drew, 725
And death's dim shadows swam before his view.
Next brave Deïpyrus in dust was laid.:
King Helenus wav'd high the Thracian blade,
And smote his temples with an arm so strong,
The helm fell off, and roll'd amid the throng: 730
There, for some luckier Greek it rests a prize;
For dark in death the god-like owner lies!

With raging grief great Menelaus burns,
And fraught with vengeance to the victor turns;
That shook the pond'rous lance, in act to throw; 735
And this stood adverse with the bended bow:
Full on his breast the Trojan arrow fell,
But harmless bounded from the plated steel.
As on some ample barn's well-harden'd floor,
(The winds collected at each open door)
740
While the broad fan with force is whirl'd around,
Light leaps the golden grain, resulting from the
ground:

So from the steel that guards Atrides' heart,
Repell'd to distance flies the bounding dart.
Atrides, watchful of th' unwary foe,
Pierc'd with his lance the hand that grasp'd the bow,
And nail'd it to the eugh: the wounded hand
Trail'd the long lance that mark'd with blood the sand:
But good Agenor gently from the wound
The spear solicits, and the bandage bound;
A sling's soft wool, snatch'd from a soldier's side,
At once the tent and ligature supply'd.

Behold! Pisander, urg'd by fate's decree,
Springs thro' the ranks to fall, and fall by thee,
Great Menelaüs! To enhance thy fame;
Tigh-tow'ring in the front the warriour came.
First the sharp lance was by Atrides thrown;
The lance far distant by the winds was blown.

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	31
Nor pierc'd Pisander thro' Atrides' shield;	
Pisander's spear fell shiver'd on the field.	760
Not so discourag'd, to the future blind,	
Vain dreams of conquest swell his haughty mind	;
Dauntless he rushes where the Spartan lord	
Like light'ning brandish'd his far-beaming sword.	
His left arm high oppos'd the shining shield:	765
His right, beneath, the cover'd pole-ax held;	
(An olive's cloudy grain the handle made,	
Distinct with studs; and brazen was the blade)	
This on the helm discharg'd a noble blow;	
The plume dropp'd nodding to the plain below,	770
Shorn from the crest. Atrides wav'd his steel:	
Deep thro' his front the weighty falchion fell:	
The crashing bones before its force gave way;	4
In dust and blood the groaning hero lay;	
Forc'd from their ghastly orbs, and spouting gore,	775
The clotted eye-balls tumble on the shore.	
The fierce Atrides spurn'd him as he bled,	
Tore off his arms, and, loud-exulting, said.	
Thus, Trojans, thus, at length be taught to fea	ır:
O race perfidious, who delight in war!	780
Already noble deeds ye have perform'd,	
A princess rap'd transcends a navy storm'd:	
In such bold feats your impious might approve,	
Without th' assistance, or the fear of Jove.	
The violated rites, the ravish'd dame,	785
Our heroes slaughter'd, and our ships on flame,	
Cr	mee

Crimes heap'd on crimes, shall bend your glory down, And whelm in ruins yon' flagitious town. O thou, great Father! Lord of earth and skies, Above the thought of man, supremely wise! 790 If from thy hand the fates of mortals flow, From whence this favour to an impious foe? A godless crew, abandon'd and unjust, Still breathing rapine, violence, and lust? The best of things, beyond their measure, cloy: 795 Sleep's balmy blessing, Love's endearing joy; The feast, the dance; whate'er mankind desire, Ev'n the sweet charms of sacred numbers tire. But Troy for ever reaps a dire delight In thirst of slaughter, and in lust of fight. 800 This said, he seiz'd (while yet the carcase heav'd) The bloody armour, which his train receiv'd: Then sudden mix'd among the warring crew, And the bold son of Pylæmenes slew. Harpalion had thro' Asia travell'd far, 805 Following his martial father to the war: Thro' filial love he left his native shore, Never, ah never, to behold it more! His unsuccessful spear he chanc'd to fling Against the target of the Spartan king; 810 Thus of his lance disarm'd, from death he flies, And turns around his apprehensive eyes. Him, thro' the hip transpiercing as he fled, The shaft of Merion mingled with the dead.

Beneath

THE SETTING OF THE TAX	
BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	33
Beneath the bone the glancing point descends,	815
And driving down, the swelling bladder rends:	
Sunk in his sad companions' arms he lay,	
And in short pantings sobb'd his soul away;	
(Like some vile worm extended on the ground)	
While life's red torrent gush'd from out the wou	nd.
Him on his car the Paphlagonian train	821
In slow procession bore from off the plain.	
The pensive father, father now no more!	1
Attends the mournful pomp along the shore,	
And unavailing tears profusely shed,	825
And unrevenged, deplored his offspring dead.	
Paris from far the moving sight beheld,	
With pity soften'd, and with fury swell'd:	
His honour'd host, a youth of matchless grace,	
And lov'd of all the Paphlagonian race!	830
With his full strength he bent his angry bow,	
And wing'd the feather'd vengeance at the foe.	
A chief there was, the brave Euchenor nam'd,	
For riches much, and more for virtue fam'd,	
Who held his seat in Corinth's stately town;	835
Polydus' son, a seer of old renown.	
Oft' had the father told his early doom,	
By arms abroad, or slow disease at home:	
He climb'd his vessel, prodigal of breath,	
And chose the certain, glorious path to death.	840
Beneath his ear the pointed arrow went;	
The soul came issuing at the parrow vent:	
	His

His limbs, unnerv'd, drop uscless on the ground, And everlasting darkness shades him round.

Nor knew great Hector how his legions yield, 845 (Wrapt in the cloud and tumult of the field) Wide on the left the force of Greece commands, And Conquest hovers o'er th' Achaian bands: With such a tide superiour virtue sway'd, And * he that shakes the solid earth, gave aid. 850 But in the centre Hector fix'd remain'd. Where first the gates were forc'd, and bulwarks gain'd; There, on the margin of the hoary deep, (Their naval station where th' Ajaces keep, And where low walls confine the beating tides, 855 Whose humble barrier scarce the foes divides: Where late in fight, both foot and horse engag'd, And all the thunder of the battle rag'd) There join'd, the whole Bœotian strength remains, The proud Ionians with their sweeping trains, Locrians and Pthians, and th' Epæan force; But join'd, repel not Hector's fiery course. The flow'r of Athens, Stichius, Phidas led; Bias, and great Menestheus at their head. Meges the strong th' Epeian bands controll'd, 865 And Dracius prudent, and Amphion bold; The Pthians Medon, fam'd for martial might, And brave Podarces, active in the fight.

BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	35
This drew from Phylacus his noble line;	
Iphiclus' son: and that (Oïleus) thine:	870
(Young Ajax' brother, by a stol'n embrace;	
He dwelt far distant from his native place,	
By his fierce stepdame from his father's reign	
Expell'd and exil'd for her brother slain.)	
These rule the Pthians, and their arms employ	875
Mix with Bœotians, on the shores of Troy.	
Now side by side, with like unweary'd care,	
Each Ajax labour'd thro' the field of war:	
So when two lordly bulls, with equal toil,	
Force the bright ploughshare thro' the fallow soil,	880
Join'd to one yoke, the stubborn earth they tear,	
And trace large furrows with the shining share;	
O'er their huge limbs the foam descends in snow,	
And streams of sweat down their sour foreheads flo	w.
A train of heroes follow'd thro' the field,	885
Who bore by turns great Ajax' sev'nfold shield;	
Whene'er he breath'd, remissive of his might,	
Tir'd with th' incessant slaughters of the fight.	
No following troops his brave associate grace:	
In close engagement an unpractis'd race,	890
The Locrian squadrons nor the jav'lin wield,	
Nor bear the helm, nor lift the moony shield;	
But skill'd from far the flying shaft to wing,	
Or whirl the sounding pebble from the sling,	
Dext'rous with these they aim a certain wound,	895
Or fell the distant warriour to the ground.	

Thus

Thus in the van, the Telamonian train
Throng'd in bright arms, a pressing fight maintain;
Far in the rear the Locrian archers lie,
Whose stones and arrows intercept the sky,
The mingled tempest on the foes they pour;
Troy's scatt'ring orders open to the show'r.

Now had the Greeks eternal fame acquir'd,
And the gall'd Ilians to their walls retir'd;
But sage Polydamas, discreetly brave,
Addrest great Hector, and this counsel gave.

Tho' great in all, thou seem'st averse to lend Impartial audience to a faithful friend; To Gods and men thy matchless worth is known, And ev'ry art of glorious war thy own; 910 But in cool thought and counsel to excel, How widely differs this from warring well? Content with what the bounteous gods have giv'n, Seek not alone t' engross the gifts of heav'n. To some the pow'rs of bloody war belong, 915 To some, sweet musick, and the charm of song; To few, and wond'rous few, has Jove assign'd A wise, extensive, all-consid'ring mind; Their guardians these, the nations round confess, And towns and empires for their safety bless. 920 If heav'n have lodg'd this virtue in my breast, Attend, O Hector, what I judge the best. See, as thou mov'st, on dangers dangers spread, And War's whole fury burns around thy head.

Rehold!

** O 3 # ** D - O * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD	37
Behold! distress'd within yon' hostile wall,	925
How many Trojans yield, disperse, or fall?	
What troops, out-number'd, scarce the war maint	ain?
And what brave heroes at the ships lie slain?	
Here cease thy fury; and the chiefs and kings	
Convok'd to council, weigh the sum of things	930
Whether (the Gods succeeding our desires)	
To yon' tall ships to bear the Trojan fires;	
Or quit the fleet, and pass unhurt away,	
Contented with the conquest of the day.	
I fear, I fear, lest Greece, not yet undone,	935
Pay the large debt of last revolving sun;	
Achilles, great Achilles, yet remains	
On yonder decks, and yet o'erlooks the plains!	
The counsel pleas'd; and Hector, with a bound	
Leap'd from his chariot on the trembling ground;	
Swift as he leap'd, his clanging arms resound. 92	11)
To guard this post (he cry'd) thy art employ,	
And here detain the scatter'd youth of Troy;	
Where yonder heroes faint, I bend my way,	
And hasten back to end the doubtful day.	945
This said; the tow'ring chief, prepar'd to go,	7
Shakes his white plumes that to the breezes flow,	5
And seems a moving mountain topt with snow.)
Thro' all his host, inspiring force, he flies,	
And bids anew the martial thunder rise.	950
To Panthus' son, at Hector's high command,	
Haste the bold leaders of the Trojan band:	
VOL.II. ~ E	But

But round the battlements, and round the plain, For many a chief he look'd, but look'd in vain; Deiphobus, nor Helenus the seer, 955 Nor Asius' son, nor Asius' self appear. For these were pierc'd with many a ghastly wound, Some cold in death, some groaning on the ground; Some low in dust (a mournful object) lay; High on the wall some breath'd their souls away. 960

Far on the left, amid the throng he found (Cheering the troops, and dealing deaths around) The graceful Paris; whom, with fury mov'd, Opprobrious, thus, th' impatient chief reprov'd. Ill-fated Paris! slave to womankind,

965 As smooth of face as fraudulent of mind! Where is Deiphobus, where Asius gone? The gold-like father, and th' intrepid son? The force of Helenus, dispensing fate; And great Othryoneus, so fear'd of late? Black fate hangs o'er thee from th' avenging gods, Imperial Troy from her foundations nods; Whelm'd in thy country's ruin shalt thou fall, And one devouring vengeance swallow all.

When Paris thus: My brother and my friend, 975 Thy warm impatience makes thy tongue offend. In other battles I deserv'd thy blame, Tho' then not deedless, nor unknown to fame: But since yon' rampart by thy arms lay low, I scatter'd slaughter from my fatal bow.

980 The

BOOK NIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	39
The chiefs you seek on yonder shore lie slain;	
Of all those heroes two alone remain;	
Deiphobus, and Helenus the seer:	
Each now disabled by a hostile spear.	
Go then, successful, where thy soul inspires:	985
This heart and hand shall second all thy fires:	
What with this arm I can, prepare to know,	
"Till death for death be paid, and blow for blow.	. [
But 'tis not ours, with forces not our own	
To combat; strength is of the gods alone.	990
These words the hero's angry mind assuage:	
Then fierce they mingle where the thickest rage.	
Around Polydamas, distain'd with blood,	
Cebrion, Phalces, stern Orthæus stood,	
Palmus, with Polypætes the divine,	995
And two bold brothers of Hippotion's line:	
(Who reach'd fair Ilion, from Ascania far,	
The former day; the next engag'd in war.)	
As when from gloomy clouds a whirlwind springs	
That bears Jove's thunder on its dreadful wings,	1000
Wide o'er the blasted fields the tempest sweeps;	
Then, gather'd, settles on the hoary deeps;	
Th' afflicted deeps tumultuous mix and roar;	.)
The waves behind impel the waves before,	(
Wide rolling, foaming high, and tumbling to the	he (
shore:	5)
Thus rank on rank the thick battalions throng,	1

Far

Far o'er the plains in dreadful order bright,
The brazen arms reflect a beamy light:
Full in the blazing van great Hector shin'd,
Like Mars commission'd to confound mankind.
Before him flaming, his enormous shield
Like the broad sun, illumin'd all the field:
His nodding helm emits a streamy ray;
His piercing eyes thro' all the battle stray,
And, while beneath his targe he flash'd along,
Shot terrors round, that wither'd ev'n the strong.

Thus stalk'd he, dreadful; Death was in his look; Whole nations fear'd: but not an Argive shook. The tow'ring Ajax, with an ample stride 1020 Advanc'd the first, and thus the chief defy'd.

Hector! come on, thy empty threats forbear: 'Tis not thy arm, 'tis thund'ring Jove we fear: The skill of war to us not idly giv'n, 1024 Lo! Greece is humbled, not by Troy, but Heav'n. Vain are the hopes that haughty mind imparts, To force our fleet; the Greeks have hands and hearts. Long ere in flames our lofty navy fall, Your boasted city, and your god-built wall Shall sink beneath us, smoking on the gound; 1030 And spread a long, unmeasur'd ruin round. The time shall come, when chas'd along the plain, Ev'n thou shalt call on Jove, and call in vain; Ev'n thou shalt wish, to aid thy desp'rate course, The wings of falcons for thy flying horse; 1035 Shalt BOOK XIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

4.1

Shalt run, forgetful of a warriour's fame, While clouds of friendly dust conceal thy shame.

As thus he spoke, behold in open view,
On sounding wings a dexter eagle flew.
To Jove's glad omen all the Grecians rise,
1040
And hail, with shouts his progress thro' the skies:
Far-echoing clamours bound from side to side;
They ceas'd; and thus the chief of Troy reply'd.

From whence this menace, this insulting strain?

Enormous boaster! doom'd to vaunt in vain. 1045

So may the Gods on Hector life bestow,
(Not that short life which mortals lead below,
But such as those of Jove's high lineage born,
The blue-ey'd Maid, or he that gilds the morn.)

As this decisive day shall end the fame 1050

Of Greece, and Argos be no more a name.

And thou, imperious! if thy madness wait
The lance of Hector, thou shalt meet thy fate:
That giant-corse, extended on the shore,
Shall largely feast the fowls with fat and gore. 1055

He said, and like a lion stalk'd along:

He said, and like a lion stalk'd along:
With shouts incessant earth and ocean rung,
Sent from his following host: the Grecian train
With answering thunders fill'd the echoing plain;
A shout, that tore heav'n's concave, and above
Shook the fix'd splendours of the throne of Jove. 1060

CARTOR STANDARD LINE, NAMED

THE

FOURTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

JUNO DECEIVES JUPITER BY THE GIRDLE OF VENUS.

Nestor sitting at the table with Machaon, is alarmed with the encreasing clamour of the war, and hastens to Agamemnon: on his way he meets that prince with Diomed and Ulysses, whom he informs of the extremity of the danger. Agamemnon proposes to make their escape by night, which Ulysses withstands; to which Diomed adds his advice, that, wounded as they were, they should go forth and encourage the army with their presence; which advice is pursued. Juno seeing the partiality of Jupiter to the Trojans, forms a design to over-reach him; she sets off her charms with the utmost care, and (the more surely to enchant him) obtains the magick girdle of Venus. She then applies herself to the God of Sleep, and, with some difficulty, persuades him to seal the eyes of Jupiter; this done, she goes to mount Ida, where the God, at first sight, is ravished with her beauty; sinks in her embraces, and is laid asleep. Neptune takes advantage of his slumber, and succours the Greeks: Hector is struck to the ground with a prodigious stone by Ajax, and carried off from the battle: several actions succeed; till the Trojans much distressed, are obliged to give way: the lesser Ajax signalizes himself in a varticular manner.

THE

FOURTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

BUT nor the genial feast, nor flowing bowl, Could charm the cares of Nestor's watchful soul; His startled ears th' encreasing cries attend; Then thus impatient to his wounded friend.

What new alarm, divine Machaon, say,
What mixt events attend this mighty day?
Hark! how the shouts divide, and how they meet,
And now come full, and thicken to the fleet!
Here, with the cordial draught dispel thy care,
Let Hecamede the strength'ning bath prepare,
Refresh thy wound, and cleanse the clotted gore;
While I th' adventures of the day explore.

He said: and seizing Thrasimedes' shield, (His valiant offspring) hasten'd to the field; (That day, the son his father's buckler bore) Then snatch'd a lance, and issu'd from the door. Soon as the prospect open'd to his view, His wounded eyes the scene of sorrow knew;

Dire

15

10

Who landed first, lay highest on the shore.) Supported on their spears, they took their way,

Unfit to fight, but anxious for the day.

Nestor's

45

BOOK XIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	47
Nestor's approach alarm'd each Grecian breast,	
Whom thus the gen'ral of the host addrest.	
O grace and glory of th' Achaian name!	
What drives thee, Nestor, from the field of fame?	50
Shall then proud Hector see his boast fulfill'd,	
Our fleets in ashes, and our heroes kill'd?	
Such was his threat, ah now too soon made good,	
On many a Grecian bosom writ in blood.	
Is ev'ry heart inflam'd with equal rage	55
Against your king, nor will one chief engage?	
And have I liv'd to see with mournful eyes	
In ev'ry Greek a new Achilles rise?	
Gerenian Nestor then. So Fate has will'd;	
And all-confirming Time has Fate fulfill'd.	60
Not he that thunders from the aërial bow'r.	
Not Jove himself, upon the past has pow'r.	
The wall, our late inviolable bound,	
And best defence, lies smoking on the ground:	
Ev'n to the ships their conqu'ring arms extend,	65
And groans of slaughter'd Greeks to heav'n ascend.	•
On speedy measures then employ your thought,	
In such distress. If counsel profit ought;	,
Arms cannot much: tho' Mars our souls incite;	
These gaping wounds withhold us from the fight.	70
To him the monarch. That our army bends,	
That Troy triumphant our high fleet ascends,	
And that the rampart, late our surest trust,	

And best defence, lies smoking in the dust;

All

All this from Jove's afflictive hand we bear,
Who, far from Argos, wills our ruin here.
Past are the days when happier Greece was blest,
And all his favour, all his aid confest;
Now heav'n averse, our hands from battle ties,
And lifts the Trojan glory to the skies.

Cease we at length to waste our blood in vain,
And launch what ships lie nearest to the main;
Leave these at anchor 'till the coming night:
Then, if impetuous Troy forbear the fight,
Bring all to sea, and hoist each sail for flight.

Better from evils, well foreseen, to run,
Than perish in the danger we may shun.

Thus he. The sage Ulysses thus replies, While anger flash'd from his disdainful eyes. What shameful words (unkingly as thou art) 90 Fall from that trembling tongue, and tim'rous heart? Oh were thy sway the curse of meaner pow'rs, And thou the shame of any host but ours! A host, by Jove endu'd with martial might, And taught to conquer, or to fall in fight: 95 Advent'rous combats and bold wars to wage, Employ'd our youth, and yet employs our age. And wilt thou thus desert the Trojan plain? And have whole streams of blood been spilt in vain? In such base sentence if thou couch thy fear, 100 Speak it in whispers, lest a Greek should hear.

Lives there a man so dead to fame, who dares 'To think such meanness, or the thought declares? And comes it ev'n from him whose sov'reign sway 'The banded legions of all Greece obey? 105 Is this a gen'ral's voice, that calls to flight, While war hangs doubtful, while his soldiers fight? What more could Troy? What yet their fate denies Thou giv'st the foe; all Greece becomes their prize. No more the troops, (our hoisted sails in view, 110 Themselves abandon'd) shall the fight pursue; But thy ships flying with despair shall see; And owe destruction to a prince like thee.

Thy just reproofs (Atrides calm replies)
Like arrows pierce me, for thy words are wise. 115
Unwilling as I am to lose the host,
I force not Greece to quit this hateful coast.
Glad I submit, whoe'er, or young or old,
Aught, more conducive to our weal, unfold.

Tydides cut him short, and thus began.

Such counsel if you seek, behold the man
Who boldly gives it, and what he shall say,
Young tho' he be, disdain not to obey:
A youth, who from the mighty Tydeus springs,
May speak to councils and assembled kings.

Hear then in me the great Oenides' son,
Whose honour'd dust (his race of glory run)
Lies whelm'd in ruins of the Theban wall;
Brave in his life, and glorious in his fall.

VOL. II.

With three bold sons was gen'rous Prothous blest, 130 Who Pleuron's walls and Calydon possest; Melas and Agrius, but (who far surpast The rest in courage) Oeneus was the last. From him, my sire. From Calydon expell'd, He past to Argos, and in exile dwell'd; 135 The monarch's daughter there (so Jove ordain'd) He won, and flourish'd where Adrastus reign'd: There rich in fortune's gifts, his acres till'd, Beheld his vines their liquid harvest yield, And num'rous flocks that whiten'd all the field. 140 Such Tydeus was, the foremost once in fame! Nor lives in Greece a stranger to his name. Then, what for common good my thoughts inspire, Attend, and in the son respect the sire. Tho' sore of battle, tho' with wounds opprest, 145 Let each go forth, and animate the rest, Advance the glory which he cannot share, Tho' not partaker, witness of the war. But lest new wounds on wounds o'erpow'r us quite, Beyond the missile jav'lin's sounding flight, 150 Safe let us stand; and from the tumult far, Inspire the ranks, and rule the distant war.

He added not: the list'ning kings obey,
Slow moving on; Atrides leads the way.
The God of Ocean (to inflame their rage)
Appears a warriour furrow'd o'er with age;

155

Prest

ROOK	XIV.	H	0	M	E	R	'S	T	L	T	A	D	
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51

Prest in his own, the gen'ral's hand he took, And thus the venerable hero spoke.

Atrides, lo! with what disdainful eve Achilles sees his country's forces fly: Blind impious man! whose anger is his guide,

Who glories in unutterable pride.

So may he perish, so may Jove disclaim The wretch relentless, and o'erwhelm with shame!

But heav'n forsakes not thee: o'er yonder sands 165 Soon shalt thou view the scatter'd Trojan bands Fly diverse; while proud kings and chiefs renown'd,

Driv'n heaps on heaps, with clouds involv'd around

Of rolling dust, their winged wheels employ

To hide their ignominious heads in Troy.

He spoke, then rush'd amid the warriour crew; And sent his voice before him as he flew.

Loud, as the shout encount'ring armies yield,

When twice ten thousand shake the lab'ring field; Such was the voice, and such the thund'ring sound

Of him, whose trident rends the solid ground. Each Argive bosom beats to meet the fight,

And grisly War appears a pleasing sight.

Meantime Saturnia from Olympus' brow,

High-thron'd in gold, beheld the fields below; With joy the glorious conflict she survey'd,

Where her great brother gave the Grecians aid.

But plac'd aloft, on Ida's shady height

She sees her Jove, and trembles at the sight. F 2

160

170

180

Jove

505

Jove to deceive, what methods shall she try, 185 What arts, to blind his all-beholding eye? At length she trusts her pow'r; resolv'd to prove The old, yet still successful, cheat of love: Against his wisdom to oppose her charms, And lull the lord of Thunders in her arms. 190 Swift to her bright apartment she repairs, Sacred to dress and beauty's pleasing cares: With skill divine had Vulcan form'd the bow'r, Safe from access of each intruding pow'r. Touch'd with her secret key, the doors unfold: Self-clos'd, behind her shut the valves of gold. Here first she bathes; and round her body pours Soft oils of fragrance, and ambrosial show'rs: The winds, perfum'd, the balmy gale convey Thro' heav'n, thro' earth, and all th' aërial way: Spirit divine! whose exhalation greets 201 The sense of gods with more than mortal sweets. Thus while she breath'd of heav'n, with decent pride Her artful hands the radiant tresses tv'd; Part on her head in shining ringlets roll'd, 205 Part o'er her shoulders wav'd like melted gold. Around her next a heav'nly mantle flow'd, That rich with Pallas' labour'd colours glow'd: Large clasps of gold the foldings gather'd round, A golden zone her swelling bosom bound. Far-beaming pendants tremble in her ear, Each gem illumin'd with a triple star.

Then

•	
BOOK NIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	53
Then o'er head she casts a veil more white	
Than new-fall'n snow, and dazling as the light.	
Last her fair feet celestial sandals grace.	215
Thus issuing radiant, with majestick pace,	
Forth from the dome th' imperial Goddess moves,	
And calls the mother of the Smiles and Loves.	
How long (to Venus thus apart she cry'd)	
Shall human strife celestial minds divide?	220
Ah yet, will Venus aid Saturnia's joy,	~
And set aside the cause of Greece and Troy?	
Let heav'n's dread Empress (Cytheræa said)	
Speak her request, and deem her will obey'd.	
Then grant me (said the queen) those conqu'ring cha	rms,
That pow'r, which mortals and immortals warms,	226
That love, which melts mankind in fierce desires,	
And burns the sons of heav'n with sacred fires!	
For lo! I haste to those remote abodes,	
Where the great parents (sacred source of Gods!)	230
Ocean and Tethys their old empire keep,	
On the last limits of the land and deep.	
In their kind arms my tender years were past;	
What-time old Saturn, from Olympus cast,	
Of upper heav'n to Jove resign'd the reign,	235
Whelm'd under the huge mass of earth and main.	
For strife, I hear, has made the union cease,	
Which held so long that ancient pair in peace.	
What honour, and what love shall I obtain,	
If I compose those fatal feuds again;	240

Once more their minds in mutual ties engage, And what my youth has ow'd, repay their age? She said. With awe divine the queen of love Obey'd the sister and the wife of Jove: And from her fragrant breast the zone unbrac'd, 245 With various skill, and high embroid'ry grac'd. In this was ev'ry art and ev'ry charm, To win the wisest and the coldest warm: Fond love, the gentle vow, the gay desire, The kind deceit, the still-reviving fire, 250 Persuasive speech, and more persuasive sighs, Silence that spoke, and cloquence of eyes. This on her hand the Cyprian Goddess laid; Take this, and with it all thy wish, she said. With smiles she took the charm; and smiling prest The pow'rful Cestus to her snowy breast. 256 Then Venus to the courts of Jove withdrew; Whilst from Olympus pleas'd Saturnia flew. O'er high Pieria thence her course she bore, O'er fair Emathia's ever-pleasing shore, 260 O'er Hæmus' hills with snows eternal crown'd; Nor once her flying foot approach'd the ground. Then taking wing from Athos' lofty steep, She speeds to Lemnos o'er the rolling deep, And seeks the cave of Death's half-brother, Sleep. Sweet pleasing sleep! (Saturnia thus began)

Who spread'st thy empire o'er each God and man;

If

(The friend of earth and heav'n) her wings display'd;

Impower'd the wrath of Gods and men to tame, 295 Ev'n Jove rever'd the venerable dame.

Vain are thy fears (the queen of heav'n replies,
And speaking, rolls her large majestick eyes)
Think'st thou that Troy has Jove's high favour won,
Like great Alcides, his all-conqu'ring son?
Hear, and obey the mistress of the skies,
Nor for the deed expect a vulgar prize;
For know, thy lov'd one shall be ever thine,
The youngest Grace, Pasitheë the divine.

Swear then (he said) by those tremendous floods 305 That roar thro' hell, and bind th' invoking Gods:
Let the great parent Earth one hand sustain,
And stretch the other o'er the sacred Main.
Call the black Titans, that with Chronos dwell,
To hear and witness from the depths of hell; 310
That she, my lov'd-one, shall be ever mine,
The youngest Grace, Pasitheë the divine.

The queen assents, and from th' infernal bow'rs,
Invokes the sable subtartarean pow'rs,
And those who rule th' inviolable floods,
Whom mortals name the dread Titanian Gods.

Then swift as wind, o'er Lemnos' smoky isle,
They wing their way, and Imbrus' sea-beat soil;
Thro' air, unseen, involv'd in darkness glide,
And light on Lectos, on the point of Ide;
(Mother of savages, whose echoing hills
Are heard resounding with a hundred rills)

Fair

BOOK XIV. HOMER'S ILAID.	
Fair Ida trembles underneath the God;	
Hush'd are her mountains, and her forests nod.	
There on a fir, whose spiry branches rise	325
To join its summit to the neighb'ring skies;	
Dark in embow'ring shade, conceal'd from sight,	,
Sat Sleep, in likeness of the bird of Night.	
(Chalcis his name by those of heav'nly birth,	
But call'd Cymindis by the race of earth.)	330
To Ida's top successful Juno flies;	-
Great Jove surveys her with desiring eyes;	
The God, whose light'ning sets the heav'ns on i	fire,
Thro' all his bosom feels the fierce desire;	
Fierce as when first by stealth he seiz'd her chara	ms,
Mix'd with her soul, and melted in her arms,	336
Fix'd on her eyes he fed his eager look,	
Then press'd her hand, and thus with transport s	poke.
Why comes my Goddess from th'æthereal sky	
And not her steeds and flaming chariot nigh?	340
Then she—I haste to those remote abodes,	
Where the great parents of the deathless gods,	
The rev'rend Ocean and grey Tethys reign,	100
On the last limits of the land and main.	
I visit these, to whose indulgent cares	345
I owe the nursing of my tender years.	
For strife, I hear, has made that union cease,	150
Which held so; long this ancient pair in peace,	
The steeds, prepar'd my chariot to convey	0 1
O'er earth and seas, and thro' th' aërial way,	350
Maria Company	Wait

Wait under Ide: of thy superiour pow'r To ask consent, I leave th' Olympian bow'r; Nor seek, unknown to thee, the sacred cells Deep under seas, where hoary Ocean dwells. For that (said Jove) suffice another day; 355 But eager love denies the least delay. Let softer cares the present hour employ, And be these moments sacred all to joy. Ne'er did my soul so strong a passion prove, Or for an earthly, or a heav'nly love: 360 Not when I press'd Ixion's matchless dame. Whence rose Perithous like the Gods in fame. Not when fair Danaë felt the show'r of gold Stream into life, whence Perseus brave and bold. Not thus I burn'd for either Theban dame, 365 (Bacchus from this, from that Alcides came). Not Phonix' daughter, beautiful and young, Whence godlike Rhadamanth and Minos sprung. Not thus I burn'd for fair batona's face. Nor comelier Ceres' more majestick grace. 370 Not thus ev'n for thyself I felt desire, As now my veins receive the pleasing fire. He spoke; the goddess with the charming eyes Glows with celestial red, and thus replies. Is this a scene for love? On Ida's height 375 Expos'd to mortal, and immortal sight;

Our joys profan'd by each familiar eye; The sport of heav'n, and fable of the sky.

How

BOOK XIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	59
How shall I e'er review the blest abodes,	10
Or mix among the senate of the Gods?	380
Shall I not think, that, with disorder'd charms,	
All heav'n beholds me recent from thy arms?	•
With skill divine has Vulcan form'd thy bow'r,	
Sacred to love and to the genial hour;	
If such thy will, to that recess retire,	385
And secret there indulge thy soft desire.	
She ceas'd; and smiling with superiour love,	
Thus answer'd mild the cloud-compelling Jove.	
Nor God, nor mortal shall our joys behold,	
Shaded with clouds, and circumfus'd in gold;	390
Not ev'n the sun, who darts thro' heav'n his ray	s,
And whose broad eye th' extended earth surveys.	
Gazing he spoke, and kindling at the view,	
His eager arms around the Goddess threw.	
Glad earth perceives, and from her bosom pours	395
Unbidden herbs and voluntary flow'rs:	
Thick new-born vi'lets a soft carpet spread,	
And clust'ring Lotos swell'd the rising bed,	٠.
And sudden Hyacinths the turf bestrow,	
And flamy Crocus made the mountain glow.	400
There golden clouds conceal the heav'nly pair,	
Steep'd in soft joys and circumfus'd with air;	F
Celestial dews, descending o'er the ground,	
Perfume the mount, and breathe Ambrosia round.	
At length with love and sleep's soft pow'r opprest,	405
The panting Thund'rer nods, and sinks to rest.	
	Now

Now to the navy borne on silent wings,
'To Neptune's ear soft Sleep his message brings;
Beside him sudden, unperceiv'd he stood,
And thus with gentle words address'd the God. 410

Now, Neptune! now, th' important hour employ, To check a while the haughty hopes of Troy:
While Jove yet rests, while yet my vapours shed
The golden vision round his sacred head;
For Juno's love, and Somnus' pleasing ties, 415
Have clos'd those awful and eternal eyes.

Thus having said, the pow'r of slumber flew, On human lids to drop the balmy dew. Neptune, with zeal encreas'd, renews his care, And tow'ring in the foremost ranks of war, 420 Indignant thus—Oh once of martial fame! O Greeks! if yet ye can deserve the name! This half-recover'd day shall Troy obtain? Shall Hector thunder at your ships again? Lo still he vaunts, and threats the fleet with fires, 425 While stern Achilles in his wrath retires. One hero's loss too tamely you deplore, Be still yourselves, and we shall need no more. Oh yet, if glory any bosom warms, Brace on your firmest helms, and stand to arms: 430 His strongest spear each valiant Grecian wield, Each valiant Grecian seize his broadest shield; Let, to the weak, the lighter arms belong, The pond'rous targe be wielded by the strong.

(Thus

(Thus arm'd) not Hector shall our presence stay; 435 Myself, ye Greeks! myself will lead the way.

The troops assent; their martial arms they change, The busy chiefs their banded legions range.

The kings, tho' wounded, and oppress'd with pain, With helpful hands themselves assist the train. 440 The strong and cumb'rous arms the valiant wield, The weaker warriour takes a lighter shield.

Thus sheath'd in shining brass, in bright array The legions march, and Neptune leads the way:

His brandish'd falchion flames before their eyes, 445 Like light'ning flashing thro' the frighted skies.

Clad in his might, th' Earth-shaking pow'r appears;

Pale mortals tremble, and confess their fears.

Troy's great defender stands alone unaw'd, Arms his proud host, and dares oppose a God: 450 And lo! the God and wond'rous man appear; The sea's stern ruler there, and Hector here. The roaring Main, at her great master's call, Rose in huge ranks, and form'd a wat'ry wall Around the ships: Seas hanging o'er the shores, 455 Both armies join: Earth thunders, Ocean roars. Not half so loud the bellowing deeps resound, When stormy winds disclose the dark profound; Less loud the winds, that from th' Æolian hall Roar thro' the woods, and make whole forests fall; 460 Less loud the woods, when flames in torrents pour, Catch the dry mountain, and its shades devour. VOL. II. With

With such a rage the meeting hosts are driv'n, And such a clamour shakes the sounding heav'n. The first bold javelin urg'd by Hector's force, 465 Direct at Ajax' bosom wing'd its course; But there no pass the crossing belts afford, (One brac'd his shield, and one sustain'd his sword.) Then back the disappointed Trojan drew, And curs'd the lance that unavailing flew: 470 But 'scap'd not Ajax; his tempestuous hand A pond'rous stone up heaving from the sand, (Where heaps laid loose beneath the warriour's feet, Or serv'd to ballast, or to prop the fleet) Toss'd round and round, the missive marble flings; On the raz'd shield the falling ruin rings: 476 Full on his breast and throat with force descends: Nor deaden'd there its giddy fury spends, But whirling on, with many a fiery round, Smokes in the dust, and ploughs into the ground, 480 As when the bolt, red-hissing from above, Darts on the consecrated plant of Jove, The mountain-oak in flaming ruin lies, Black from the blow, and smokes of sulphur rise; Stiff with amaze the pale beholders stand, 485 And own the terrours of th' Almighty hand! So lies great Hector prostrate on the shore; His slacken'd hand deserts the lance it bore: His following shield the fallen chief o'erspread; Beneath his helmet dropp'd his fainting head; 490 His

Oïlean Ajax first his javelin sped,
Pierc'd by whose point the son of Enops bled;

© 2 (Satnius

BOOK XIV.

(Satnius the brave, whom beauteous Neïs bore Amidst her flocks on Satnio's silver shore) 520 Struck thro' the belly's rim, the warriour lies Supine, and shades eternal veil his eyes. An arduous battle rose around the dead; By turns the Greeks, by turns the Trojans bled.

Fir'd with revenge, Polydamas drew near, And at Prothonor shook the trembling spear; The driving javelin thro' his shoulder thrust, He sinks to earth, and grasps the bloody dust. Lo thus (the victor cries) we rule the field, And thus their arms the race of Panthus wield: 530 From this unerring hand their flies no dart But bathes its point within a Grecian heart. Propt on that spear to which thou ow'st thy fall, Go, guide thy darksome steps to Pluto's dreary hall! He said, and sorrow touch'd each Argive breast:

The soul of Ajax burn'd above the rest. As by his side the groaning warriour fell, At the fierce foe he launch'd his piercing steel; The foe reclining, shunn'd the flying death; But Fate, Archelochus, demands thy breath: 540 Thy lofty birth no succour could impart, The wings of death o'ertook thee on the dart, Swift to perform heav'n's fatal will it fled, Full on the juncture of the neck and head, And took the joint, and cut the nerves in twain: The dropping head first tumbled to the plain,

Sa

BOOK XIV. HOMER'S ILIAD. 65 So just the stroke, that yet the body stood Erect, then roll'd along the sands in blood. Here, proud Polydamas, here turn thy eyes! (The tow'ring Ajax loud-insulting cries) 550 Say, is this chief extended on the plain, A worthy vengeance for Prothonor slain? Mark well his port! his figure and his face Nor speak him vulgar, nor of vulgar race; Some lines, methinks, may make his lineage known, Antenor's brother, or perhaps his son. 556 He spake, and smil'd severe, for well he knew The bleeding youth: Troy sadden'd at the view. But furious Acamas aveng'd his cause; As Promachus his slaughter'd brother draws, 560

As Promachus his slaughter'd brother draws,

He pierc'd his heart—Such fate attends you all,

Proud Argives! destin'd by our arms to fall.

Not Troy alone, but haughty Greece shall share

The toils, the sorrows, and the wounds of war.

Behold your Promachus depriv'd of breath,

565

A victim ow'd to my brave brother's death. Not unappeas'd he enters Pluto's gate,

Who leaves a brother to revenge his fate.

Heart-piercing anguish struck the Grecian host,
But touch'd the breast of bold Peneleus most;
570
At the proud boaster he directs his course;
The boaster flies, and shuns superiour force.
But young Ilioneus receiv'd the spear;

Ilioneus, his father's only care:

(Phorbas

(Phorbas the rich, of all the Trojan train 575
Whom Hermes lov'd, and taught the arts of gain)
Full in his eye the weapon chanc'd to fall,
And from the fibres scoop'd the rooted ball,
Drove thro' the neck, and hurl'd him to the plain:
He lifts his miserable arms in vain! 580
Swift his broad falchion fierce Peneleus spread,
And from the spouting shoulders struck his head;
To earth at once the head and helmet fly;
The lance, yet sticking thro' the bleeding eye,
The victor seiz'd; and as aloft he shook 585
The gory visage, thus insulting spoke.

Trojans! your great Ilioneus behold!

Haste, to his father let the tale be told:

Let his high roofs resound with frantick woe,

Such, as the house of Promachus must know;

Let doleful tidings greet his mother's ear,

Such, as to Promachus' sad spouse we bear;

When we, victorious shall to Greece return,

And the pale matron in our triumphs mourn.

Dreadful he spoke, then toss'd the head on high;
The Trojans hear, they tremble, and they fly: 596
Aghast they gaze around the fleet and wall,
And dread the ruin that impends on all.

Daughters of Jove! that on Olympus shine, Ye all-beholding, all-recording Nine! O say, when Neptune made proud Ilion yield, What chief, what hero first embru'd the field?

600 (

Of

HOMER'S ILIAD. 67 BOOK XIV. Of all the Grecians what immortal name, And whose blest trophies will ye raise to fame? Thou first, great Ajax! on th'ensanguin'd plain Laid Hyrtius, leader of the Mysian train. 606 Phalces and Mermer, Nestor's son o'erthrew, Bold Merion, Morys, and Hippotion slew. Strong Periphætes and Prothoön bled, By Teucer's arrows mingled with the dead. 610 Pierc'd in the flank by Menelaüs' steel, His people's pastor, Hyperenor fell; Eternal darkness wrapt the warriour round, And the fierce soul came rushing thro' the wound. But stretch'd in heaps before Oïleus' son, 615 Fall mighty numbers, mighty numbers run; Ajax the less, of all the Grecian race

END OF THE FOURTEENTH BOOK.

Skill'd in pursuit, and swiftest in the chace.

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Thou feet, white the light with the restriction of plain

Laid Hy rainer their effects after an error, the St. 606 Phylogorited Westman, Practice's sile objects of the wife Bold Marion, Works and Hipperiot slew. Strong Periphers and Products Since

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THE

FIFTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE FIFTH BATTLE, AT THE SHIPS; AND THE ACTS OF AJAX.

Jupiter awaking, sees the Trojans repulsed from the trenches, Hector in a swoon, and Neptune at the head of the Greeks: he is highly incensed at the artifice of Juno, who appeases him by her submissions; she is then sent to Iris and Apollo. June repairing to the assembly of the Gods, attempts with extraordinary address to incense them against Jupiter; in particular she touches Mars with a riolent resentment: he is ready to take arms, but is prevented by Minerva. Iris and Apollo obey the orders of Jupiter; Iris commands Neptune to leave the battle, to which, after much reluctance and passion, he consents. Apollo re-inspires Hector with vigour, brings him back to the battle, marches before him with his Ægis and turns the fortune of the fight. He breaks down great part of the Grecian wall: the Trojans rush in, and attempt to fire the first line of the fleet, but are, as yet, repelled by the greater Ajax with a prodigious slaughter.

FIFTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

NOW in swift flight they pass the trench profound, And many a chief lay gasping on the ground: Then stopp'd and panted, where the chariots lie; Fear on their cheek, and horrour in their eye. Meanwhile awaken'd from his dream of love, On Ida's summit sat imperial Jove: Round the wide fields he cast a careful view, There saw the Trojans fly, the Greeks pursue; These proud in arms, those scatter'd o'er the plain; And, midst the war, the Monarch of the main. 10 Not far, great Hector on the dust he spies, (His sad associates round with weeping eyes) Ejecting blood, and panting yet for breath, His senses wand'ring to the verge of death. The God beheld him with a pitying look, 15 And thus, incens'd, to fraudful Juno spoke. O thou, still adverse to th' eternal will,

For ever studious in promoting ill!

Thy

Thy arts have made the god-like Hector yield, And driv'n his conqu'ring squadrons from the field. 20 Canst thou, unhappy in thy wiles! withstand Our pow'r immense, and brave th' almighty hand? Hast thou forgot, when bound and fix'd on high, From the vast concave of the spangled sky, I hung thee trembling, in a golden chain; 25 And all the raging Gods oppos'd in vain? Headlong I hurl'd them from th' Olympian hall, Stunn'd in the whirl, and breathless with the fall. For god-like Hercules these deeds were done, Nor seem'd the vengeance worthy such a son; 30 When by thy wiles induc'd, fierce Boreas tost The shipwreck'd hero on the Coan coast: Him thro' a thousand forms of death I bore. And sent to Argos, and his native shore. Hear this, remember, and our fury dread. Nor pull th' unwilling vengeance on thy head; Lest arts and blandishments successless prove, Thy soft deceits, and well-dissembled love. The Thund'rer spoke: Imperial Juno mourn'd,

And trembling, these submissive words return'd.

By ev'ry oath that pow'rs immortal ties, The foodful earth, and all-infolding skies, By thy black waves, tremendous Styx! that flow Thro' the drear realms of gliding ghosts below: By the dread honours of thy sacred head, And that unbroken yow, our virgin bed!

Not

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	73
Not by my arts the ruler of the main	
Steeps Troy in blood, and ranges round the plan	in:
By his own ardour, his own pity sway'd	
To help his Greeks; he fought, and disobey'd	: 50
Else had thy Juno better counsels giv'n,	
And taught submission to the Sire of Heav'n.	
Think'st thou with me? fair Empress of the	Skies!
(Th' immortal Father with a smile replies!)	1000
Then soon the haughty sea-god shall obey,	55
Nor dare to act, but when we point the way.	ė
If truth inspires thy tongue, proclaim our will	
To yon' bright synod on th' Olympian hill;	
Our high decree let various Iris know,	
And call the God that bears the silver bow.	60
Let her descend, and from th'embattled plain	P
Command the sea-god to his wat'ry reign:	
While Phœbus hastes, great Hector to prepare	
To rise afresh, and once more wake the war,	
His lab'ring bosom re-inspires with breath,	65
And calls his senses from the verge of death.	ŧ
Greece chas'd by Troy ev'n to Achilles' fleet,	
Shall fall by thousands at the hero's feet.	100
He, not untouch'd with pity, to the plain	
Shall send Patroclus, but shall send in vain.	70
What youth he slaughters under Ilion's walls?	<i>t</i> .
Ev'n my lov'd son, divine Sarpedon falls!	
Vanquish'd at last by Hector's lance he lies.	7
Then, nor 'till then, shall great Achilles rise:	}
And lo! that instant, god-like Hector dies.	75) .
VOL. II. H	From

From that great hour the war's whole fortune turns, Pallas assists, and lofty Ilion burns. Not 'till that day shall love relax his rage, Nor one of all the heav'nly host engage In aid of Greece. The promise of a God 80 I gave, and seal'd it with th' almighty nod, Achilles' glory to the stars to raise; Such was our word, and Fate the word obeys.

The trembling queen (th' almighty order giv'n) Swift from th' Idæan summit shot to heav n. 85 As some way-faring man, who wanders o'er In thought, a length of lands he trod before, Sends forth his active mind from place to place, Joins hill to dale, and measures space with space: So swift flew Juno to the blest abodes, 90 If thought of man can match the speed of Gods. There sat the pow'rs in awful synod plac'd; They bow'd, and made obeisance as she pass'd, Thro' all the brazen dome: with goblets crown'd They hail her queen; the nectar streams around. 95 Fair Themis first presents the golden bowl, And anxious asks what cares disturb her soul?

To whom the white-arm'd goddess thus replies. Enough thou know'st the tyrant of the skies, Severely bent his purpose to fulfil, Unmov'd his mind, and unrestrain'd his will. Go thou, the feasts of heav'n attend thy call: Bid the crown'd nectar circle round the hall:

But

100

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	75
But Jove shall thunder thro' the etherial dome,	
Such stern decrees, such threatned woes to come,	105
As soon shall freeze mankind with dire surprise,	
And damp th' eternal banquets of the skies.	
The Goddess said, and sullen took her place;	
Blank horrour sadden'd each celestial face.	,
To see the gath'ring grudge in ev'ry breast,	110
Smiles on her lips a spleenful joy exprest;	,
While on her wrinkled front, and eye-brow bent	
Sat steadfast Care, and low'ring Discontent.	
Thus she proceeds—Attend ye pow'rs above!	
But know, 'tis madness to contest with Jove:	115
Supreme he sits; and sees, in pride of sway,	
Your vassal Godheads grudgingly obey:	
Fierce in the majesty of pow'r controuls;	
Shakes all the thrones of heav'n, and bends the	ooles.
Submiss, immortals! all he wills, obey;	120
And thou, great Mars, begin and shew the way.	
Behold Ascalaphus! behold him die,	
But dare not murmur, dare not vent a sigh;	
Thy own lov'd boasted offspring lies o'erthrown,	**
If that lov'd boasted offspring be thy own.	125
Stern Mars, with anguish for his slaughter'd se	on,
Smote his rebelling breast, and fierce begun.	18
Thus then, Immortals? thus shall Mars obey?	
Forgive me, Gods, and yield my vengeance way	: (
Descending first to yon' forbidden plain,	130
The God of battles dares avenge the slain;	6
	ares,

Dares, tho' the thunder bursting o'er my head Should hurl me blazing on those heaps of dead.

With that, he gives command to Fear and Flight
To join his rapid coursers for the fight:
135.
Then grim in arms, with hasty vengeance flies;
Arms, that reflect a radiance thro' the skies.
And now had Jove, by bold rebellion driv'n,
Discharg'd his wrath on half the host of heav'n;
But Pallas springing thro' the bright abode,
Starts from her azure throne to calm the God.
Struck for th' immortal race with timely fear,
From frantick Mars she snatch'd the shield and spear:
Then the huge helmet lifting from his head,
Thus to th' impetuous homicide she said.
145

By what wild passion, furious! art thou tost? Striv'st thou with Jove? Thou art already lost. Shall not the Thund'rer's dread command restrain. And was imperial Juno heard in vain? Back to the skies would'st thou with shame be driv'n, And in thy guilt involve the host of heav'n? 151 Ilion and Greece no more should Jove engage; The skies would yield an ampler scene of rage, Guilty and guiltless find an equal fate, And one vast ruin whelm th' Olympian state. 155 Cease then thy offspring's death unjust to call; Heroes as great have dy'd, and yet shall fall. Why should heav'n's law with foolish man comply, Exempted from the race ordain'd to die?

This

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	77
This menace fix'd the warriour to his throne	; 160
Sullen he sat, and curb'd the rising groan.	1 4
Then Juno call'd (Jove's orders to obey)	
The winged Iris, and the God of day.	
Go wait the Thund'rer's will (Saturnia cry'd)	3 ×
On yon' tall summit of the fount-full Ide:	.165
There in the father's awful presence stand,	
Receive, and execute his dread command.	1
She said, and sat: the God that gilds the da	iy,
And various Iris, wing their airy way.	
Swift as the wind, to Ida's hills they came,	170
(Fair nurse of fountains, and of savage game)	
There sat th' Eternal: he, whose nod controlls	154
The trembling world, and shakes the steady po	oles.
Veil'd in a mist of fragrance him they found,	0.00
With clouds of gold and purple circled round.	175
Well-pleas'd the Thund'rer saw their earnest ca	re,
And prompt obedience to the queen of air;	0.744
Then (while a smile serenes his awful brow)	
Commands the Goddess of the show'ry bow.	
Iris! descend, and what we here ordain	180
Report to yon' mad tyrant of the main.	
Bid him from fight to his own deeps repair,	
Or breathe from slaughter in the fields of air.	
If he refuse, then let him timely weigh	
Our elder birthright, and superiour sway.	185
How shall his rashness stand the dire alarms,	MAN
If heav'n's Omnipotence descend in arms?	1-1-2
u 3	Strives

BOOK XV.

Strives he with me, by whom his pow'r was giv'n, And is there equal to the Lord of Heav'n?

Th' Almighty spoke; the Goddess wing'd her flight
To sacred Ilion from th' Idæan height.

191
Swift as the rat'ling hail, or fleecy snows
Drive thro' the skies, when Boreas fiercely blows;
So from the clouds descending Iris falls;
And to blue Neptune thus the Goddess calls.

195

Attend the mandate of the sire above,

In me behold the messenger of Jove:

He bids thee from forbidden wars repair

To thy own deeps, or to the fields of air.

This if refus'd, he bids thee timely weigh

His elder birthright, and superiour sway.

How shall thy rashness stand the dire alarms,

If heav'n's Omnipotence descend in arms?

Striv'st thou with him, by whom all pow'r is giv'n?

And art thou equal to the Lord of Heav'n?

205

What means the haughty sov'reign of the skies,
(The king of Ocean thus, incens'd, replies)
Rule as he will his portion'd realms on high;
No vassal God, nor of his train am I.
Three brother deities from Saturn came,
And ancient Rhea, Earth's immortal dame:
Assign'd by lot, our triple rule we know;
Infernal Pluto sways the shades below;
O'er the wide clouds, and o'er the starry plain,
Etherial Jove extends his high domain;
215

My

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	79
My court beneath the hoary waves I keep,	
And hush the roarings of 'the sacred deep:	10
Olympus, and this earth, in common lie;	
What claim has here the tyrant of the sky?	
Far in the distant clouds let him controll,	220
And awe the younger brothers of the pole;	
There to his children his commands be giv'n,	
The trembling, servile, second race of heav'n.	
And must I then (said she) O Sire of Floods!	•
Bear this fierce answer to the king of Gods?	225
Correct it yet, and change thy rash intent;	
A noble mind disdains not to repent.	
To elder brothers guardian Fiends are giv'n,	
To scourge the wretch insulting them and heav'n.	
Great is the profit (thus the God rejoin'd)	230
When ministers are blest with prudent mind:	
Warn'd by thy words to pow'rful Jove I yield,	
And quit, tho' angry, the contended field.	
Not but his threats with justice I disclaim,	
The same our honours, and our birth the same.	235
If yet, forgetful of his promise giv'n	
To Hermes, Pallas, and the queen of heav'n;	
To favour Ilion, that perfidious place,	
He breaks his faith with half th' etherial race:	-
Give him to know, unless the Grecian train	240
Lay yon' proud structures level with the plain,	
Howe'er th' offence by other gods be past,	
The wrath of Neptune shall for ever last,	
	Thus

Thus speaking, furious from the field he strode,

And plung'd into the bosom of the flood.

.245

The Lord of Thunders from his lofty height-

Beheld, and thus bespoke the source of light.

Behold! the god whose liquid arms are hurl'd Around the globe, whose earthquakes rock the world; Desists at length his rebel-war to wage, Seeks his own seas, and trembles at our rage; Else had my wrath, heav'n's thrones all shaking round, Burn'd to the bottom of the seas profound; And all the gods that round old Saturn dwell, Had heard the thunders to the deeps of hell. 255 Well was the crime, and well the vengeance spar'd; Ev'n pow'r immense had found such battle hard. Go thou, my son! the trembling Greeks alarm, Shake my broad Ægis on thy active arm. Be god-like Hector thy peculiar care, 260 Swell his bold heart, and urge his strength to war: Let Ilion conquer, 'till th' Achaian train Fly to their ships and Hellespont again: Then Greece shall breathe from toils -- The godhead said; His will divine the son of Jove obey'd. 265 Not half so swift the sailing falcon flies, That drives a turtle thro' the liquid skies; As Phæbus shooting from th' Idæan brow, Glides down the mountain to the plain below. There Hector seated by the stream he sees, 270 His sense returning with the coming breeze;

Again

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	31
Again his pulses beat, his spirits rise;	
Again his lov'd companions meet his eyes;	
Jove thinking of his pains, they past away.	
To whom the god who gives the golden day.	275
Why sits great Hector from the field so far?	2-11
What grief, what wound, with-holds him from the	war?
The fainting hero, as the vision bright	
Stood shining o'er him, half unseal'd his sight:	•
	280
Thus wakens Hector from the sleep of death?	
Has Fame not told, how, while my trusty sword	
Bath'd Greece in slaughter, and her battle gor'd,	
The mighty Ajax with a deadly blow	
Had almost sunk me to the shades below?	285
Ev'n yet, methinks, the gliding ghosts I spy,	
And hell's black horrours swim before my eye.	. 1
To him Apollo. Be no more dismay'd;	
See and be strong! the Thund'rer sends thee aid.	
Behold! thy Phoebus shall his arms employ,	290
Phæbus, propitious still to thee, and Troy.	P.
Inspire thy warriours then with manly force,	. •
And to the ships impel thy rapid horse:	
Ev'n I will make thy fiery coursers way,	
And drive the Grecians headlong to the sea.	295
Thus to bold Hector spoke the son of Jove,	10,71
And breath'd immortal ardour from above.	
As when the pamper'd steed, with reins unbound	,
Breaks from his stall, and pours along the ground	
	ATTE

82

Skill'd to direct the javelin's distant flight, And bold to combat in the standing fight; No more in councils fam'd for solid sense, Than winning words and heav'nly eloquence. Gods! what portent (he cry'd) these eyes invades? Lo! Hector rises from the Stygian shades! 325 We saw him, late, by thund'ring Ajax kill'd: What God restores him to the frighted field;

And

And not content that half of Greece lie slain,
Pours new destruction on her sons again?
He comes not, Jove! without thy pow'rful will; 330
Lo! still he lives, pursues, and conquers still!
Yet hear my counsel, and his worst withstand:
The Greeks main body to the fleet command;
But let the few whom brisker spirits warm,
Stand the first onset, and provoke the storm.
335
Thus point your arms; and when such foes appear,
Fierce as he is, let Hector learn to fear.

The warriour spoke, the list'ning Greeks obey, Thick'ning their ranks, and form a deep array. Each Ajax, Teucer, Merion gave command, 340 The valiant leader of the Cretan band, And Mars-like Meges: these the chiefs excite, Approach the foe and meet the coming fight. Behind, unnumber'd multitudes attend, To flank the navy, and the shores defend. 345 Full on the front the pressing Trojans bear, And Hector first came tow'ring to the war. Phæbus himself the rushing battle led; A veil of clouds involv'd his radiant head: High-held before him, Jove's enormous shield, 350 Portentous shone, and shaded all the field; Vulcan to Jove th' immortal gift consign'd, To scatter hosts, and terrify mankind. The Greeks expect the shock, the clamours rise From different parts, and mingle in the skies. 355 Dire

Dire was the hiss of darts, by heroes flung, And arrows leaping from the bow-string sung; These drink the life of gen'rous warriours slain; Those guiltless fall, and thirst for blood in vain. As long as Phoebus bore unmov'd the shield, 360 Sat doubtful Conquest hov'ring o'er the field; But when aloft he shakes it in the skies. Shouts in their ears, and lightens in their eyes, Deep horrour seizes ev'ry Grecian breast, Their force is humbled, and their fear confest. 365 So flies a herd of oxen, scatter'd wide, No swain to guard 'em, and no day to guide, When two fell lions from the mountain come, And spread the carnage thro' the shady gloom. Impending Phæbus pours around 'em fear, 370 And Troy and Hector thunder in the rear. Heaps fall on heaps: the slaughter Hector leads; First great Arcesilas, then Stichius bleeds; One to the bold Bœotians ever dear, And one Menestheus' friend, and fam'd compeer. 375 Medon and Iäsus, Æneas sped; This sprung from Phelus, and th' Athenians led; But hapless Medon from Oileus came; Him Ajax honour'd with a brother's name, Tho' born of lawless love: from home expell'd, A banish'd man, in Phylacè he dwell'd, Press'd by the vengeance of an angry wife; Troy ends, at last, his labours and his life.

HOMER'S ILIAD. 85 BOOK XV Mecystes next, Polydamas o'erthrew; And thee, brave Clonius! great Agenor slew. 385 By Paris, Deiochus inglorious dies, Pierc'd thro' the shoulder as he basely flies. Polites' arm laid Echius on the plain; Stretch'd on one heap, the victors spoil the slain. The Greeks dismay'd, confus'd, disperse or fall, 390 Some seek the trench, some skulk behind the wall. While these fly trembling, others pant for breath, And o'er the slaughter stalks gigantic Death. On rush'd bold Hector, gloomy as the night; Forbids to plunder, animates the fight, 395 Points to the fleet: For by the gods, who flies, Who dares but linger, by this hand he dies: No weeping sister his cold eye shall close, No friendly hand his fun'ral pyre compose. Who stops to plunder at this signal hour, 400 The birds shall tear him, and the dogs devour. Furious he said; the smarting scourge resounds; The coursers fly; the smoking chariot bounds: The hosts rush on; loud clamours shake the shore; The horses thunder, Earth and Ocean roar! Apollo, planted at the trench's bound, Push'd at the bank: down sunk th' enormous mound: Roll'd in the ditch the heapy ruin lay; A sudden road! a long and ample way. 'O'er the dread fosse (a late-impervious space) Now steeds, and men, and cars, tumultuous pass. The VOL. II.

The wond'ring crouds the downward level trod;
Before them flam'd the shield, and march'd the God.
Then with his hand he shook the mighty wall;
And lo! the turrets nod, the bulwarks fall.

Easy, as when ashore an infant stands,
And draws imagin'd houses in the sands;
The sportive wanton, pleas'd with some new play,
Sweeps the slight works and fashion'd domes away.
Thus vanish'd, at thy touch, the tow'rs and walls;
The toil of thousands in a moment falls.

421

The Grecians gaze around with wild despair,
Confus'd, and weary all the pow'rs with pray'r;
Exhort their men, with praises, threats, commands;
And urge the Gods, with voices, eyes, and hands.
Experienc'd Nestor chief obtests the skies,
And weeps his country with a father's eyes.

O Jove! if ever, on his native shore,
One Greek enrich'd thy shrine with offer'd gore;
If e'er, in hope our country to behold,
We paid the fattest firstlings of the fold;
If e'er thou sign'st our wishes with thy nod;
Perform the promise of a gracious God!
This day preserve our navies from the flame,
And save the reliques of the Grecian name.

435

Thus pray'd the sage: th' Eternal gave consent,
And peals of thunder shook the firmament.

Presumptuous Troy mistook th' accepting sign,
And catch'd new fury at the voice divine.

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	87
As when black tempests mix the seas and skies,	440
The roaring deeps in wat'ry mountains rise,	
Above the sides of some tall ship ascend,	į.
Its womb they deluge, and its ribs they rend:	
Thus loudly roaring, and o'er-pow'ring all,	
Mount the thick Trojans up the Grecian wall;	445
Legions on legions from each side arise:	
Thick sound the keels; the storm of arrows flies.	
Fierce on the ships above, the cars below,	
These wield the mace, and those the javelin throv	v.
While thus the thunder of the battle rag'd,	450
And lab'ring armies round the works engag'd;	
Still in the tent Patroclus sat, to tend	
The good Eurypylus, his wounded friend.	
He sprinkles healing balms, to anguish kind,	
And adds discourse, the med'cine of the mind.	455
But when he saw, ascending up the fleet,	
Victorious Troy; then, starting from his seat,	
With bitter groans his sorrows he exprest,	
He wrings his hands, he beats his manly breast.	
I ho' yet thy state require redress (he cries)	460
Depart I must. What horrours strike my eyes?	*5
Charg'd with Achilles' high commands I go,	, ,
A mournful witness of this scene of woe:	
I haste to urge him, by his country's care,	
To rise in arms, and shine again in war.	465
Perhaps some fav'ring God his soul may bend;	17:57
The voice is pow'rful of a faithful friend,	4.76
• 9	He

He spoke; and speaking, swifter than the wind Sprung from the tent, and left the war behind. Th' embody'd Greeks the fierce attack sustain, But strive, tho' num'rous, to repulse in vain: Nor could the Trojans, thro' that firm array, Force to the fleet and tents th' impervious way. As when a shipwright with Palladian art, Smooths the rough wood, and levels ev'ry part; 475 With equal hand he guides his whole design, By the just rule, and the directing line: The martial leaders, with like skill and care. Preserv'd their line, and equal kept the war. Brave deeds of arms thro' all the ranks were try'd, And ev'ry ship sustain'd an equal tide. 481 At one proud bark, high tow'ring o'er the fleet Ajax the great, and god-like Hector meet: For one bright prize the matchless chiefs contend; Nor this the ships can fire, nor that defend; 485 One kept the shore, and one the vessel trod; That fix'd as Fate, this acted by a God. The son of Clytius in his daring hand, The deck approaching, shakes a flaming brand; But pierc'd by Telamon's huge lance expires; 490 Thund'ring he falls, and drops th' extinguish'd fires. Great Hector view'd him with a sad survey, As stretch'd in dust before the stern he lay. Oh! all of Trojan, all of Lycian race! Stand to your arms, maintain this arduous space. 495 Lo!

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	89
Lo! where the son of royal Clytius lies;	
Ah save his arms, secure his obsequies!	$m \in \mathcal{A}$
This said, his eager javelin sought the foe;	
But Ajax shunn'd the meditated blow.	- 1
Not vainly yet the forceful lance was thrown;	500
It stretch'd in dust unhappy Lycophron:	
An exile long, sustain'd at Ajax' board,	- 11
A faithful servant to a foreign lord;	
In peace, in war, for ever at his side,	10
Near his lov'd master, as he liv'd, he dy'd.	505
From the high poop he tumbles on the sand,	100
And lies a lifeles load, along the land.	
With anguish Ajax views the piercing sight,	
And thus inflames his brother to the fight.	3-14
Teucer, behold! extended on the shore	510
Our friend, our lov'd companion! now no more!	
Dear as a parent, with a parent's care	
To fight our wars, he left his native air.	Will !
This death deplor'd, to Hector's rage we owe;	
Revenge, revenge it on the cruel foe.	515
Where are those darts on which the Fates attend	5
And where the bow, which Phœbus taught to be	nd?
Impatient Teucer, hast'ning to his aid,	
Before the chief his ample bow display'd;	
The well-stor'd quiver on his shoulders hung:	520
Then hiss'd his arrow, and the bow-string sung.	
Clytus, Pisenor's son, renown'd in fame,	
(To thee, Polydamas! an honour'd name)	0.00
r 3	Drove

HOMER'S ILIAD. 00 BOOK XV Drove thro' the thickest of th' embattled plains The startling steeds, and shook his eager reins As all on glory ran his ardent mind, The pointed death arrests him from behind: Thro' his fair neck the thrilling arrow flies; In youth's first bloom reluctantly he dies: Hurl'd from the lofty seat, at distance far, 530 The headlong coursers spurn his empty car; 'Till sad Polydamas the steeds restrain'd, And gave, Astynous, to thy careful hand; Then fir'd to vengeance, rush'd amidst the foe, 534 Rage edg'd his sword, and strengthen'd ev'ry blow. Once more bold Teucer, in his country's cause, At Hector's breast a chosen arrow draws; And had the weapon found the destin'd way, Thy fall, great Trojan! had renown'd that day. But Hector was not doom'd to perish then; 540 Th' all-wise disposer of the fates of men, (Imperial Jove) his present death withstands; Nor was such glory due to Teucer's hands, At its full stretch as the tough string he drew, Struck by an arm unseen, it burst in two; 545 Down dropp'd the bow: the shaft with brazen head Fell innocent, and on the dust lay dead. Th' astonish'd archer to great Ajax cries; Some God prevents our destin'd enterprise: Some God, propitious to the Trojan foe, 550 Has, from my arm unfailing, struck the bow,

And

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.

91

And broke the nerve my hands had twin'd with art, Strong to impel the flight of many a dart.

Since heav'n commands it (Ajax made reply)
Dismiss the bow, and lay thy arrows by;
555
Thy arms no less suffice the lance to wield,
And quit the quiver for the pond'rous shield.
In the first ranks indulge thy thirst of fame,
Thy brave example shall the rest inflame.
Fierce as they are, by long successes vain;
560
To force our fleet, or ev'n a ship to gain,
Asks toil, and sweat, and blood: their utmost might
Shall find its match—No more: 'tis ours to fight.

Then Teucer laid his faithless bow aside;
The four-fold buckler o'er his shoulder ty'd; 565
On his brave head a crested helm he plac'd,
With nodding horse-hair formidably grac'd;
A dart, whose point with brass refulgent shines,
The warriour wields; and his great brother joins.

This Hector saw, and thus express'd his joy. 570
Ye troops of Lycia, Dardanus, and Troy!
Be mindful of yourselves, your ancient fame,
And spread your glory with the navy's flame.
Jove is with us; I saw his hand, but now,
From the proud archer strike his vaunted bow. 575
Indulgent Jove! how plain thy favours shine,
When happy nations bear the marks divine!
How easy then, to see the sinking state
Of realms accurst, deserted, reprobate!

Such is the fate of Greece, and such is ours:

Behold, ye warriours, and exert your pow'rs.

Death is the worst; a fate which all must try;

And, for our country, 'tis a bliss to die.

The gallant man, tho' slain in fight he be,

Yet leaves his nation safe, his children free;

Entails a debt on all the grateful state;

His own brave friends shall glory in his fate;

His wife live honour'd, all his race succeed;

And late posterity enjoy the deed!

This rous'd the soul in ev'ry Trojan breast: 590 The god-like Ajax next his Greeks addrest.

How long, ye warriours of the Argive race, (To gen'rous Argos what a dire disgrace!) How long, on these curs'd confines will ye lie, Yet undetermin'd, or to live, or die! 595 What hopes remain, what methods to retire, If once your vessels catch the Trojan fire? Mark how the flames approach, how near they fall, How Hector calls, and Troy obeys his call! Not to the dance that dreadful voice invites, 600 It calls to death, and all the rage of fights. 'Tis now no time for wisdom or debates; To your own hands are trusted all your fates; And better far in one decisive strife, One day should end our labour, or our life; 605 Than keep this hard-got inch of barren sands, Still press'd, and press'd by such inglorious hands.

The

The list'ning Grecians feel their leader's flame, And ev'ry kindling bosom pants for fame. Then mutual slaughters spread on either side; 610 By Hector here the Phocian Schedius dy'd; There pierc'd by Ajax, sunk Laodamas, Chief of the foot, of old Antenor's race. Polydamas laid Otus on the sand, The fierce commander of th' Epeian band. 615 His lance bold Meges at the victor threw; The victor stooping, from the death withdrew; (That valu'd life, O Phoebus! was thy care) But Cræsmus' bosom took the flying spear: His corpse fell bleeding on the slipp'ry shore; 620 His radiant arms triumphant Meges bore. Dolops, the son of Lampus rushes on, Sprung from the race of old Laomedon, And fam'd for prowess in a well-fought field: He pierc'd the centre of his sounding shield: 625 But Meges, Phyleus' ample breast-plate wore, (Well-known in fight on Selles' winding shore; For king Euphetes gave the golden mail, Compact, and firm with many a jointed scale) Which oft, in cities storm'd, and battles won, 630 Had sav'd the father, and now saves the son. Full at the Trojan's head he urg'd his lance, Where the high plumes above the helmet dance, New ting'd with Tyrian dye: in dust below Shorn from the crest, the purple honours glow. 635 Meantime Meantime their fight the Spartan king survey'd, And stood by Meges' side, a sudden aid, Thro' Dolops' shoulder urg'd his forceful dart. Which held its passage thro the panting heart. And issu'd at his breast. With thund'ring sound 640 The warriour falls, extended on the ground. In rush the conqu'ring Greeks to spoil the slain: But Hector's voice excites his kindred train; The hero most, from Hicetaon sprung, Fierce Melanippus, gallant, brave, and young. 645 He (ere to Troy the Grecians cross'd the main) Fed his large oxen on Percote's plain; But when oppress'd, his country claim'd his care, Return'd to Ilion, and excell'd in war: For this, in Priam's court, he held his place, 650 Belov'd no less than Priam's Royal race. Him Hector singled, as his troops he led, And thus inflam'd him, pointing to the dead. Lo Melanippus! lo where Dolops lies; And is it thus our royal kinsman dies? 655 O'ermatch'd he falls; to two at once a prey, And lo! they bear the bloody arms away! Come on—a distant war no longer wage, But hand to hand thy country's foes engage: 'Till Greece at once, and all her glory end; 660 Or Ilion from her tow'ry height descend, Heav'd from the lowest stone; and bury all In one sad sepulchre, one common fall.

Hector

Hector (this said) rush'd forward on the foes:
With equal ardour Melanippus glows:
665
Then Ajax thus—O Greeks! respect your fame,
Respect yourselves, and learn an honest shame:
Let mutual rev'rence mutual warmth inspire,
And catch from breast to breast the noble fire.
On valour's side the odds of combat lie,
670
The brave live glorious, or lamented die;
The wretch that trembles in the field of fame,
Meets death, and worse than death, eternal shame.

His gen'rous sense he not in vain imparts;
It sunk, and rooted in the Grecian hearts. 675
They join, they throng, they thicken at his call,
And flank the navy with a brazen wall;
Shields touching shields, in order blaze above,
And stop the Trojans, tho' impell'd by Jove.
The fiery Spartan first with loud applause, 680
Warms the bold son of Nestor in his cause.
Is there (he said) in arms a youth like you,
So strong to fight, so active to pursue?
Why stand you distant, nor attempt a deed?
Lift the bold lance, and make some Trojan bleed. 635

He said; and backward to the lines retir'd;
Forth rush'd the youth, with martial fury fir'd,
Beyond the foremost ranks; his lance he threw,
And round the black battalions cast his view.
The troops of Troy recede with sudden fear,
690
While the swift javelin hiss'd along in air.

Advancing

Advancing Melanippus met the dart With his bold breast, and felt it in his heart: Thund'ring he falls; his falling arms resound, And his broad buckler rings against the ground. 695 The victor leaps upon his prostrate prize; Thus on a roe the well-breath'd beagle flies, And rends his side, fresh-bleeding with the dart The distant hunter sent into his heart. Observing Hector to the rescue flew; 700 Bold as he was, Antilochus withdrew. So when a savage, ranging o'er the plain, Has torn the shepherd's dog, or shepherd swain; While conscious of the deed, he glares around, And hears the gath'ring multitude resound, 705 Timely he flies the yet-untasted food, And gains the friendly shelter of the wood. So fears the youth; all Troy with shouts pursue, While stones and darts in mingled tempest flew; But enter'd in the Grecian ranks, he turns 710 His manly breast, and with new fury burns.

Now on the fleet the tides of Trojans drove, Fierce to fulfil the stern decrees of Jove: The sire of Gods, confirming Thetis' pray'r, The Grecian ardour quench'd in deep despair; 715 But lifts to glory Troy's prevailing bands, Swells all their hearts, and strengthens all their hands. On Ida's top he waits with longing eyes, To view the navy blazing to the skies;

Then

HOMER'S ILIAD. 97 BOOK XV. Then, nor 'till then, the scale of war shall turn, 720 The Trojans fly, and conquer'd Ilion burn. These fates revolv'd in his almighty mind, He raises Hector to the work design'd, Bids him with more than mortal fury glow, And drives him, like a light'ning, on the foe. 725 So Mars, when human crimes for vengeance call, Shakes his huge javelin, and whole armies fall. Not with more rage a conflagration rolls, Wraps the vast mountains, and involves the poles. He foams with wrath; beneath his gloomy brow 730 Like fiery meteors his red eye-balls glow: The radiant helmet on his temples burns, Waves when he nods, and lightens as he turns: For Jove his splendour round the chief had thrown, And cast the blaze of both the hosts on one. 735 Unhappy glories! for his fate was near, Due to stern Pallas, and Pelides' spear: Yet Jove deferr'd the death he was to pay, And gave what fate allow'd, the honours of a day! Now all on fire for fame, his breast, his eyes Burn at each foe, and single ev'ry prize; Still at the closest ranks, the thickest fight, He points his ardour, and exerts his might. The Grecian phalanx, moveless as a tow'r On all sides batter'd, yet resists his pow'r: So some tall rock o'erhangs the hoary main, By winds assail'd, by billows beat in vain,

K

VOL. II.

Unmov'd

Unmov'd it hears, above, the tempest blow,
And sees the wat'ry mountains break below.
Girt in surrounding flames, he seems to fall 750
Like fire from Jove, and bursts upon them all:
Burts as a wave, that from the clouds impends,
And swell'd with tempests on the ship descends;
White are the decks with foam; the winds aloud 754
Howl o'er the masts, and sing thro' ev'ry shroud:
Pale, trembling, tir'd, the sailors freeze with fears;
And instant death on ev'ry wave appears.
So pale the Greeks the eyes of Hector meet,
The chief so thunders, and so shakes the fleet.

As when a lion, rushing from his den, 760 Amidst the plain of some wide-water'd fen, (Where num'rous oxen, as at ease they feed, At large expatiate o'er the ranker mead;) Leaps on the herds before the herdsman's eyes; 765 The trembling herdsman far to distance flies: Some lordly bull (the rest dispers'd and fled) He singles out; arrests, and lays him dead. Thus from the rage of Jove-like Hector flew All Greece in heaps; but one he seiz'd, and slew: 770 Mycenian Periphes, a mighty name, In wisdom great, in arms well known to fame; The minister of stern Eurystheus' ire, Against Alcides, Copreus was his sire: The son redeem'd the honours of the race, A son as gen'rous as the sire was base;

BOOK XV. HOMER'S ILIAD.

99

O'er all his country's youth conspicuous far In ev'ry virtue, or of peace or war:
But doom'd to Hector's stronger force to yield!
Against the margin of his ample shield
He struck his hasty foot: his heels up-sprung; 780
Supine he fell; his brazen helmet rung.
On the fall'n chief th' invading Trojan prest,
And plung'd the pointed javelin in his breast.
His circling friends, who strove to guard too late
Th' unhappy hero; fled, or shar'd his fate. 785

Chas'd from the foremost line, the Grecian train
Now man the next, receding tow'rd the main:
Wedg'd in one body at the tents they stand,
Wall'd round with sterns, a gloomy desp'rate band.
Now manly shame forbids th' inglorious flight; 790
Now fear itself confines them to the fight:
Man courage breathes in man; but Nestor most
(The sage preserver of the Grecian host)
Exhorts, adjures, to guard these utmost shores;
And by their parents, by themselves, implores. 795

O friends! be men: your gen'rous breasts inflame
With mutual honour, and with mutual shame!
Think of your hopes, your fortunes; all the care
Your wives, your infants, and your parents share:
Think of each living father's rev'rend head;
800
Think of each ancestor with glory dead;
Absent, by me they speak, by me they sue;
They ask their safety, and their fame, from you:

The

The gods their fates on this one action lay, And all are lost, if you desert the day.

100

805

Minerva seconds what the sage inspires. The mist of darkness Jove around them threw, She clear'd, restoring all the war to view; A sudden ray shot beaming o'er the plain, 810 And shew'd the shores, the navy and the main: Hector they saw, and all who fly, or fight, The scene wide-opening to the blaze of light. First of the field great Ajax strikes their eyes, His port majestick, and his ample size: 815 A pond'rous mace with stude of iron crown'd, Full twenty cubits long he swings around; Nor fights like others fix'd to certain stands, But looks a moving tow'r above the bands; High on the decks, with vast gigantick stride, 820 The God-like hero stalks from side to side. So when a horseman from the wat'ry mead (Skill'd in the manage of the bounding steed)

He spoke, and round him breath'd heroick fires;

He shifts his seat, and vaults from one to one; And now to this, and now to that he flies;

Admiring numbers follow with their eyes.

Drives four fair coursers, practis'd to obey, To some great city, thro' the publick way;

Safe in his art, as side by side they run,

From ship to ship thus Ajax swiftly flew, No less the wonder of the warring crew. 830

825

As

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XV.

101

As furious, Hector thunder'd threats aloud, And rush'd enrag'd before the Trojan croud: Then swift invades the ships, whose beaky prores Lay rank'd contiguous on the bending shores. 835 So the strong eagle from his airy height, Who marks the swans' or cranes' embody'd flight, Stoops down impetuous, while they light for food, And stooping, darkens with his wings the flood. Jove leads him on with his almighty hand, And breathes fierce spirits in his following band. The warring nations meet, the battle roars, Thick beats the combat on the sounding prores. Thou would'st have thought, so furious was their fire, No force could tame them, and no toil could tire: 845 As if new vigour from new fights they won, And the long battle was but then begun. Greece yet unconquer'd, kept alive the war, Secure of death, confiding in despair; Troy in proud hopes already view'd the main Bright with the blaze, and red with heroes slain: Like strength is felt from hope, and from despair, And each contends, as his were all the war.

'Twas thou, bold Hector! whose resistless hand First seiz'd a ship on that contested strand; 855 The same which dead Protesilaüs bore. The first that touch'd th' unhappy Trojan shore: For this in arms the warring nations stood, And bath'd their gen'rous breasts with mutual blood.

No

BOOK XV.

No room to poize the lance or bend the bow; 860 But hand to hand, and man to man they grow: Wounded, they wound; and seek each other's hearts With falchions, axes, swords, and shorten'd darts. The falchions ring, shields rattle, axes sound, Swords flash in air, or glitter on the ground; 865 With streaming blood the slipp'ry shores are dy'd, And slaughter'd heroes swell the dreadful tide.

Still raging Hector with his ample hand Grasps the high stern, and gives this loud command.

Haste, bring the flames! the toil of ten long years
Is finish'd; and the day desir'd appears!
This happy day with acclamations greet,
Bright with destruction of yon' hostile fleet.
The coward-counsels of a tim'rous throng
Of rev'rend dotards, check'd our glory long:
Too long Jove lull'd us with lethargick charms,
But now in peals of thunder calls to arms:
In this great day he crowns our full desires,
Wakes all our force, and seconds all our fires.

He spoke—the warriours, at his fierce command,
Pour a new deluge on the Grecian band. 881
Ev'n Ajax paus'd (so thick the javelins fly)
Step'd back, and doubted or to live, or die.
Yet where the oars are plac'd, he stands to wait
What chief approaching dares attempt his fate: 885
Ev'n to the last, his naval charge defends,
Now shakes his spear, now lifts, and now protends;

 $\mathbf{E}_{V,M}$

Ev'n yet, the Greeks with piercing shouts inspires, Amidst attacks, and deaths, and darts, and fires.

Of friends! O heroes! names for ever dear, 890 Once sons of Mars, and thunderbolts of war! Ah! yet be mindful of your old renown, Your great forefathers' virtues and your own. What aids expect you in this utmost strait? What bulwarks rising between you and fate? 895 No aids, no bulwarks your retreat attend, No friends to help, no city to defend. This spot is all you have, to lose or keep; There stand the Trojans, and here rolls the deep. 'Tis hostile ground you tread; your native lands 900 Far, far from hence: your fates are in your hands.

Raging he spoke; nor farther wastes his breath,
But turns his javelin to the work of death.
Whate'er bold Trojan arm'd his daring hands,
Against the sable ships, with flaming brands,
So well the chief his naval weapon sped,
The luckless warriour at his stern lay dead:
Full twelve, the boldest, in a moment fell,
Sent by great Ajax to the shades of hell.

SIXTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE SIXTH BATTLE: THE ACTS AND DEATH OF PATROCLUS.

Patroclus (in pursuance of the request of Nestor in the eleventh book) entreats Achilles to suffer him to go to the assistance of the Greeks with Achilles's troops and armour. He agrees to it, but at the same time charges him to content himself with rescuing the fleet, without farther pursuit of the enemy. The armour, horses, soldiers, and officers of Achilles are described. Achilles offers a libation for the success of his friend, after which Patroclus leads the Myrmidons to battle. The Trojans at the sight of Patroclus in Achilles's armour, taking him for that hero, are cast into the utmost consternation: he beats them off from the vessels, Hector himself flies, Sarpedon is killed, though Jupiter was averse to his fate. Several other particulars of the battle are described; in the heat of which, Patroclus, neglecting the orders of Achilles, pursues the foe to the walls of Troy; where Apollo repulses and disarms him, Euphorbus wounds him, and Hector kills him: which concludes the book.

THE

SIXTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

So warr'd both armies on th' ensanguin'd shore, While the black vessels smok'd with human gore. Meantime Patroclus to Achilles flies; The streaming tears fall copious from his eyes; Not faster, trickling to the plains below, From the tall rock the sable waters flow. Divine Pelides, with compassion mov'd, Thus spoke, indulgent to his best belov'd.

Patroclus, say, what grief thy bosom bears,
That flows so fast in these unmanly tears?
No girl, no infant whom the mother keeps
From her lov'd breast, with fonder passion weeps;
Not more the mother's soul that infant warms,
Clung to her knees, and reaching at her arms,
Than thou hast mine! Oh tell me, to what end
Thy melting sorrows thus pursue thy friend?

Griev'st thou for me, or for my martial band?

Or come sad tidings from our native land?

Our

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XVI.

Our fathers live, (our first, most tender care)
Thy good Menœtius breathes the vital air,
And hoary Peleus yet extends his days;
Pleas'd in their age to hear their children's praise.

108

Or may some meaner cause thy pity claim?

Perhaps yon' reliques of the Grecian name,

Doom'd in their ships to sink by fire and sword,

And pay the forfeit of their haughty lord?

Whate'er the cause, reveal thy secret care,

And speak those sorrows which a friend would share.

A sigh, that instant, from his bosom broke, Another follow'd, and Patroclus spoke.

Let Greece at length with pity touch thy breast,
Thyself a Greek; and, once, of Greeks the best!
Lo, ev'ry chief that might her fate prevent,
Lies pierc'd with wounds, and bleeding in his tent.
Eurypylus, Tydides, Atreus' son,
And wise Ulysses, at the navy groan
More for their country's wounds than for their own.
Their pain, soft arts of pharmacy can ease,
Thy breast alone no lenitives appease.

May never rage like thine my soul enslave, 40 O great in vain! unprofitably brave!
Thy country slighted in her last distress,
What friend, what man, from thee shall hope redress?
No—men unborn, and ages yet behind,
Shall curse that fierce, that unforgiving mind. 45

55

O man unpitying! if of man thy race;
But sure thou spring'st not from a soft embrace,
Nor ever am'rous hero caus'd thy birth,
Nor ever tender Goddess brought thee forth.
Some rugged rock's hard entrails gave thee form,
And raging seas produc'd thee in a storm,
A soul well-suiting that tempestuous kind,
So rough thy manners, so untam'd thy mind.

If some dire oracle thy breast alarm,
If aught from Jove, or Thetis, stop thy arm,
Some beam of comfort yet on Greece may shine,
If I but lead the Myrmidonian line:
Clad in thy dreadful arms if I appear,
Proud Troy shall tremble, and desert the war:
Without thy person Greece shall win the day,
And thy mere image chase her foes away.
Press'd by fresh forces, her o'erlabour'd train
Shall quit the ships, and Greece respire again.

Thus, blind to fate! with supplicating breath, Thou beg'st his arms, and in his arms thy death. 65 Unfortunately good! a boding sigh Thy friend return'd; and with it, this reply.

Patroclus! thy Achilles knows no fears;
Nor words from Jove, nor oracles he hears;
Nor aught a mother's caution can suggest;
The tyrant's pride lies rooted in my breast.
My wrongs, my wrongs, my constant thought engage,
Those, my sole oracles, inspire my rage:

I made

I made him tyrant: gave him power to wrong Ev'n me: I felt it; and shall feel it long. 75 The maid, my black-ey'd maid, he forc'd away, Due to the toils of many a well-fought day; Due to my conquest of her father's reign; Due to the votes of all the Grecian train. From me he forc'd her; me, the bold and brave; Disgrac'd, dishonour'd, like the meanest slave. But bear we this—The wrongs I grieve are past; "Tis time our fury should relent at last: I fix'd its date; the day I wish'd appears: Now Hector to my ships his battle bears, The flames my eyes, the shouts invade my ears. Go then, Patroclus! court fair honour's charms In Troy's fam'd fields, and in Achilles' arms: Lead forth my martial Myrmidons to fight, Go save the fleets, and conquer in my right. 90 See the thin reliques of their baffled band, At the last edge of yon' deserted land! Behold all Ilion on their ships descends; How the cloud blackens, how the storm impends! It was not thus, when, at my sight amaz'd, 95 Troy saw and trembled, as this helmet blaz'd: Had not th' injurious king our friendship lost, Yon' ample trench had bury'd half her host. No camps, no bulwarks now the Trojans fear, 100 Those are not dreadful, no Achilles there:

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

111

No longer flames the lance of Tydeus' son; No more your gen'ral calls his heroes on; Hector, alone, I hear; his dreadful breath Commands your slaughter, or proclaims your death. Yet now, Patroclus, issue to the plain: 105 Now save the ships, the rising fires restrain, And give the Greeks to visit Greece again. But heed my words, and mark a friend's command Who trusts his fame and honours in thy hand, And from thy deeds expects, th' Achaian host 110 Shall render back the beauteous maid he lost: Rage uncontroll'd thro' all the hostile crew, But touch not Hector, Hector is my due. Tho' Jove in thunder should command the war : Be just, consult my glory, and forbear. 115 The fleet once sav'd, desist from farther chace. Nor lead to Ilion's walls the Grecian race: Some adverse god thy rashness may destroy; Some god, like Phœbus, ever kind to Troy. Let Greece, redeem'd from this destructive strait, 120 Do her own work; and leave the rest to Fate. Oh! would to all th' immortal pow'rs above. Apollo, Pallas, and almighty Jove! That not one Trojan might be left alive, And not a Greek of all the race survive; Might only we the vast destruction shun, And only we destroy th' accursed town!

Such conf'rence held the chiefs; while on the strand, Great Jove with conquest crown'd the Trojan band.

Ajax no more the sounding storm sustain'd, 130.

So thick, the darts an iron tempest rain'd:

On his tir'd arm the weighty buckler hung;

His hollow helm with falling javelins rung,

His breath, in quick short pantings, comes and goes;

And painful sweat from all his members flows. 135

Spent and o'erpower'd, he barely breathes at most;

Yet scarce an army stirs him from his post: Dangers on dangers all around him grow, And toil to toil, and we succeeds to we.

Say, Muses, thron'd above the starry frame, 140 How first the navy blaz'd with Trojan flame?

Stern Hector wav'd his sword: and standing near Where furious Ajax ply'd his ashen spear,

Full on the lance a stroke so justly sped,

That the broad falchion lopp'd its brazen head: 145 His pointless spear the warriour shakes in vain;

The brazen head falls sounding on the plain.

Great Ajax saw, and own'd the hand divine, Confessing Jove, and trembling at the sign;

Confessing Jove, and trembling at the sign; 149 Warn'd, he retreats. Then swift from all sides pour The hissing brands; thick streams the fiery show'r;

O'er the high stern the curling volumes rise,

And sheets of rolling smoke involve the skies.

Divine Achilles view'd the rising flames,

And smote his thigh, and thus aloud exclaims.

155 Arm,

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	113
Arm, arm, Patroclus! Lo, the blaze aspires!	
The glowing ocean reddens with the fires.	
Arm, ere our vessels catch the spreading flame;	
Arm, ere the Grecians be no more a name;	
I haste to bring the troops.—The hero said;	160
The friend with ardour and with joy obey'd.	
He cas'd his limbs in brass; and first around	
His manly legs, with silver buckles bound	
The clasping greaves; then to his breast applies	
The flamy cuirass, of a thousand dyes;	165
Emblaz'd with studs of gold his falchion shone	•
In the rich belt, as in a starry zone;	
Achilles' shield his ample shoulders spread,	
Achilles' helmet nodded o'er his head;	
Adorn'd in all his terrible array,	170
He flash'd around intolerable day.	
Alone, untouch'd, Pelides' javelin stands,	•
Not to be pois'd but by Pelides' hands;	
From Pelion's shady brow the plant entire	
Old Chiron rent, and shap'd it for his sire;	175
Whose son's great arm alone the weapon wields,	
The death of heroes, and the dread of fields.	14.
Then brave Automedon (an honour'd name,	
The second to his lord in love and fame,	
In peace his friend, and partner of the war)	180
The winged coursers harness'd to the car;	
Xanthus and Balius, of immortal breed,	100
Sprung from the wind, and like the wind in spee	d ;
r 3	Tha

114 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XVI.

Whom the wing'd Harpy, swift Podarge, bore,
By Zephyr pregnant on the breezy shore:

Swift Pedasus was added to their side,
(Once great Aëtion's, now Achilles' pride)
Who, like in strength, in swiftness, and in grace,
A mortal courser, match'd th' immortal race.

Achilles speeds from tent to tent, and warms 190 His hardy Myrmidons to blood and arms.

All breathing death, around the chief they stand,
A grim, terrific, formidable band:
Grim as voracious wolves that seek the springs
When scalding thirst their burning bowels wrings. 195
When some tall stag, fresh-slaughter'd in the wood,
Has drench'd their wide insatiate throats with blood,
To the black fount they rush, a hideous throng,
With paunch distended, and with lolling tongue, 199
Fire fills their eye, their black jaws belch the gore,
And gorg'd with slaughter, still they thirst for more.
Like furious rush'd the Myrmidonian crew,
Such their dread strength, and such their deathful view.

High in the midst the great Achilles stands,
Directs their order, and the war commands. 205
He, lov'd of Jove, had launch'd for Ilion's shores
Full fifty vessels, mann'd with fifty oars:
Five chosen leaders the fierce bands obey,
Himself supreme in valour, as in sway.

First march'd Menestheus, of celestial birth, 210 Deriv'd from thee, whose waters wash the earth, Divine

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	115
Divine Sperchius! Jove-descended flood!	1
A mortal mother mixing with a God.	100.7
Such was Menestheus, but miscall'd by fame	
The son of Borus, that espous'd the dame.	215
Eudorus next; whom Polymele the gay	s. 27
Fam'd in the graceful dance, produc'd to day.	3
Her, sly Cyllenius lov'd; on her would gaze,	
As with swift step she form'd the running maze	
To her high chamber from Diana's quire,	220
The God pursu'd her, urg'd, and crown'd his fir	e.
The son confess'd his father's heav'nly race,	
And heir'd his mother's swiftness in the chace.	
Strong Echecleus, blest in all those charms,	
That pleas'd a God, succeeded to her arms;	225
Not conscious of those loves, long hid from fam	e ,
With gifts of price he sought and won the dame	
Her secret offspring to her sire she bare;	
Her sire caress'd him with a parent's care.	
Pisander follow'd; matchless in his art	230
To wing the spear, or aim the distant dart;	
No hand so sure of all th' Emathian line,	
Or if a surer, great Patroclus! thine.	
'The fourth by Phœnix' grave command was grave	ac'd;
Laërces' valiant offspring led the last.	235
Soon as Achilles with superiour care	
Had call'd the chiefs, and order'd all the war,	7.6
This stern remembrance to his troops he gave:	,
Ye far-fam'd Myrmidons, ye fierce and brave!	4
T	hink

Think with what threats you dar'd the Trojan throng, Think what reproach these ears endur'd so long. 241

"Stern son of Peleus," (thus ye us'd to say, While restless, raging in your ships, you lay)

"Oh nurs'd with gall, unknowing how to yield;

"Whose rage defrauds us of so fam'd a field. 245

"If that dire fury must for ever burn,

"What make we here? Return, ye chiefs, return!" Such were your words—Now warriours grieve no more: Lo there the Trojans! bathe your swords in gore! This day shall give you all your soul demands; 250 Glut all your hearts! and weary all your hands!

Thus while he rous'd the fire in ev'ry breast,
Close, and more close, the list'ning cohorts prest;
Ranks wedg'd in ranks; of arms a steely ring
Still grows, and spreads, and thickens round the king.
As when a circling wall the builder forms,
256
Of strength defensive against wind and storms,
Compacted stones the thick'ning work compose,
And round him wide the rising structure grows;
So helm to helm, and crest to crest they throng,
Shield urg'd on shield, and man drove man along;
Thick, undistinguish'd plumes, together join'd,
Float in one sea, and wave before the wind.

Far o'er the rest in glitt'ring pomp appear There bold Automedon, Patroclus here; Brothers in arms, with equal fury fir'd; Two friends, two bodies with one soul inspir'd.

But

265

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

117

But mindful of the Gods Achilles went To the rich coffer in his shady tent: There lay on heaps his various garments roll'd, 270 And costly furs, and carpets stiff with gold. (The presents of the silver-footed dame) From thence he took a bowl, of antique frame, Which never man had stain'd with ruddy wine, Nor rais'd in off'rings to the pow'rs divine, 275 But Peleus' son; and Peleus' son to none Had rais'd in off'rings, but to Jove alone. This ting'd with sulphur, sacred first to flame, He purg'd; and wash'd it in the running stream. Then cleans'd his hands; and fixing for a space 280 His eyes on heav'n, his feet upon the place Of sacrifice, the purple draught he pour'd Forth in the midst; and thus the God implor'd.

Oh thou Supreme! high-thron'd all height above!
Oh great Pelasgick, Dodonæan Jove! 285
Who 'midst surrounding frosts, and vapours chill,
Presid'st on bleak Dodona's vocal hill:
(Whose groves, the Selli, race austere! surround,
Their feet unwash'd, their slumbers on the ground;
Who hear, from rustling oaks, thy dark decrees; 290
And catch the fates, low-whisper'd in the breeze.)
Hear, as of old! Thou gav'st, at Thetis pray'r,
Glory to me, and to the Greeks despair.
Lo, to the dangers of the fighting field
The best, the dearest of my friends, I yield: 295
The

Tho' still determin'd, to my ships confin'd;
Patroclus gone, I stay but half behind.
Oh! be his guard thy providential care,
Confirm his heart, and string his arm to war:
Press'd by his single force, let Hector see
His fame in arms not owing all to me.
But when the fleets are sav'd from foes and fire,
Let him with conquest and renown retire;
Preserve his arms, preserve his social train,
And safe return him to these eyes again!

Great Jove consents to half the chief's request,
But heav'n's eternal doom denies the rest;
To free the fleet was granted to his pray'r;
His safe return, the winds dispers'd in air.
Back to his tent the stern Achilles flies,

And waits the combat with imposions aves

And waits the combat with impatient eyes.

Meanwhile the troops beneath Patroclus' care,
Invade the Trojans, and commence the war.

As wasps, provok'd by children in their play, Pour from their mansions by the broad high-way, 315 In swarms the guiltless traveller engage,

Whet all their stings, and call forth all their rage:
All rise in arms, and with a gen'ral cry

Assert their waxen domes, and buzzing progeny.

Thus from the tents the fervent legion swarms, 320

So loud their clamours, and so keen their arms.

Their rising rage Patroclus' breath inspires, Who thus inflames them with heroick fires.

Oh

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

119

Oh warriours, part'ners of Achilles' praise!

Be mindful of your deeds in ancient days:

Your god-like master let your acts proclaim,

And add new glories to his mighty name.

Think, your Achilles sees you fight: be brave,

And humble the proud monarch whom you save.

Joyful they heard, and kindling as he spoke, 330 Flew to the fleet, involv'd in fire and smoke. From shore to shore the doubling shouts resound, The hollow ships return a deeper sound. The war stood still, and all around them gaz'd, When great Achilles' shining armour blaz'd: 335 Troy saw, and thought the dread Achilles nigh, At once they see, they tremble, and they fly.

Then first thy spear, divine Patroclus! flew, Where the war rag'd, and where the tumult grew. Close to the stern of that fam'd ship, which bore 340 Unblest Protesilaus to Ilion's shore, The great Pæonian, bold Pyrechmes, stood; (Who led his bands from Axius' winding flood) His shoulder-blade receives the fatal wound; The groaning warriour pants upon the ground. 345 His troops, that see their country's glory slain, Fly diverse, scatter'd o'er the distant plain. Patroclus' arm forbids the spreading fires, And from the half-burn'd ship proud Troy retires: Clear'd from the smoke the joyful navy lies; 350 In heaps on heaps the foe tumultuous flies:

Triumphant

Triumphant Greece her rescu'd decks ascends,
And loud acclaim the starry region rends.
So when thick clouds inwrap the mountain's head,
O'er heav'n's expanse like one black cieling spread;
Sudden, the Thund'rer with a flashing ray,
356
Bursts thro' the darkness, and lets down the day:
The hills shine out, the rocks in prospect rise,
And streams, and vales, and forests strike the eyes;
The smiling scene wide opens to the sight,
360
And all th' unmeasur'd Æther flames with light.

But Troy repuls'd, and scatter'd o'er the plains, Forc'd from the navy, yet the fight maintains. Now ev'ry Greek some hostile hero slew, But still the foremost, bold Patroclus flew; 365 As Areilycus had turn'd him round, Sharp in his thigh he felt the piercing wound; The brazen-pointed spear, with vigour thrown, The thigh transfix'd, and broke the brittle bone: Headlong he fell. Next Thoas was thy chance, 370 Thy breast, unarm'd, receiv'd the Spartan lance. Phylides' dart (as Amphiclus drew nigh) His blow prevented, and transpierc'd his thigh, Tore all the brawn, and rent the nerves away; In darkness and in death the warriour lay. 375

In equal arms two sons of Nestor stand, And two bold brothers of the Lycian band: By great Antilochus, Atymnius dies, Pierc'd in the flank, lamented youth! he lies.

Kind

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILLAD.	121
Kind Maris, bleeding in his brother's wound,	380
Defends the breathless carcase on the ground;	B.
Furious he flies, his murd'rer to engage:	
But god-like Thrasimed prevents his rage,	
Between his arm and shoulder aims a blow;	
His arm falls spouting on the dust below:	385
He sinks, with endless darkness cover'd o'er;	
And vents his soul, effus'd with gushing gore.	
Slain by two brothers, thus two brothers bleed	,
Sarpedon's friends, Amisodarus' seed;	0
Amisodarus, who, by Furies led,	390
The bane of men, abhorr'd Chimæra bred;	
Skill'd in the dart in vain, his sons expire,	
And pay the forfeit of their guilty sire.	
Stopp'd in the tumult Cleobulus lies,	
Beneath Oïleus' arm a living prize;	395
A living prize not long the Trojan stood;	6 -
The thirsty falchion drank his reeking blood:	
Plung'd in his throat the smoking weapon lies;	
Black Death, and Fate unpitying, seal his eyes.	
Amid the ranks, with mutual thirst of fame,	400
Lycon the brave, and fierce Peneleus came;	di
In vain their javelins at each other flew,	
Now, met in arms, their eager swords they drew	V
On the plum'd crest of his Boeotian foe,	1
The daring Lycon aim'd a noble blow;	405
The sword broke short; but his, Peneleus sped	
Full on the juncture of the neck and head:	
VOI. II.	The

The head, divided by a stroke so just, Hung by the skin: the body sunk to dust.

O'ertaken Neamas by Merion bleeds; 410 Pierc'd thro' the shoulder as he mounts his steeds; Back from the car he tumbles to the ground: His swimming eyes eternal shades surround.

Next Erymas was doom'd his fate to feel,
His open mouth receiv'd the Cretan steel:

Beneath the brain the point a passage tore,
Crash'd the thin bones, and drown'd the teeth in gore:
His mouth, his eyes, his nostrils pour a flood;
He sobs his soul out in the gush of blood.

As when the flocks neglected by the swain 420 (Or kids, or lambs) lie scatter'd o'er the plain, A troop of wolves th' unguarded charge survey, And rend the trembling, unresisting prey:

Thus on the foe the Greeks impetuous came;

Troy fled, unmindful of her former fame. 425

But still at Hector god-like Ajax aim'd,
Still, pointed at his breast, his javelin flam'd:
The Trojan chief, experienc'd in the field,
O'er his broad shoulders spread the massy shield;
Observ'd the storm of darts the Grecians pour,
And on his buckler caught the ringing show'r.
He sees for Greece the scale of conquest rise,
Yet stops and turns, and saves his lov'd allies.

As when the hand of Jove a tempest forms, And rolls the cloud to blacken heav'n with storms,

Dark

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	123
Dark o'er the fields th' ascending vapour flies,	436
And shades the sun, and blots the golden skies:	
So from the ships, along the dusky plain,	
Dire Flight and Terrour drove the Trojan train.	
Ev'n Hector fled; thro' heaps of disarray	440
The fiery coursers forc'd their Lord away:	
While far behind his Trojans fall confus'd;	
Wedg'd in the trench, in one vast carnage bruis'd	l: "
Chariots on chariots roll; the clashing spokes	9
Shock; while the madding steeds break short	their
yokes:	445
In vain they labour up the steepy mound;	
Their charioteers lie foaming on the ground.	
Fierce on the rear, with shouts, Patroclus flies;	
Tumultuous clamour fills the fields and skies;	
Thick drifts of dust involve their rapid flight,	450
Clouds rise on clouds, and heav'n is snatch'd from s	-
Th' affrighted steeds, their dying lords cast down	
Scour o'er the fields, and stretch to reach the tow	n.
Loud o'er the rout was heard the victor's cry,	•
Where the war bleeds, and where the thickest die:	
Where horse and arms, and chariots lie o'erthrow	n
And bleeding heroes under axles groan.	
No stop, no check the steeds of Peleus knew;	
From bank to bank th' immortal coursers flew,	
High bounding o'er the fosse: the whirling car	
Smokes thro' the ranks, o'ertakes the flying war,	

And thunders after Hector; Hector flies. Patroclus shakes his lance: but fate denies. Not with less noise, with less impetuous force. The tide of Trojans urge their desp'rate course, 465 Than when in autumn Jove his fury pours. And earth is laden with incessant show'rs, (When guilty mortals break th' eternal laws, Or judges brib'd, betray the righteous cause) From their deep beds he bids the rivers rise, 470 And opens all the flood-gates of the skies: Th' impetuous torrents from their hills obey, Whole fields are drown'd, and mountains swept away; Loud roars the deluge 'till it meets the main; And trembling man sees all his labours vain! 475 And now the chief (the foremost troops repell'd) Back to the ships his destin'd progress held, Bore down half Troy in his resistless way, And forc'd the routed ranks to stand the day. Between the space where silver Simois flows, 480 Where lay the fleets, and where the rampires rose, All grim in dust and blood, Patroclus stands, And turns the slaughter on the conqu'ring bands. First Pronous dy'd beneath his fiery dart, Which pierc'd below the shield his valiant heart, 485 Thestor was next; who saw the chief appear, And fell the victim of his coward fear: Shrunk up he sat, with wild and haggard eye,

Nor stood to combat, nor had force to fly:

Patroclus

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	125
Patroclus mark'd him as he shunn'd the war,	490
And with unmanly tremblings shook the car,	
And dropp'd the flowing reins. Him 'twixt the	jaws
The javelin sticks, and from the chariot draws.	
As on a rock that overhangs the main,	
An angler, studious of the line and cane,	495
Some mighty fish draws panting to the shore;	
Not with less ease the barbed javelin bore	
The gaping dastard: as the spear was shook,	
He fell, and life his heartless breast forsook.	
Next on Eryalus he flies; a stone	500
Large as a rock, was by his fury thrown:	
Full on his crown the pond'rous fragment flew,	
And burst the helm, and cleft the head in two:	
Prone to the ground the breathless warriour fell,	*
And death involv'd him with the shades of hell.	505
Then low in dust Epaltes, Echius lie;	
Ipheas, Evippus, Polymelus, die;	
Amphoterus, and Erymas succeed;	
And last, Tlepolemus and Pyres bleed.	
Where'er he moves, the growing slaughters spread	f
In heaps on heaps; a monument of dead.	511
When now Sarpedon his brave friends beheld	
Grov'ling in dust, and gasping on the field,	
With this reproach his flying host he warms,	
Oh stain to honour! oh disgrace to arms!	515
Forsake, inglorious, the contended plain;	
This hand, unaided, shall the war sustain:	
м 3	The

The task be mine, this hero's strength to try, Who mows whole troops, and makes an army fly.

He spake: and speaking, leaps from off the car;
Patroclus lights, and sternly waits the war. 521
As when two vultures on the mountain's height
Stoop with resounding pinions to the fight;
They cuff, they tear, they raise a screaming cry;
The desert echoes, and the rocks reply: 525
The warriours thus oppos'd in arms, engage
With equal clamours, and with equal rage.

Jove view'd the combat; whose event foreseen,
He thus bespoke his sister and his queen.
The hour draws on; the destinies ordain,
My god-like son shall press the Phrygian plain:
Already on the verge of death he stands,
His life is ow'd to fierce Patroclus' hands.
What passions in a parent's breast debate!
Say, shall I snatch him from impending fate,
And send him safe to Lycia, distant far
From all the dangers and the toils of war;
Or to his doom my bravest offspring yield,
And fatten, with celestial blood, the field?

Then thus the goddess with the radiant eyes: 540 What words are these? O sov'reign of the skies!

Short is the date prescrib'd to mortal man;

Shall Jove, for one, extend the narrow span,

Whose bounds were fix'd before his race began?

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD. 127 How many sons of Gods, foredoom'd to death, 545 Before proud Ilion, must resign their breath! Were thine exempt, debate would rise above, And murm'ring pow'rs condemn their partial Jove. Give the bold chief a glorious fate in fight; And when th' ascending soul has wing'd her flight, Let Sleep and Death convey, by thy command, 551 The breathless body to his native land. His friends and people, to his future praise, A marble tomb and pyramid shall raise, And lasting honours to his ashes give; 555 His fame ('tis all the dead can have) shall live. She said; the Cloud-compeller overcome, Assents to fate, and ratifies the doom. Then, touch'd with grief, the weeping heav'ns distill'd 560 A show'r of blood o'er all the fatal field. The God, his eyes averting from the plain, Laments his son, predestin'd to be slain, Far from the Lycian shores, his happy native reign. Now met in arms the combatants appear, Each heav'd the shield, and pois'd the lifted spear: From strong Patroclus' hand the jav'lin fled, 566 And pass'd the groin of valiant Thrasymed; The nerves unbrac'd, no more his bulk sustain, He falls, and falling bites the bloody plain. Two sounding darts the Lycian leader threw; 570 The first aloof with erring fury flew,

The next transpiere'd Achilles' mortal steed,
The gen'rous Pedasus of Theban breed,
Fix'd in the shoulder's joint; he reel'd around,
Roll'd in the bloody dust, and paw'd the slipp'ry ground.
His sudden fall th' entangled harness broke;
576
Each axle crackled, and the chariot shook:
When bold Automedon to disengage
The starting coursers, and restrain their rage,
Divides the traces with his sword, and freed
Th' incumber'd chariot from the dying steed:
The rest move on, obedient to the rein;
The car rolls slowly o'er the dusty plain.

The tow'ring chiefs to fiercer fight advance, And first Sarpedon whirl'd his weighty lance, 585 Which o'er the warriour's shoulder took its course, And spent in empty air its dying force. Not so Patroclus' never-erring dart; Aim'd at his breast, it pierc'd the mortal part, Where the strong fibres bind the solid heart. Then, as the mountain oak, or poplar tall, Or pine (fit mast for some great admiral) Nods to the ax, till with a groaning sound It sinks, and spreads its honours on the ground; Thus fell the king; and laid on earth supine, 595 Before his charjot stretch'd his form divine: He grasp'd the dust distain'd with streaming gore, And pale in death, lay groaning on the shore,

MOOR XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD. 129

So lies a bull beneath the lion's paws,
While the grim savage grinds with foamy jaws 600
The trembling limbs, and sucks the smoking blood;
Deep groans, and hollow roars, rebellow thro' the wood.

Then to the leader of the Lycian band The dying chief address'd his last command. 60% Glaucus, be bold; thy task be first to dare The glorious dangers of destructive war, To lead my troops, to combat at their head, Incite the living, and supply the dead. Tell 'em, I charg'd them with my latest breath 610 Not unreveng'd to bear Sarpedon's death. What grief, what shame must Glaucus undergo, If these spoil'd arms adorn a Grecian foe? Then as a friend, and as a warriour, fight; Defend my body, conquer in my right; That taught by great examples, all may try 615 Like thee to vanquish, or like me to die.

He ccas'd; the Fates suppress'd his lab'ring breath, And his eyes darken'd with the shades of death. Th' insulting victor with disdain bestrode
The prostrate prince, and on his bosom trod; 620
Then drew the weapon from his panting heart,
The reeking fibres clinging to the dart;
From the wide wound gush'd out a stream of blood,
And the soul issu'd in the purple flood.

His flying steeds the Myrmidons detain, 625 Unguided now, their mighty master slain.

All-

All-impotent of aid, transfix'd with grief,
Unhappy Glaucus heard the dying chief.
His painful arm, yet useless with the smart
Inflicted late by Teucer's deadly dart,
Supported on his better hand he stay'd;
To Phœbus then ('twas all he could) he pray'd.
All-seeing Monarch! whether Lycia's coast,

Or sacred Ilion, thy bright presence boast, Pow'rful alike to ease the wretch's smart; 635 Oh hear me! God of ev'ry healing art! Lo! stiff with clotted blood, and pierc'd with pain, That thrills my arm, and shoots thro' ev'ry vein, I stand unable to sustain the spear, And sigh, at distance from the glorious war. 640 Low in the dust is great Sarpedon laid, Nor Jove vouchsaf'd his hapless offspring aid. But thou, O God of Health! thy succour lend, To guard the reliques of my slaughter'd friend. For thou, tho' distant, canst restore my might, 645 To head my Lycians, and support the fight.

Apollo heard; and suppliant as he stood,
His heav'nly hand restrain'd the flux of blood:
He drew the dolours from the wounded part,
And breath'd a spirit in his rising heart.
Renew'd by art divine, the hero stands,
And owns th' assistance of immortal hands.
First to the fight his native troops he warms,
Then loudly calls on Troy's vindictive arms;

With

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD. 131 With ample strides he stalks from place to place; 655 Now fires Agenor, now Polydamas; Æneas next, and Hector he accosts; Inflaming thus the rage of all their hosts. What thoughts, regardless chief! thy breast employ? Oh too forgetful of the friends of Troy! 660 Those gen'rous friends, who, from their country far, Breathe their brave souls out in another's war. See! where in dust the great Sarpedon lies, In action valiant, and in council wise, Who guarded right, and kept his people free; 665 To all his Lycians lost, and lost to thee! Stretch'd by Patroclus' arm on yonder plains, Oh save from hostile rage his lov'd remains: Ah let not Greece his conquer'd trophies boast, Nor on his corse revenge her heroes lost. 670 . He spoke; each leader in his grief partook, Troy, at the loss, thro' all her legions shook. Transfix'd with deep regret, they view o'erthrown At once his country's pillar, and their own; A chief, who led to Troy's beleaguer'd wall 675 A host of heroes, and out-shin'd them all. Fir'd, they rush on; first Hector seeks the foes, And with superiour vengeance greatly glows. But o'er the dead the fierce Patroclus stands. And rousing Ajax, rous'd the list'ning bands. 630 Heroes, be men! be what you were before;

Or weigh the great occasion, and be more.

The

The chief who taught our lofty walls to yield,
Lies pale in death, extended on the field.
To guard his body Troy in numbers flies; 685
'Tis half the glory to maintain our prize.
Haste, strip his arms, the slaughter round him spread,
And send the living Lycians to the dead.

The heroes kindle at his fierce command;
The martial squadrons close on either hand:
Here Troy and Lycia charge with loud alarms,
Thessalia there, and Greece oppose their arms.
With horrid shouts they circle round the slain;
The clash of armour rings o'er all the plain.
Great Jove, to swell the horrours of the fight,
O'er the fierce armies pours pernicious Night,
And round his son confounds the warring hosts,
His fate ennobling with a croud of ghosts.

Now Greece gives way, and great Epigeus falls;
Agacleus' son, from Budium's lofty walls;
Who chas'd for murder thence, a suppliant came
To Peleus, and the silver-footed dame;
Now sent to Troy, Achilles' arms to aid,
He pays due vengeance to his kinsman's shade.
Soon as his luckless hand had touch'd the dead,
A rock's large fragment thunder'd on his head;
Hurl'd by Hectorean force, it cleft in twain
His shatter'd helm, and stretch'd him o'er the slain.

Fierce to the van of fight Patroclus came; And, like an eagle darting at his game,

710 Sprung

Sprung on the Trojan and the Lycian band; What grief thy heart, what fury urg'd thy hand, Oh gen'rous Greek! when with full vigour thrown At Stenelaiis flew the weighty stone, 714 Which sunk him to the dead: when Trov, too near That arm, drew back ; and Hector learn'd to fear. Far as an able hand a lance can throw, Or at the lists, or at the fighting foe; So far the Trojans from their lines retir'd; 'Till Glaucus turning, all the rest inspir'd; 720 Then Bathyclæus fell beneath his rage, The only hope of Chalcon's trembling age: Wide o'er the land was stretch'd his large domain, With stately seats, and riches, blest in vain: Him, bold with youth, and eager to pursue 725 The flying Lycians, Glaucus met, and slew; Pierc'd thro' the bosom with a sudden wound. He fell, and falling, made the fields resound. Th' Achaians' sorrow for their hero slain: With conqu'ring shouts the Trojans shake the plain, And croud to spoil the dead: the Greeks oppose; 7.31 An iron circle round the carcase grows.

Then brave Laogonus resign'd his breath, Dispatch'd by Merion to the shades of death: On Ida's holy hill he made abode, The priest of Jove, and honour'd like his God. Between the jaw and ear the javelin went; The soul, exhaling, issu'd at the vent. N

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His

735

His spear Æneas at the victor threw,
Who stooping forward from the death withdrew; 740
The lance hiss'd harmless o'er his cov'ring shield,
And trembling struck, and rooted in the field;
There yet scarce spent, it quivers on the plain,
Sent by the great Æneas' arm in vain.
Swift as thou art (the raging hero cries)
And skill'd in dancing to dispute the prize,
My spear, the destin'd passage had it found,
Had fix'd thy active vigour to the ground.

Oh valiant leader of the Dardan host!
(Insulted Merion thus retorts the boast) 750
Strong as you are, 'tis mortal force you trust,
An arm as strong may stretch thee in the dust.
And if to this my lance thy fate be giv'n,
Vain are thy vaunts; success is still from heav'n:
This, instant, sends thee down to Pluto's coast; 755
Mine is the glory, his thy parting ghost.

O friend (Menœtius' son this answer gave)
With words to combat, ill befits the brave;
Not empty boasts the sons of Troy repell,
Your swords must plunge them to the shades of hell.
To speak, beseems the council: but to dare
701
In glorious action, is the task of war.

This said, Patroclus to the battle flies;
Great Merion follows, and new shouts arise:
Shields, helmets rattle, as the warriours close; 765
And thick and heavy sounds the storm of blows.

As

BOOK NVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	135
As thro' the shrilling vale, or mountain ground,	
The labours of the woodman's ax resound;	
Blows following blows are heard re-echoing wide,	
While crackling forests fall on ev'ry side.	770
Thus echo'd all the fields with loud alarms,	
So fell the warriours, and so rung their arms.	
Now great Sarpedon on the sandy shore,	
His heav'nly form defac'd with dust and gore,	
And stuck with darts by warring heroes shed,	775
Lies undistinguish'd from the vulgar dead.	
His long-disputed corse the chiefs inclose,	
On ev'ry side the busy combat grows;	
Thick as beneath some shepherd's thatch'd abode,	4,1
The pails high foaming with a milky flood,	780
The buzzing flies, a persevering train,	
Incessant swarm, and chas'd, return again.	
Jove view'd the combat with a stern survey,	
And eyes that flash'd intolerable day;	
Fix'd on the field his sight, his breast debates	785
The vengeance due, and meditates the Fates:	
Whether to urge their prompt effect, and call	
The force of Hector to Patroclus' fall,	
This instant see his short-liv'd trophies won,	
And stretch him breathless on his slaughter'd son	•
Or yet, with many a soul's untimely flight,	791
Augment the fame and horrour of the fight?	
To crown Achilles' valiant friend with praise	
At length he dooms; and that his last of days	

Shall

Shall set in glory; bids him drive the foe; 795
Nor unattended, see the shades below.
Then Hector's mind he fills with dire dismay;
He mounts his car, and calls his hosts away;
Sunk with Troy's heavy fates, he sees decline
The scales of Jove, and pants with awe divine. 800

Then, nor before, the hardy Lycians fled,
And left their monarch with the common dead:
Around, in heaps on heaps, a dreadful wall
Of carnage rises, as the heroes fall:
(So Jove decreed!) at length the Greeks obtain
The prize contested, and despoil the slain,
The radiant arms are by Patroclus borne,
Patroclus' ships the glorious spoils adorn.

Then thus to Phæbus, in the realms above, Spoke from his throne the cloud-compelling Jove. 810 Descend, my Phæbus! on the Phrygian plain, And from the fight convey Sarpedon slain; Then bathe his body in the crystal flood With dust dishonour'd, and deform'd with blood: O'er all his limbs ambrosial odours shed, 815 And with celestial robes adorn the dead. Those rites discharg'd, his sacred corse bequeath To the soft arms of silent Sleep and Death: They to his friends the mournful charge shall bear, His friends a tomb and pyramid shall rear; 820 What honours mortals after death receive, Those unavailing honours we may give!

Apollo

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S	1L	IA	D.
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Apollo bows, and from mount Ida's height, Swift to the field precipitates his flight; Thence from the war the breathless hero bore, 825 Veil'd in a cloud, to silver Simoïs' shore; There bath'd his honourable wounds, and drest His manly members in th' immortal vest; And with perfumes of sweet ambrosial dews, Restores his freshness, and his form renews. 830 Then Sleep and Death, two twins of winged race, Of matchless swiftness, but of silent pace, Receiv'd Sarpedon, at the God's command, And in a moment reach'd the Lycian land; The corse amidst his weeping friends they laid, 835 Where endless honours wait the sacred shade.

Meanwhile Patroclus pours along the plains,
With foaming coursers, and with loosen'd reins.
Fierce on the Trojan and the Lycian crew,
Ah blind to fate! thy headlong fury flew: 840
Against what Fate and pow'rful Jove ordain,
Vain was thy friend's command, thy courage vain.
For he, the God, whose counsels uncontroll'd,
Dismay the mighty, and confound the bold:
The God who gives, resumes, and orders all,
He urg'd thee on, and urg'd thee on to fall.

Who first, brave hero! by that arm was slain, Who last, beneath thy vengeance press'd the plain; When heav'n itself thy fatal fury led, And call'd to fill the number of the dead?

Adrestus

138

The Greek obeys him, and with awe retires: While Hector checking at the Scæan gates . His panting coursers, in his breast debates, Or in the field his forces to employ, Or draw the troops within the walls of Troy. Thus while he thought, beside him Phœbus stood, In Asius' shape, who reign'd by Sangar's flood; Thy brother, Hecuba! from Dymas sprung, 875 A valiant warriour, haughty, bold, and young. Thus he accosts him. What a shameful sight! Gods! is it Hector that forbears the fight?

Were

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	139
Were thine my vigour, this successful spear	
Should soon convince thee of so false a fear.	880
Turn thee, ah turn thee to the field of fame,	
And in Patroclus' blood efface thy shame.	
Perhaps Apollo shall thy arms succeed,	
And heav'n ordains him by thy lance to bleed.	
So spoke th' inspiring God; then took his flig	ght,
And plung'd amidst the tumult of the fight.	886
He bids Cebrion drive the rapid car;	
The lash resounds, the coursers rush to war.	
The God the Grecians' sinking souls deprest,	
And pour'd swift spirits thro' each Trojan breas	t. 890
Patroclus lights, impatient for the fight;	
A spear his left, a stone employs his right:	
With all his nerves he drives it at the foe;	
Pointed above, and rough and gross below:	
The falling ruin crush'd Cebrion's head,	895
The lawless offspring of king Priam's bed;	
His front, brows, eyes, one undistinguish'd wou	nd:
The bursting balls drop sightless to the ground.	
The charioteer, while yet he held the rein,	
Struck from the car, falls headlong on the plain.	890
To the dark shades the soul unwilling glides,	
While the proud victor thus his fall derides.	,
Good heav'ns! what active feats yon' artist sh	iows?
What skilful divers are our Phrygian foes!	
Mark with what ease they sink into the sand!	905
Pity! that all their practice is by land.	,
	Then

Then rushing sudden on his prostrate prize. To spoil the carcase fierce Patroclus flies: Swift as a lion, terrible and bold, That sweeps the fields, depopulates the fold: Pierc'd thro' the dauntless heart, then tumbles slain; And from his fatal courage finds his bane, At once bold Hector leaping from his car, Defends the body, and provokes the war. Thus for some slaughter'd hind, with equal rage, 915 Two lordly rulers of the wood engage; Stung with fierce hunger, each the prey invades, And echoing roars rebellow thro' the shades. Stern Hector fastens on the warriour's head. And by the foot Patroclus drags the dead. 920 While all around, confusion, rage, and fright Mix the contending hosts in mortal fight. So pent by hills, the wild winds roar aloud In the deep bosom of some gloomy wood; Leaves, arms, and trees aloft in air are blown, 925 The broad oaks crackle, and the Silvans groan; Tis way and that, the ratt'ling thicket bends, And the whole forest in one crash descends. Not with less noise, with less tumultuous rage, In dreadful shock the mingled hosts engage. 930 Darts show'r'd on darts, now round the carcase ring, Now flights of arrows bounding from the string: Stones follow stones; some clatter on the fields, Some hard, and heavy, shake the sounding shields.

But,

But where the rising whirlwind clouds the plains,
Sunk in soft dust the mighty chief remains, 936
And stretch'd in death forgets the guiding reins!

Now flaming from the zenith, Sol had driv'n His fervid orb thro' half the vault of heav'n; While on each host with equal tempest fell 940-The show'ring darts, and numbers sunk to hell. But when his evining wheels o'erhung the main, Glad conquest rested on the Grecian train. Then from amidst the tumult and alarms, They draw the conquer'd corse, and radiant arms. Then rash Patroclus with new fury glows, 946 And breathing slaughter, pours amid the foes. Thrice on the press like Mars himself he flew, And thrice three heroes at each onset slew. There ends thy glory! there the Fates untwine 950 The last, black remnant of so bright a line: Apollo dreadful stops thy middle way; Death calls, and heav'n allows no longer day! For lo! the God in dusky clouds enshrin'd,

Approaching dealt a stagg'ring blow behind. 955
The weighty shock his neck and shoulders feel;
His eyes flash sparkles, his stunn'd senses reel
In giddy darkness: far to distance flung,
His bounding helmet on the champain rung.
Achilles' plume is stain'd with dust and gore; 960
That plume, which never stoop'd to earth before,

Long us'd, untouch'd, in fighting fields to shine,
And shade the temples of the man divine.
Jove dooms it now on Hector's helm to nod;
Not long—for Fate pursues him, and the God. 965

His spear in shivers falls; his ample shield Drops from his arm: his baldrick strows the field: The corselet his astonish'd breast forsakes: Loose is each joint; each nerve with horrour shakes. Stupid he stares, and all-assistless stands: 970 Such is the force of more than mortal hands!

A Dardan youth there was, well known to fame, From Panthus sprung, Euphorbus was his name: Fam'd for the manage of the foaming horse, Skill'd in the dart, and matchless in the course: 975 Full twenty knights he tumbl'd from the car, While yet he learn'd his rudiments of war. His vent'rous spear first drew the hero's gore; He struck, he wounded, but he durst no more; Nor tho' disarm'd, Patroclus' fury stood: But swift withdrew the long-protended wood, And turn'd him short, and herded in the croud. Thus, by an arm divine, and mortal spear, Wounded at once; Patroclus yields to fear, Retires for succour to his social train. 985 And flies the fate, which heav'n decreed, in vain. Stern Hector, as the bleeding chief he views, Breaks thro' the ranks, and his retreat pursues:

BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

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The lance arrests him with a mortal wound;
He falls, earth thunders, and his arms resound. 990
With him all Greece was sunk; that moment all
Her yet-surviving heroes seem'd to fall.
So scorch'd with heat along the desert shore,
The roaming lion meets a bristly boar,
Fast by the spring; they both dispute the flood, 995
With flaming eyes, and jaws besmear'd with blood;
At length the sov'reign savage wins the strife,
And the torn boar resigns his thirst and life.
Patroclus thus, so many chiefs o'erthrown,
So many lives effus'd, expires his own. 1000
As dving now at Hector's feet he lies,

He sternly views him, and triumphing cries:

Lie there, Patroclus! and with thee, the joy
Thy pride once promis'd, of subverting Troy;
The fancy'd scenes of Ilion wrapt in flames, 1005
And thy soft pleasures serv'd with captive dames!
Unthinking man! I fought, those tow'rs to free,
And guard that beauteous race from lords like thee:
But thou a prey to vultures shall be made!
Thy own Achilles cannot lend thee aid; 1010
Tho' much at parting that great chief might say,
And much enjoin thee, this important day.

"Return not, my brave friend (perhaps he said)
"Without the bloody arms of Hector dead."
He spoke, Patroclus march'd, and thus he sped.

Supine and wildly gazing on the skies, 1016 With faint, expiring breath, the chief replies.

Vain boaster! cease, and know the pow'rs divine; Jove's and Apollo's is this deed, not thine; To heav'n is ow'd whate'er your own you call, And heav'n itself disarm'd me ere my fall. Had twenty mortals each thy match in might, Oppos'd me fairly, they had sunk in fight: By Fate and Phoebus was I first o'erthrown, Euphorbus next; the third mean part thy own. 1025 But thou, imperious! hear my latest breath; The Gods inspire it, and it sounds thy death. Insulting man! thou shalt be soon, as I; Black fate hangs o'er thee, and thy hour draws nigh; Ev'n now on life's last verge I see thee stand, 1030 I see thee fall, and by Achilles' hand.

He faints; the soul unwilling wings her way,
(The beauteous body left a load of clay)

Flits to the lone, uncomfortable coast;
A naked, wand'ring, melancholy ghost!

Then Hector pausing, as his eyes he fed On the pale carcase, thus address'd the dead.

From whence this boding speech, the stern decree
Of death denounc'd, or why denounc'd to me?
Why not as well Achilles' fate be giv'n
1040
To Hector's lance? Who knows the will of heav'n?

Pensive he said; then pressing as he lay His breathless bosom, tore the lance away;

And

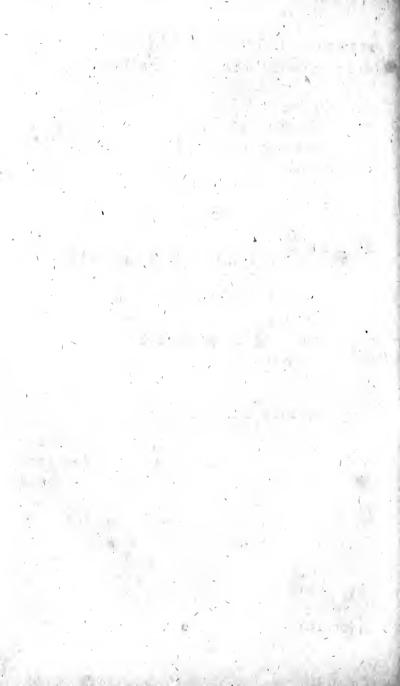
BOOK XVI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

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And upwards cast the corpse: the reeking spear
He shakes, and charges the bold charioteer.

1045
But swift Automedon with loosen'd reins
Rapt in the chariot o'er the distant plains,
Far from his rage th' immortal coursers drove;
Th' immortal coursers were the gift of Jove.

END OF THE SIXTEEN,TH BOOK.



THE

SEVENTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE SEVENTH BATTLE, FOR THE BODY OF PATROCLUS: THE ACTS OF MENELAUS.

Menelaus, upon the death of Patroclus, defends his body from the enemy: Euphorbus who attempts it, is slain. · Hector advancing, Menelaus retires; but soon returns with Ajax, and drives him off. This Glaucus objects to Hector as a flight, who thereupon puts on the armour he had won from Patroclus, and renews the battle. The Greeks give way, till Ajax rallies them: Ancas sustains the Trojans. Ancas and Hector attempt the chariot of Achilles, which is borne off by Automedon. The horses of Achilles deplore the loss of Patroclus: Jupiter covers his body with a thick durkness: the noble prayer of Ajax on that occasion. Menclaus sends Antilochus to Achilles, with the news of Patroclus' death: then returns to the fight, where, though attacked with the utmost fury, he and Meriones assisted by the Ajaxes, bear off the body to the ships.

The time is the evening of the eight and twentieth day.

The scene lies in the fields before Troy.

SEVENTEENTH BOOK,

OF THE

ILIAD.

ON the cold earth divine Patroclus spread,
Lies pierc'd with wounds among the vulgar dead.
Great Menelaüs, touch'd with gen'rous woe,
Springs to the front, and guards him from the foe:
Thus round her new-fall'n young the heifer moves,
Fruit of her throes, and first-born of her loves;
And anxious, (helpless as he lies, and bare)
Turns, and re-turns her, with a mother's care.
Oppos'd to each that near the carcase came,
His broad shield glimmers, and his lances flame.

The son of Panthus skill'd the dart to send

The son of Panthus skill'd the dart to send, Eyes the dead hero, and insults the friend. This hand, Atrides, laid Patroclus low; Warriour! desist, nor tempt an equal blow: To me the spoils my prowess won, resign; Depart with life, and leave the glory mine.

The Trojan thus: the Spartan monarch burn'd With gen'rous anguish, and in scorn return'd.

Laugh'st

Laught'st thou not, Jove! from thy superiour throne, When mortals boast of prowess not their own? 20 Not thus the lion glories in his might, Nor panther braves his spotted foe in fight, Nor thus the boar (those terrours of the plain) Man only vaunts his force, and vaunts in vain. But far the vainest of the boastful kind 25 These sons of Panthus vent their haughty mind. Yet 'twas but late, beneath my conqu'ring steel This boaster's brother, Hyperenor, fell: Against our arm which rashly he defy'd, Vain was his vigour, and as vain his pride. 30 These eyes beheld him on the dust expire, No more to chear his spouse, or glad his sire. Presumptuous youth! like his shall be thy doom, Go, wait thy brother to the Stygian gloom; Or while thou may'st, avoid the threaten'd fate; 35 Fools stay to feel it, and are wise too late. Unmov'd, Euphorbus thus: That action known,

Come, for my brother's blood repay thy own.

His weeping father claims thy destin'd head,
And spouse, a widow in her bridal bed.

On these thy conquer'd spoils I shall bestow,
To sooth a consort's, and a parent's woe.

No longer then defer the glorious strife,
Let heav'n decide our fortune, fame, and life.

Swift as the word the missile lance he flings,

The well-aim'd weapon on the buckler rings,

But

45

40

HOMER'S ILIAD. 151 BOOK XVII. But blunted by the brass innoxious falls. On Jove the father, great Atrides calls, Nor flies the javelin from his arm in vain, It pierc'd his throat, and bent him to the plain; 50 Wide thro' the neck appears the grisly wound, Prone sinks the warriour, and his arms resound. The shining circlets of his golden hair, Which ev'n the Graces might be proud to wear, Instarr'd with gems and gold, bestrow the shore, 55 With dust dishonour'd, and deform'd with gore. As the young olive, in some silvan scene, Crown'd by fresh fountains with eternal green, Lifts the gay head, in snowy flow'rets fair, And plays and dances to the gentle air; 60 When lo! a whirlwind from high heav'n invades The tender plant, and withers all its shades; It lies uprooted from its genial bed, A lovely ruin now defac'd and dead, Thus young, thus beautiful, Euphorbus lay, 65 While the fierce Spartan tore his arms away. Proud of his deed, and glorious in the prize, Affrighted Troy the tow'ring victor flies: Flies, as before some mountain lion's ire The village curs, and trembling swains retire; 70 When o'er the slaughter'd bull they hear him roar, And see his jaws distil with smoking gore; All pale with fear, at distance scatter'd round, They shout incessant, and the vales resound. Meanwhile

Slain in my cause, and for my honour slain?

Desert

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	153
Desert the arms, the reliques of my friend?	
Or singly, Hector and his troops attend?	
Sure where such partial favour heav'n bestow'd,	105
To brave the hero were to brave the God:	
Forgive me, Greece, if once I quit the field;	(F.)
'Tis not to Hector, but to heav'n I yield.	
Yet, nor the God, nor heav'n, should give me fe	ar,
Did but the voice of Ajax reach my ear:	110
Still would we turn, still battle on the plains,	
And give Achilles all that yet remains	
Of his and our Patroclus—This, no more,	
The time allow'd: Troy thicken'd on the shore,	
A sable scene! The terrours Hector led.	115
Slow he recedes, and sighing, quits the dead.	
So from the fold th' unwilling lion parts,	
Forc'd by loud clamours, and a storm of darts;	
He flies indeed, but threatens as he flies,	
With heart indignant, and retorted eyes.	120
Now enter'd in the Spartan ranks, he turn'd	
His manly breast, and with new fury burn'd,	
O'er all the black battalions sent his view,	-
And thro' the cloud the god-like Ajax knew;	
Where lab'ring on the left the warriour stood,	125
All grim in arms, and cover'd o'er with blood,	
There breathing courage, where the God of day	
Had sunk each heart with terrour and dismay.	1.3
To him the king. O Ajax, oh my friend!	
Haste, and Patroclus' lov'd remains defend:	130
	The

The body to Achilles to restore,
Demands our care; alas! we can no more!
For naked now, despoil'd of arms he lies;
And Hector glories in the dazling prize.
He said, and touch'd his heart. The raging pair 135
Pierce the thick battle, and provoke the war.
Already had stern Hector seiz'd his head,
And doom'd to Trojan dogs th' unhappy dead;
But soon as Ajax rear'd his tow'r-like shield,
Sprung to his car, and measur'd back the field.
His train to Troy the radiant armour bear,
To stand a trophy of his fame in war.

Meanwhile great Ajax (his broad shield display'd)
Guards the dead hero with the dreadful shade;
And now before, and now behind he stood:
145
Thus in the center of some gloomy wood,
With many a step the lioness surrounds
Her tawny young, beset by men and hounds;
Elate her heart, and rousing all her pow'rs,
Dark o'er the fiery balls each hanging eye-brow low'rs.
Fast by his side, the gen'rous Spartan glows
With great revenge, and feeds his inward woes.

But Glaucus, leader of the Lycian aids,
On Hector frowning, thus his flight upbraids.
Where now in Hector shall we Hector find?
A manly form, without a manly mind.
Is this, O chief! a hero's boasted fame?
How vain, without the merit, is the name?

Since

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	155
Since battle is renounc'd, thy thoughts employ	
What other methods may preserve thy Troy:	160
Tis time to try if Ilion's state can stand	
By thee alone, nor ask a foreign hand;	
Mean, empty boast! but shall the Lycians stake	
Their lives for you? those Lycians you forsake?	
What from thy thankless arms can we expect?	165
Thy friend Sarpedon proves thy base neglect:	
Say, shall our slaughter'd bodies guard your wall	S,
While unreveng'd the great Sarpedon falls?	
Ev'n where he dy'd for Troy, you left him ther	e,
A feast for dogs, and all the fowls of air.	170
On my command if any Lycian wait,	
Hence let him march, and give up Troy to fate.	
Did such a spirit as the Gods impart	
Impel one Trojan hand, or Trojan heart;	
(Such, as should burn in ev'ry soul, that draws	175
The sword for glory, and his country's cause)	
Ev'n yet our mutual arms we might employ,	
And drag yon' carcase to the walls of Troy.	
Oh! were Patroclus ours, we might obtain	
Sarpedon's arms, and honour'd corse again!	180
Greece with Achilles' friend should be repaid,	
And thus due honours purchas'd to his shade.	
But words are vain—Let Ajax once appear,	
And Hector trembles and recedes with fear;	
Thou dar'st not meet the terrours of his eye;	135
And lo! already thou prepar'st to fly.	4
1	The

The Trojan chief with fix'd resentment ey'd

The Lycian leader, and sedate reply'd,

Say, is it just (my friend) that Hector's ear From such a warriour such a speech should hear? 190 I deem'd thee once the wisest of thy kind. But ill this insult suits a prudent mind. I shun great Ajax? I desert my train? 'Tis mine to prove the rash assertion vain: I joy to mingle where the battle bleeds. 195 And hear the thunder of the sounding steeds. But Jove's high will is ever uncontroll'd, The strong he withers, and confounds the bold: Now crowns with fame the mighty man, and now Strikes the fresh garland from the victor's brow! 200 Come, thro' yon' squadrons let us hew the way, And thou be witness, if I fear to-day; If yet a Greek the sight of Hector dread, Or yet their hero dare defend the dead.

Then turning to the martial hosts, he cries, 205
Ye Trojans, Dardans, Lycians, and allies!
Be men (my friends) in action as in name,
And yet be mindful of your ancient fame.
Hector in proud Achilles' arms shall shine,
'Torn from his friend, by right of conquest mine. 210

He strode along the field, as thus he said: (The sable plumage nodded o'er his head)
Swift thro' the spacious plain he sent a look:
One instant saw, one instant overtook

The

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	157
The distant band, that on the sandy shore	215
The radiant spoils to sacred Ilion bore.	
There his own mail unbrac'd the field bestrow'd;	
His train to Troy convey'd the massy load.	
Now blazing in th' immortal arms he stands,	
The work and present of celestial hands;	220
By aged Peleus to Achilles given,	
As first to Peleus by the court of heav'n:	
His father's arms not long Achilles wears,	
Forbid by Fate to reach his father's years.	
Him, proud in triumph, glitt'ring from afar,	225
The God whose thunder rends the troubled air,	
Beheld with pity; as apart he sat,	
And conscious, look'd thro' all the scene of fate.	
He shook the sacred honours of his head;	-
Olympus trembl'd, and the Godhead said.	230
Ah wretched man! unmindful of thy end!	
A moment's glory! and what Fates attend?	
In heav'nly panoply divinely bright	
Thou stand'st, and armies tremble at thy sight,	
As at Achilles' self! beneath thy dart	235
Lies slain the great Achilles' dearer part:	
Thou from the mighty dead those arms hast torn,	
Which once the greatest of mankind had worn.	
Yet live! I give thee one illustrious day,	2.4.2
A blaze of glory, ere thou fad'st away.	240
For ah! no more Andromache shall come,	
With joyful tears to welcome Hector home;	2.7
VOL, II.	No

No more officious, with endearing charms, From thy tir'd limbs unbrace Pelides' arms!

Then with his sable brow he gave the nod, 245 That seals his word; the sanction of the God. The stubborn arms (by Jove's command dispos'd) Conform'd spontaneous, and around him clos'd; Fill'd with the God, enlarg'd his members grew, Thro' all his veins a sudden vigour flew. 250 The blood in brisker tides began to roll, And Mars himself came rushing on his soul. Exhorting loud thro' all the field he strode, And look'd, and mov'd, Achilles, or a God. Now Mesthles, Glaucus, Medon, he inspires, 255 Now Phorcys, Chromius, and Hippothous fires; The great Thersilochus like fury found, Asteropæus kindled at the sound, And Ennomus, in augury renown'd. Hear all ye hosts, and hear, unnumber'd bands 260 Of neighb'ring nations, or of distant lands! 'Twas not for state we summon'd you so far, To boast our numbers, and the pomp of war; Ye came to fight; a valiant foe to chase, 265 To save our present, and our future race. For this, our wealth, our products you enjoy, And glean the relicks of exhausted Troy. Now then to conquer or to die prepare, To die or conquer, are the terms of war.

BOOK NVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	159
Whatever hand shall win Patroclus slain,	270
Whoe'er shall drag him to the Trojan train,	
With Hector's self shall equal honours claim;	
With Hector part the spoil, and share the fame.	
Fir'd by his words, the troops dismiss their fea	ers,
They join, they thicken, they protend their spears;	
Full on the Greeks they drive in firm array,	
And each from Ajax hopes the glorious prey:	
Vain hope! what numbers shall the field o'ersprea	d,
What victims perish round the mighty dead?	
Great Ajax mark'd the growing storm from far,	280
And thus bespoke his brother of the war.	
Our fatal day, alas! is come (my friend)	
And all our wars and glories at an end!	
'Tis not this corse alone we guard in vain,	
Condemn'd to vultures on the Trojan plain;	285
We too must yield: the same sad fate must fall	
On thee, on me, perhaps (my friend) on all.	11
See what a tempest direful Hector spreads,	
And lo! it bursts, it thunders on our heads!	
Call on our Greeks, if any hear the call,	290
The bravest Greeks: this hour demands them all	•
The-warriour rais'd his voice, and wide aroun	d
The field re-echo'd the distressful sound.	
Oh chiefs! oh princes! to whose hand is giv'n	
The rule of men: whose glory is from heav'n!	205

Whom with due honours both Atrides grace: Ye guides and guardians of our Argive race!

All,

All, whom this well-known voice shall reach from far, All, whom I see not thro' this cloud of war; Come all! let gen'rous rage your arms employ, 300 And save Patroclus from the dogs of Troy.

Oïlean Ajax first the voice obey'd, Swift was his pace and ready was his aid; Next him Idomeneus, more slow with age, And Merion, burning with a hero's rage. 305 The long-succeeding numbers who can name? But all were Greeks, and eager all for fame. Fierce to the charge great Hector led the throng; Whole Troy embodied, rush'd with shouts along. Thus, when a mountain-billow foams and raves, 310 Where some swoln river disembogues his waves, Full in the mouth is stopp'd the rushing tide, The boiling ocean works from side to side, The river trembles to his utmost shore, And distant rocks rebellow to the roar. 315

Nor less resolv'd, the firm Achaian band
With brazen shields in horrid circles stand:
Jove, pouring darkness o'er the mingled fight,
Conceals the warriour's shining helms in Night:
To him, the chief for whom the hosts contend,
Had liv'd not hateful, for he liv'd a friend:
Dead he protects him with superiour care,
Nor dooms his carcase to the birds of air.

The first attack the Grecians scarce sustain, Repuls'd, they yield; the Trojans seize the slain:

Then

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	161
Then fierce they rally, to revenge led on	326
By the swift rage of Ajax Telamon.	
(Ajax to Peleus' son the second name,	,,
In graceful stature next, and next in fame.)	
With headlong force the foremost ranks he tore	330
So thro' the thicket bursts the mountain boar,	+
And rudely scatters, far to distance round,	
The frighted hunter and the baying hound.	
The son of Lethus, brave Pelasgus' heir,	
Hippothous, dragg'd the carcase thro' the war	; 33 5
The sinewy ancles bor'd, the feet he bound	
With thongs, inserted thro' the double wound	:
Inevitable fate o'ertakes the deed;	
Doom'd by great Ajax' vengeful lance to bleed	l;
It cleft the helmet's brazen cheeks in twain;	340
The shatter'd crest, and horse-hair strow the p	lain:
With nerves relax'd he tumbles to the ground;	
The brain comes gushing thro' the ghastly wou	ind:
He drops Patroclus' foot, and o'er him spread	
Now lies a sad companion of the dead:	345
Far from Larissa lies, his native air,	
And ill requites his parent's tender care.	200
Lamented youth! in life's first bloom he fell,	-
Sent by great Ajax to the shades of hell.	
Once more at Ajax, Hector's javelin flies;	350°
The Grecian marking, as it cuts the skies,	
Shun'd the descending death; which hissing or	1
Stretch'd in the dust the great Iphytus' son,	
₽ 3°	Schedius

The boldest warriour, and the noblest mind:

Schedius the brave, of all the Phocian kind

In little Panope for strength renown'd,

He held his seat, and rul'd the realms around.

Plung'd in his throat, the weapon drank his blood,

And deep transpiercing, thro' the shoulder stood; In clanging arms the hero fell, and all

The fields resounded with his weighty fall.

Phorcys, as slain Hippothous he defends,
The Telamonian lance his belly rends;
The hollow armour burst before the stroke,
And thro' the wound the rushing entrails broke. 365
In strong convulsions panting on the sands
He lies, and grasps the dust with dying hands.

Struck at the sight, recede the Trojan train:
The shouting Argives strip the heroes slain.
And now had Troy, by Greece compell'd to yield,
Fled to her ramparts, and resign'd the field; 371
Greece, in her native fortitude clate,
With Jove averse, had turn'd the scale of fate:
But Phæbus urg'd Æneas to the fight;
He seem'd like aged Periphas to sight: 375
(A herald in Anchises' love grown old,
Rever'd for prudence; and with prudence, bold.)

Thus he—What methods yet, oh chief! remain, To save your Troy, tho' heav'n it's fall ordain? *There have been heroes, who by virtuous care, 380 By valour, numbers, and by arts of war,

Have

355

HOMER'S ILIAD. 163 BOOK'XVII. Have forc'd the pow'rs to spare a sinking state, And gain'd at length the glorious odds of Fate. But you, when Fortune smiles, when Jove declares His partial favour, and assists your wars, 385 Your shameful efforts 'gainst yourselves employ, And force th' unwilling God to ruin Troy. Æneas thro' the form assum'd descries The pow'r conceal'd, and thus to Hector cries. Oh lasting shame! to our own fears a prey, 390 We seek our ramparts, and desert the day. A God (nor is he less) my bosom warms, And tells me Jove asserts the Trojan arms. He spoke, and foremost to the combat flew: The bold example all his hosts pursue. 395 Then first, Leocritus beneath him bled, In vain belov'd by valiant Lycomede; Who view'd his fall, and grieving at the chance, Swift to revenge it, sent his angry lance: The whirling lance, with vig'rous force addrest, 400 Descends, and pants in Apisaon's breast; From rich Pæonia's vales the warriour came, Next thee, Asteropeus! in place and fame. Asteropeus with grief beheld the slain, And rush'd to combat, but he rush'd in vain: 405 Indissolubly firm, around the dead, Rank within rank, on buckler buckler spread, And hemm'd with bristled spears, the Grecians stood;

A brazen bulwark, and an iron wood.

Great

164

1 .1.

Great Ajax eyes them with incessant care, 410 And in an orb contracts the crouded war, Close in their ranks commands to fight or fall, And stands the centre and the soul of all: Fixt on the spot they war; and wounded, wound: A sanguine torrent steeps the reeking ground; On heaps the Greeks, on heaps the Trojans bled, And thick'ning round 'em, rise the hills of dead. Greece, in close order, and collected might, Yet suffers least, and sways the wav'ring fight; Fierce as conflicting fires, the combat burns, 420 And now it rises, now it sinks by turns. In one thick darkness all the fight was lost; The sun, the moon, and all th' etherial host Seem'd as extinct: day ravish'd from their eyes, And all heav'n's splendours blotted from the skies. 425 Such o'er Patroclus' body hung the Night, The rest in sunshine fought, and open light: Unclouded there, th' aërial azure spread, No vapour rested on the mountain's head, The golden sun pour'd forth a stronger ray, 430 And all the broad expansion flam'd with day. Dispers'd around the plain, by fits they fight,

And here, and there, their scatter'd arrows light: But death and darkness o'er the carcase spread, There burn'd the war, and there the mighty bled. 435

Meanwhile the sons of Nestor, in the rear, (Their fellows routed) toss the distant spear,

And

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

165

And skirmish wide: so Nestor gave command,
When from the ships he sent the Pylian band.
The youthful brothers thus for fame contend,
Nor knew the fortune of Achilles' friend;
In thought they view'd him still, with martial joy,
Glorious in arms, and dealing deaths to Troy.

But round the corse, the heroes pant for breath,
And thick and heavy grows the work of death: 445
O'erlabour'd now, with dust, and sweat, and gore,
Their knees, their legs, their feet are cover'd o'er;
Drops follow drops, the clouds on clouds arise,
And carnage clogs their hands, and darkness fills their
eyes.

As when a slaughter'd bull's yet-reeking hide, 450 Strain'd with full force, and tugg'd from side to side, The brawny curriers stretch; and labour o'er, Th' extended surface, drunk with fat and gore; So tugging round the corpse both armies stood; The mangled body bath'd in sweat and blood: 455 While Greeks and Ilians equal strength employ, Now to the ships to force it, now to Troy. Not Pallas' self, her breast when fury warms, Nor he, whose anger sets the world in arms, Could blame this scene; such rage, such horrour reign'd; Such, Jove to honour the great dead ordain'd. 461 Achilles in his ships at distance lay,

Nor knew the fatal fortune of the day;

He, yet unconscious of Patroclus' fall,
In dust extended under Ilion's wall,
Expects him glorious from the conquer'd plain,
And for his wish'd return prepares in vain;
Tho' well he knew to make proud Ilion bend,
Was more than heav'n had destin'd to his friend:
Perhaps to him: this Thetis had reveal'd;
470
The rest, in pity to her son, conceal'd.

Still rag'd the conflict round the hero dead,
And heaps on heaps by mutual wounds they bled.
Curs'd be the man (ev'n private Greeks would say)
Who dares desert this well-disputed day!
475
First may the cleaving earth before our eyes
Gape wide, and drink our blood for sacrifice!
First perish all, ere haughty Troy shall boast
We lost Patroclus, and our glory lost.

Thus they. While with one voice the Trojans said, Grant this day, Jove! or heap us on the dead! 481 Then clash their sounding arms; the clangors rise,

And shake the brazen concave of the skies.

Meantime, at distance from the scene of blood,
The pensive steeds of great Achilles stood:
Their god-like master slain before their eyes,
They wept and shar'd in human miseries.
In vain Automedon now shakes the rein,
Now plies the lash, and soothes and threats in vain;
Nor to the fight, nor Hellespont they go,
Restive they stood, and obstinate in woe:

Still

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	167
Still as a tomb-stone, never to be mov'd,	
On some good man, or woman unreprov'd	
Lays its eternal weight; or fix'd as stands	
A marble courser by the sculptor's hands,	495
Plac'd on the hero's grave. Along their face,	
The big round drops cours'd down with silent pac	ce,
Conglobing on the dust. Their manes, that late	
Circled their arched necks, and wav'd in state,	
Trail'd on the dust beneath the yoke were spread,	
And prone to earth was hung their languid head:	
Nor Jove disdain'd to cast a pitying look,	
While thus relenting to the steeds he spoke.	
Unhappy coursers of immortal strain!	
Exempt from age, and deathless now in vain;	505
Did we your race on mortal man bestow,	
Only alas! to share in mortal woe?	
For ah! what is there, of inferiour birth,	
That breathes or creeps upon the dust of earth;	
What wretched creature of what wretched kind,	510
Than man more weak, calamitous and blind?	
A miserable race! but cease to mourn:	
For not by you shall Priam's son be borne	
High on the splendid car: one glorious prize	
He rashly boasts; the rest our will denies.	515
Ourself will swiftness to your nerves impart,	
Ourself with rising spirits swell your heart.	
Automedon your rapid flight shall bear	
Safe to the navy thro' the storm of war.	70
	For

For yet 'tis giv'n to Troy, to ravage o'er
The field, and spread her slaughters to the shore;
The sun shall see her conquer, 'till his fall
With sacred darkness shades the face of all.

With sacred darkness shades the face of all.

He said; and breathing in th' immortal horse

Excessive spirit, urg'd 'em to the course; 525

From their high manes they shake the dust, and bear

The kindling chariot thro' the parted war:

So flies a vulture thro' the clam'rous train

Of geese, that scream, and scatter round the plain.

From danger now with swiftest speed they flew, 530

And now to conquest with like speed pursue;

Sole in the seat the charioteer remains,

Now plies the javelin, now directs the reins:

Him brave Alcimedon beheld distrest,

Approach'd the chariot, and the chief addrest. 535

What God provokes thee, rashly thus to dare, Alone, unaided, in the thickest war?

Alas! thy friend is slain, and Hector wields

Achilles' arms triumphant in the fields.

In happy time (the charioteer replies) 540
The bold Alcimedon now greets my eyes;
No Greek like him, the heav'nly steeds restrains,
Or holds their fury in suspended reins:
Patroclus, while he liv'd, their rage could tame,
But now Patroclus is an empty name! 545
To thee I yield the seat, to thee resign
The ruling charge: the task of fight be mine.

He

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD. 169

He said. Alcimedon, with active heat,
Snatches the reins, and vaults into the seat.
His friend descends. The chief of Troy descry'd, 550
And call'd Æneas fighting near his side.
Lo, to my sight beyond our hope restor'd,
Achilles' car, deserted of its lord!
The glorious steeds our ready arms invite,
Scarce their weak drivers guide them thro' the fight:
Can such opponents stand, when we assail?
556
Unite thy force, my friend, and we prevail.

The son of Venus to the counsel yields;
Then o'er their backs they spread their solid shields;
With brass refulgent the broad surface shin'd, 560
And thick bull-hides the spacious concave lin'd.
Them Chromius follows, Aretus succeeds,
Each hopes the conquest of the lofty steeds;
In vain, brave youths, with glorious hopes ye burn,
In vain advance! not fated to return. 565

Unmov'd, Automedon attends the fight,
Implores th' Eternal, and collects his might.
Then turning to his friend, with dauntless mind:
Oh keep the foaming coursers close behind!
Full on my shoulders let their nostrils blow,
For hard the fight, determin'd is the foe;
'Tis Hector comes; and when he seeks the prize,
War knows no mean: he wins it, or he dies.

Then thro' the field he sends his voice aloud,
And calls th' Ajaces from the warring croud,
VOL. II. Q With

With great Atrides. Hither turn (he said)
Turn where distress demands immediate aid;
The dead, encircled by his friends, forego,
And save the living, from a fiercer foe.
Unhelp'd we stand, unequal to engage
The force of Hector, and Æneas' rage:
Yet mighty as they are, my force to prove
Is only mine: th' event belongs to Jove.

He spoke, and high the sounding javelin flung,
Which pass'd the shield of Aretus the young; 585
It pierc'd his belt, emboss'd with curious art;
Then in the lower belly stuck the dart.
As when a pond'rous ax descending full,
Cleaves the broad forehead of some brawny bull;
Struck 'twixt the horns, he springs with many a bound,
Then tumbling rolls enormous on the ground: 591
Thus fell the youth; the air his soul receiv'd,
And the spear trembled as his entrails heav'd.

Now at Automedon the Trojan foe
Discharg'd his lance; the meditated blow, 593
Stooping, he shunn'd; the javelin idly fled,
And hiss'd innoxious o'er the hero's head:
Deep rooted in the ground, the forceful spear
In long vibrations spent its fury there.
With clashing falchions now the chiefs had clos'd, 600
But each brave Ajax heard, and interpos'd;
Nor longer Hector with his Trojans stood,
But left their slain companion in his blood:

His

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	171
His arms Automedon divests, and cries,	
Accept, Patroclus, this mean sacrifice.	605
Thus have I sooth'd my griefs, and thus have I	paid,
Poor as it is, some off'ring to thy shade.	
So looks the lion o'er a mangled boar,	
All grim with rage, and horrible with gore;	
High on the chariot at one bound he sprung,	619
And o'er his seat the bloody trophies hung.	
And now Minerva, from the realms of air	
Descends impetuous, and renews the war;	
For, pleas'd at length the Grecian arms to aid,	
The lord of Thunders sent the blue-ey'd Maid.	615
As when high Jove denouncing future woe,	
O'er the dark clouds extends his purple bow,	
(In sign of tempests from the troubled air,	
Or from the rage of man, destructive war)	
The drooping cattle dread th' impending skies,	620
And from his half-till'd field the lab'rer flies.	
In such a form the Goddess round her drew,	
A livid cloud, and to the battle flew.	
Assuming Phænix' shape, on earth she falls,	
And in his well-known voice to Sparta calls.	625
And lies Achilles' friend belov'd by all,	
A prey to dogs beneath the Trojan wall?	
What shame to Greece for future times to tell,	
To thee the greatest, in whose cause he fell!	
O chief, oh father! (Atreus' son replies)	650
O full of days! by long experience wise!	
0.2	What

What more desires my soul, than here unmov'd, To guard the body of the man I lov'd? Ah would Minerva send me strength to rear This weary'd arm, and ward the storm of war! 635 But Hector, like the rage of fire we dread, And Jove's own glories blaze around his head.

Pleas'd to be first of all the pow'rs addrest,
She breathes new vigour in her hero's breast,
And fills with keen revenge, with fell despight, 640
Desire of blood, and rage, and lust of fight.
So burns the vengeful hornet (soul all o'er)
Repuls'd in vain, and thirsty still of gore;
(Bold son of Air and Heat) on angry wings
Untam'd, untir'd, he turns, attacks, and stings. 645
Fir'd with like ardour fierce Atrides flew,
And sent his soul with ev'ry lance he threw.

There stood a Trojan, not unknown to fame, Ection's son, and Podes was his name; With riches honour'd, and with courage blest, By Hector lov'd, his comrade, and his guest; Thro' his broad belt the spear a passage found, And pond'rous as he falls, his arms resound. Sudden at Hector's side Apollo stood, Like Phænops, Asius' son, appear'd the God; (Asius the great, who held his wealthy reign In fair Abydos, by the rolling main.)

Oh prince (he cry'd) oh foremost once in fame! What Grecian now shall tremble at thy name?

Dost

650

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD, 173
Dost thou at length to Menelaus yield, 660
A chief once thought no terrour of the field;
Yet singly, now, the long-disputed prize
He bears victorious, while our army flies.
By the same arm illustrious Podes bled;
The friend of Hector, unreveng'd, is dead! 665
This heard, o'er Hector spreads a cloud of woe,
Rage lifts his lance, and drives him on the foe.
But now th' Eternal shook his sable shield,
That shaded Ide, and all the subject field,
Beneath its ample verge. A rolling cloud 670
Involv'd the mount; the thunder roar'd aloud;
Th' affrighted hills from their foundations nod,
And blaze beneath the light'nings of the God:
At one regard of his all-seeing eye,
The vanquish'd triumph, and the victors fly. 678
Then trembled Greece: the flight Peneleus led;
For as the brave Bootian turn'd his head
To face the foe, Polydamas drew near,
And raz'd his shoulder with a shorten'd spear:
By Hector wounded, Leitus quits the plain, 680
Pierc'd thro' the wrist; and raging with the pain,
Grasps his once formidable lance in vain.
As Hector follow'd, Idomen addrest
The flaming javelin to his manly breast;
The brittle point before his corselet yields; 68.
Exulting Troy with clamour fills the fields:

174 High on his chariot as the Cretan stood. The son of Priam whirl'd the missive wood; But erring from its aim, th' impetuous spear Struck to the dust the squire and charioteer 690 Of martial Merion: Cœranus his name, Who left fair Lyctus for the fields of fame. On foot bold Merion fought; and now laid low, Had grac'd the triumph's of his Trojan foe; But the brave esquire the ready coursers brought, 695 And with his life his master's safety bought. Between his cheek and ear the weapon went, The teeth it shatter'd, and the tongue it rent. Prone from the seat he tumbles to the plain; His dying hand forgets the falling rein: 700 This Merion reaches, bending from the car, And urges to desert the hopeless war; Idomeneus consents: the lash applies; And swift the chariot to the navy flies. 705

Nor Ajax less the will of heav'n descry'd, And conquest shifting to the Trojan side, Turn'd by the hand of Jove. Then thus begun, To Atreus' seed, the god-like Telamon.

Alas! who sees not Jove's almighty hand Transfers the glory to the Trojan band? 710 Whether the weak or strong discharge the dart, He guides each arrow to a Grecian heart: Not so our spears: incessant tho' they rain, He suffers ev'ry lance to fall in vain.

Deserted

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	175
Deserted of the God, yet let us try	715
What human strength and prudence can supply;	
If yet this honour'd corse, in triumph borne,	
May glad: the fleets that hope not our return,	,
Who tremble yet, scarce rescu'd from their fates,	,
And still hear Hector thund'ring at their gates.	720
Some hero too must be dispatch'd to bear	,
The mournful message to Pelides' ear;	
For sure he knows not, distant on the shore,	,
His friend, his lov'd Patroclus, is no more.	
But such a chief I spy not thro' the host:	725
The men, the steeds, the armies, all are lost	
In gen'ral darkness—Lord of Earth and Air!	-
Oh king! oh father! hear my humble pray'r:	1
Dispel this cloud, the light of heav'n restore;	
Give me to see, and Ajax asks no more:	730
If Greece must perish, we thy will obey,	
But let us perish in the face of day!	
With tears the hero spoke, and at his pray'r	
The God relenting, clear'd the clouded air;	
Forth burst the sun with all-enlight'ning ray;	735
The blaze of armour flash'd against the day.	
Now, now, Atrides! cast around thy sight,	
If yet Antilochus survives the fight,	
Let him to great Achilles' ear convey	
The fatal news ——Atrides hastes away.	740
So turns the lion from the nightly fold,	
Tho' high in courage, and with hunger bold,	10
	Long

To

Long gall'd by herdsmen, and long vex'd by hounds, Stiff with fatigue, and fretted sore with wounds: The darts fly round him from an hundred hands, 745 And the red terrours of the blazing brands: 'Till late, reluctant, at the dawn of day Sour he departs, and quits th' untasted prey. So mov'd Atrides from his dang'rous place With weary limbs, but with unwilling pace; 750 The foe, he fear'd, might yet Patroclus gain, And much admonish'd, much adjur'd his train.

Oh guard these relicks to your charge consign'd, And bear the merits of the dead in mind: How skill'd he was in each obliging art; 755 The mildest manners, and the gentlest heart: He was, alas! but fate decreed his end; In death a hero, as in life a friend!

So parts the chief; from rank to rank he flew. And round on all sides sent his piercing view. 760 As the bold bird, endu'd with sharpest eye Of all that wing the mid aërial sky, The sacred eagle, from his walks above Looks down, and sees the distant thicket move; Then stoops, and sousing on the quiv'ring hare, 765 Snatches his life amid the clouds of air. Not with less quickness, his exerted fight Pass'd this, and that way, thro' the ranks of sight. Till on the left the chief he sought, he found; Chearing his men, and spreading deaths around. 770

HOMER'S ILIAD. 177 BOOK XVII. To him the king. Belov'd of Jove! draw near, For sadder tidings never touch'd thy ear, Thy eyes have witness'd, what a fatal turn! How Ilion triumphs, and th' Achaians mourn; This is not all: Patroclus, on the shore 775 Now pale and dead, shall succour Greece no more. Fly to the fleet, this instant fly, and tell The sad Achilles, how his lov'd-one fell: He too may haste the naked corpse to gain; The arms are Hector's, who despoil'd the slain. 780 The youthful warriour heard with silent woe, From his fair eyes the tears began to flow; Big with the mighty grief, he strove to say What sorrow dictates, but no word found way. To brave Laodocus his arms he flung, 785 Who near him wheeling, drove his steeds along; Then ran, the mournful message to impart, With tear-full eyes, and with dejected heart. Swift fled the youth: nor Menelaus stands. (Tho' sore distrest) to aid the Pylian bands; 790 But bids bold Thrasymede those troops sustain; Himself returns to his Patroclus slain. Gone is Antilochus (the hero said) But hope not, warriours for Achilles' aid: Tho' fierce his rage unbounded be his woe, 795 Unarm'd he fights not with the Trojan foe. 'Tis in our hands alone our hopes remain, 'Tis our own vigour must the dead regain;

And

And save ourselves, while with impetuous hate Troy pours along, and this way rolls our fate.

800

'Tis well (said Ajax) be it then thy care With Merion's aid, the weighty corse to rear; Myself, and my bold brother will sustain The shock of Hector and his charging train: Nor fear we armies, fighting side by side;

805

What Troy can dare, we have already try'd, Have try'd it, and have stood. The hero said. High from the ground the warriours heave the dead.

A gen'ral clamour rises at the sight:

810

Loud shout the Trojans, and renew the fight. Not fiercer rush along the gloomy wood, With rage insatiate and with thirst of blood, Voracious hounds, that many a length before Their furious hunters, drive the wounded boar; But if the savage turns his glaring eye,

815

They howl aloof, and round the forest fly.

Thus on retreating Greece the Trojans pour, Wave their thick falchions, and their javelins show'r:

But Ajax turning, to their fears they yield, All pale they tremble, and forsake the field.

820

While thus aloft the hero's corse they bear, Behind them rages all the storm of war; Confusion, tumult, horrour, o'er the throng Of men, steeds, chariots, urg'd the rout along: Less fierce the winds with rising flames conspire, 825 To whelm some city under waves of fire;

Now

BOOK XVII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	179
Now sink in gloomy clouds the proud abodes;	
Now crack the blazing temples of the Gods;	
The rumbling torrent thro' the ruin rolls,	
And sheets of smoke mount heavy to the poles.	830
The heroes sweat beneath their honour'd load:	Mic
As when two mules, along the rugged road,	
From the steep mountains with exerted strength	
Drag some vast beam, or mast's unwieldy length;	
Inly they groan, big drops of sweat distill,	835
Th' enormous timber lumb'ring down the hill:	
So these—Behind the bulk of Ajax stands,	
And breaks the torrent of the rushing bands.	
Thus when a river swell'd with sudden rains	
Spreads his broad waters o'er the level plains,	840
Some interposing hill the stream divides,	
And breaks its force, and turns the winding tides.	
Still close they follow, close the rear engage;	
Æneas storms, and Hector foams with rage:	
	\$45
Wedg'd in one body, like a flight of cranes,	
That shriek incessant while the falcon, hung	
High on pois'd pinions, threats their callow young	•
So from the Trojan chiefs the Grecians fly,	,
	850
Within, without the trench, and all the way,	
Strow'd in bright heaps, their arms and armour lay	7;
Such horrour Jove imprest! yet still proceeds	
The work of death, and still the battle bleeds.	
END OF THE SEVENTEENTH BOOK.	

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THE

EIGHTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE GRIEF OF ACHILLES, AND NEW ARMOUR MADE HIM BY VULCAN.

The news of the death of Patroclus is brought to Achilles by Antilochus. Thetis hearing his lamentations, comes with all her sea-nymphs to comfort him. The speeches of the mother and son on this occasion. Iris appears to Achilles by the command of Juno, and orders him to shew himself at the head of the intrenchments. The sight of him turns the fortune of the day, and the body of Patroclus is carried off by the Greeks. The Trojans call a council, where Hector and Polydamas disagree in their opinions; but the advice of the former prevails, to remain encamped in the field: the grief of Achilles over the body of Patroclus.

Thetis goes to the palace of Vulcan to obtain new arms for her son. The description of the wonderful works of Vulcan; and lastly, that noble one of the shield of Achilles.

The latter part of the nine and twentieth day, and the night ensuing, take up this book. The scene is at Achilles's tent on the sea-shore, from whence it changes to the palace of Vulcan.

THE

EIGHTEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

I HUS like the rage of fire the combat burns, And now it rises, now it sinks by turns. Meanwhile, where Hellespont's broad waters flow, Stood Nestor's son, the messenger of woe: There sat Achilles, shaded by his sails, On hoisted yards extended to the gales; Pensive he sat; for all that Fate design'd Rose in sad prospect to his boding mind. Thus to his soul he said. Ah! what constrains The Greeks, late victors, now to quit the plains? 10 Is this the day, which heav'n so long ago Ordain'd, to sink me with the weight of woe? (So Thetis warn'd) when by a Trojan hand The bravest of the Myrmidonian band Should lose the light? Fulfill'd is that decree; 15 Fall'n is the warriour, and Patroclus he! In vain I charg'd him soon to quit the plain, And warn'd to shun Hectorean force in vain!

Thus

Thus while he thinks, Antilochus appears, And tells the melancholy tale with tears. 20 Sad tidings, son of Peleus! thou must hear: And wretched I, th' unwilling messenger! Dead is Patroclus! For his corse they fight: His naked corse: his arms are Hector's right. A sudden horrour shot thro' all the chief, 25 And wrapt his senses in the cloud of grief; Cast on the ground, with furious hands he spread The scorching ashes o'er his graceful head; His purple garments, and his golden hairs, Those he deforms with dust, and these he tears: 30 On the hard soil his groaning breast he threw, And roll'd and grovel'd, as to earth he grew. The virgin captives, with disorder'd charms, (Won by his own, or by Patroclus' arms) 34 Rush'd from the tents with cries; and gath'ring round, Beat their white breasts, and fainted on the ground: While Nestor's son sustains a manlier part, And mourns the warriour with a warriour's heart; Hangs on his arms, amidst his frantick woe, And oft prevents the meditated blow. 40 Far in the deep abysses of the main, With hoary Nereus, and the wat'ry train, The mother Goddess from her crystal throne Heard his loud cries, and answer'd groan for groan. The circling Nereids with their mistress weep, 4.5

And all the sea-green sisters of the deep.

Thalia,

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	185
Thalia, Glauce, (ev'ry wat'ry name)	
Nesæa mild, and silver Spio came:	
Cymothoë and Cymodoce were nigh,	
And the blue languish of soft Alia's eye.	50
Their locks Actæa and Limnoria rear,	
Then Proto, Doris, Panope appear,	
Thoa, Pherusa, Doto, Melita;	100
Agave gentle, and Amphithoë gay:	-35
Next Callianira, Callianassa show	55
Their sister looks; Dexamene the slow,	
And swift Dynamene, now cut the tides:	
Iæra now the verdant wave divides:	
Nemertes with Apseudes lifts the head,	
Bright Galatea quits her pearly bed;	60
These Orythia, Clymene, attend,	
Mæra, Amphinome, the train extend;	
And black Janira, and Janassa fair,	
And Amatheia with her amber hair.	
All these, and all that deep in ocean held	65
Their sacred seats, the glimm'ring grotto fill'd;	
Each beat her iv'ry breast with silent woe,	
'Till Thetis sorrows thus began to flow:	
Hear me, and judge, ye sisters of the main!	
How just a cause has Thetis to complain!	70
How wretched, were I mortal, were my fate!	
How more than wretched in th' immortal state!	
Sprung from my bed a god-like hero came,	-
The bravest far that ever bore the name;	150
R 3	Like

A pleasure now? Revenge itself is lost;

Patroclus.

Patroclus, lov'd of all my martial train, Beyond mankind, beyond myself, is slain! Lost are those arms the Gods themselves bestow'd On Peleus; Hector bears the glorious load. 106 Curs'd be that day, when all the pow'rs above Thy charms submitted to a mortal love: Oh hadst thou still, a sister of the main, Pursa'd the pleasures of the wat'ry reign; 110 And happier Peleus, less ambitious, led A mortal beauty to his equal bed! Ere the sad fruit of thy unhappy womb Had caus'd such sorrows past, and woes to come. For soon alas! that wretched offspring slain, 115 New woes, new sorrows shall create again. 'Tis not in fate th' alternate now to give; Patroclus dead, Achilles hates to live. Let me revenge it on proud Hector's heart,		
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I cast all hope of my return away, 130	He fell, and falling, wish'd my aid in vain.	h.
	Ah then, since from this miserable day	1.0
Since.	I cast all hope of my return away,	130
		Since

Since unreveng'd, a hundred ghosts demand The fate of Hector from Achilles' hand: Since here, for brutal courage far renown'd. I live an idle burden to the ground. Others in council fam'd for nobler skill, 135 More useful to preserve, than I to kill) Let me-but oh! ye gracious Pow'rs above! Wrath and revenge from men and Gods remove: Far, far too dear to ev'ry mortal breast, Sweet to the soul, as honey to the taste; 140 Gath'ring like vapours of a noxious kind From fiery blood, and dark'ning all the mind. Me Agamemnon urg'd to deadly hate; 'Tis past—I quell it; I resign to fate. Yes-I will meet the murd'rer of my friend; 145 Or (if the Gods ordain it) meet my end. The stroke of fate the bravest cannot shun: The great Alcides, Jove's unequall'd son, To Juno's hate at length resign'd his breath, And sunk the victim of all-conqu'ring death. 150 So shall Achilles fall! stretch'd pale and dead, No more the Grecian hope, or Trojan dread! Let me, this instant, rush into the fields, And reap what glory life's short harvest yields. Shall I not force some widow'd dame to tear 155 With frantick hands her long dishevell'd hair? Shall I not force her breast to heave with sighs, And the soft tears to trickle from her eyes! Yes,

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	189
Yes, I shall give the fair those mournful charms-	
In vain you hold me—Hence! my arms, my arms	!
Soon shall the sanguine torrent spread so wide,	160
That all shall know, Achilles swells the tide.	
My son (coerulean Thetis made reply,	1
To fate submitting with a secret sigh).	- 7
The host to succour, and thy friends to save,	165
Is worthy thee; the duty of the brave.	
But can'st thou, naked, issue to the plains?	
Thy radiant arms the Trojan foe detains.	
Insulting Hector bears the spoils on high,	(=)
But vainly glories, for his fate is nigh.	170
Yet, yet awhile, thy gen'rous ardour stay;	
Assur'd, I meet thee at the dawn of day,	
Charg'd with refulgent arms (a glorious load)	
Vulcanian arms, the labour of a God.	
Then turning to the daughters of the main,	175
The Goddess thus dismiss'd her azure train.	
Ye sister Nereids! to your deeps descend;	
Haste, and our father's sacred seat attend;	
I go to find the architect divine,	
Where vast Olympus' starry summits shine:	180
So tell our hoary sire—This charge she gave:	
The sea-green sisters plunge beneath the wave:	
Thetis once more ascends the blest abodes,	- 55
And treads the brazen threshold of the Gods.	
And now the Greeks, from furious Hector's for	
Urge to broad Hellespont their headlong course:	
V.	Nor

Nor yet their chiefs Patroclus' body bore Safe thro' the tempest to the tented shore. The horse, the foot, with equal fury join'd, Pour'd on the rear, and thunder'd close behind; 190 And like a flame thro' fields of ripen'd corn, The rage of Hector o'er the ranks was borne. Thrice the slain hero by the foot he drew; Thrice to the skies the Trojan clamours flew: As oft' th' Ajaces his assault sustain; 195 But check'd, he turns; repuls'd, attacks again. With fiercer shouts his ling'ring troops he fires, Nor yields a step, nor from his post retires; So watchful shepherds strive to force, in vain, The hungry lion from a carcase slain. 200 Ev'n yet, Patroclus had he borne away, And all the glories of th' extended day; Had not high Juno, from the realms of air, Secret, dispatch'd her trusty messenger. 205 The various Goddess of the show'ry bow, Shot in a whirlwind to the shore below: To great Achilles at his ships she came, And thus began the many-colour'd dame. Rise, son of Peleus! rise divinely brave! Assist the combat, and Patroclus save: 210

Rise, son of Peleus! rise divinely brave!
Assist the combat, and Patroclus save:
For him the slaughter to the fleet they spread,
And fall by mutual wounds around the dead.
To drag him back to Troy the foe contends;
Nor with his death the rage of Hector ends:

A prey

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	
A prey to dogs he dooms the corse to lie,	
And marks the place to fix his head on high.	
Rise, and prevent (if yet thou think of fame))
Thy friends disgrace, thy own eternal shame	!
Who sends thee, Goddess! from th' etheria	al skies?
Achilles thus. And Iris thus replies.	220
I come, Pelides! from the queen of Jove,	,
Th' immortal Empress of the realms above;	
Unknown to him who sits remote on high,	
Unknown to all the synod of the sky.	
Thou com'st in vain, he cries (with fury warn	n'd) 225
Arms I have none, and can I fight unarm'd?	
Unwilling as I am, of force I stay,	
'Till Thetis bring me at the dawn of day	
Vulcanian arms. What other can I wield;	
Except the mighty Telamonian shield?	230
That, in my friend's defence, has Ajax spread	1,
While his strong lance around him heaps the c	lead:
The gallant chief defends Menœtius' son,	.3
And does, what his Achilles should have done	
Thy want of arms (said Iris) well we know	, 235
But tho' unarm'd, yet clad in terrours, go!	
Let but Achilles o'er yon' trench appear;	
Proud Troy shall tremble, and consent to fear:	6.5
Greece from one glance of that tremendous eye	2,
Shall take new courage, and disdain to fly.	. 240
She spoke, and past in air. The hero rose;	
Her Ægis, Pallas o'er his shoulder throws;	
7	Around

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XVIII.

ound his brows a golden cloud she spread: A stream of glory flam'd above his head. As when from some beleagur'd town arise 245 The smokes, high-curling to the shaded skies: (Seen from some island, o'er the main afar, When men distrest hang out the sign of war) Soon as the sun in ocean hides his rays, Thick on the hills the flaming beacons blaze: 250 With long-projected beams the seas are bright, And heav'n's high arch reflects the ruddy light: So from Achilles' head the splendours rise, Reflecting blaze on blaze against the skies. Forth march'd the chief, and distant from the croud. High on the rampart rais'd his voice aloud; 256 With her own shout Minerva swells the sound: Troy starts astonish'd, and the shores rebound. As the loud trumpet's brazen mouth from far With shrilling clangor sounds th' alarm of war, 260 Struck from the walls, the echoes float on high, And the round bulwarks and thick tow'rs reply; So high his brazen voice the hero rear'd: Hosts drop their arms, and tremble as they heard; And back the chariots roll, and coursers bound, 265 And steeds and men lie mingled on the ground. Aghast they see the living lightnings play, And turn their eye-balls from the flashing ray. Thrice from the trench his dreadful voice he rais'd: And thrice they fled, confounded and amaz'd. Twelve

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XVIII.

193

Twelve in the tumult wedg'd, untimely rush'd On their own spears, by their own chariots crush'd: While shielded from the darts, the Greeks obtain The long-contended carcase of the slain.

A lofty bier the breathless warriour bears:

275

280

285

290

295

Around, his sad companions melt in tears. But chief Achilles, bending down his head, Pours unavailing sorrows o'er the dead: Whom late triumphant with his steeds and car, He sent refulgent to the field of war; (Unhappy change!) now senseless, pale, he found, Stretch'd forth, and gash'd with many a gaping wound. Meantime, unweary'd with his heav'nly way, In ocean's waves th' unwilling light of day Quench'd his red orb, at Juno's high command, And from their labours eas'd th' Achaian band. The frighted Trojans (panting from the war, Their steeds unharness'd from the weary car) A sudden council call'd: each chief appear'd In haste, and standing; for to sit they fear'd. 'Twas now no season for prolong'd debate; They saw Achilles, and in him their fate. Silent they stood: Polydamas at last, Skill'd to discern the future by the past, The son of Panthus, thus express'd his fears; (The friend of Hector, and of equal years: The self-same night to both a being gave, One wise in council, one in action brave.)

In

In free debate, my friends, your sentence speak: For me, I move, before the morning break, 300 To raise our camp: too dang'rous here our post. Far from Troy walls, and on a naked coast. I deem not Greece so dreadful, while engag'd In mutual feuds, her king and hero rag'd; Then, while we hop'd our armies might prevail, 305 We boldly camp'd beside a thousand sail. I dread Pelides now: his rage of mind-Not long continues to the shores confin'd, Nor to the fields, where long in equal fray Contending nations won and lost the day; 310 For Troy, for Troy, shall henceforth be the strife, And the hard contest not for fame, but life. Haste then to Ilion, while the fav'ring night Detains those terrours, keeps that arm from fight; If but the morrow's sun behold us here, 315 That arm, those terrours, we shall feel, not fear; And hearts that now disdain, shall leap with joy, If heav'n permit them then to enter Troy. Let not my fatal prophecy be true, Nor what I tremble but to think, ensue. 320 Whatever be our fate, yet let us try What force of thought and reason can supply; Let us on council for our guard depend; The town, her gates and bulwarks shall defend. When morning dawns, our well-appointed pow'rs, 325 Array'd in arms, shall line the lofty tow'rs, Let

BOOK EVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	195
Let the fierce hero then, when Fury calls,	
Vent his mad vengeance on our rocky walls,	
Or fetch a thousand circles round the plain,	
'Till his spent coursers seek the fleet again:	330
So may his rage be tir'd, and labour'd down;	
And dogs shall tear him, ere he sack the town.	
Return? (said Hector, fir'd with stern disdain)	
What coop whole armies in our walls again?	
Was't not enough, ye valiant warriours say,	335
Nine years imprison'd in those tow'rs ye lay?	
Wide o'er the world was Ilion fam'd of old	
For brass exhaustless, and for mines of gold:	
But while inglorious in her walls we stay'd,	
Sunk were her treasures, and her stores decay'd;	340
The Phrygians now her scatter d spoils enjoy,	
And proud Mæonia wastes the fruits of Troy.	+
Great Jove at length my arms to conquest calls,	
And shuts the Grecians in their wooden walls:	
Dar'st thou dispirit whom the Gods incite?	345
Flies any Trojan? I shall stop his flight.	
To better counsel then attention lend;	
Take due refreshment, and the watch attend.	
If there be one whose riches cost him care,	
Forth let him bring them for the troops to share;	350
'Tis better gen'rously bestow'd on those,	
Than left the plunder of our country's foes.	
Soon as the morn the purple Orient warms,	
Fierce on yon' navy will we pour our arms.	1

If

196 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XV	III.
70 11:11 1 1 1 1 1	35 5
His be the danger: I shall stand the fight.	
Honour, ye Gods! or let me gain, or give;	
And live he glorious, whosoe'er shall live!	
Mars is our common Lord, alike to all;	
And oft' the victor triumphs, but to fall.	360
The shouting host in loud applauses join'd:	
So Pallas robb'd the Many of their mind:	
To their own sense condemn'd, and left to chuse	
The worst advice, the better to refuse.	
While the long Night extends her sable reign,	36 5
Around Patroclus mourn'd the Grecian train,	
Stern in superiour grief Pelides stood;	
Those slaught'ring arms, so us'd to bathe in blood	,
Now clasp his clay-cold limbs: then gushing start	
The tears, and sighs burst from his swelling heart.	370
The lion thus, with dreadful anguish stung,	
Roars thro' the desart, and demands his young;	
When the grim savage, to his rifled den	
Too late returning, snuffs the track of men,	
And o'er the vales and o'er the forest bounds;	375
His clam'rous grief the bellowing wood resounds.	
So grieves Achilles; and impetuous, vents	
To all his Myrmidons, his loud laments.	٧.
In what vain promise, Gods! did I engage,	
When to console Menœtius' feeble age,	380
I vow'd his much-lov'd offspring to restore,	
Charg'd with rich spoils, to fair Opuntia's shore?	

But -

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	197
But mighty Jove cuts short, with just disdain, -	
The long, long views of poor, designing man!	
One fate the warriour and the friend shall strike,	385
And Troy's black sands must drink our blood alik	e:
Me too, a wretched mother shall deplore,	
An aged father never see me more!	
Yet, my Patroclus! yet a space I stay,	
Then swift pursue thee on the darksome way.	390
Ere thy dear relicks in the grave are laid,	
Shall Hector's head be offer'd to thy shade;	
That, with his arms, shall hang before thy shrine	;
And twelve the noblest of the Trojan line,	
Sacred to vengeance, by this hand expire;	395
Their lives effus'd around thy flaming pyre.	
Thus let me lie 'till then! thus, closely prest,	
Bathe thy cold face, and sob upon thy breast!	
While Trojan captives here thy mourners stay,	
Weep all the night, and murmur all the day:	400
Spoils of my arms, and thine; when, wasting wic	le,
Our swords kept time, and conquer'd side by side	
He spoke, and bid the sad attendants round	
Cleanse the pale corse, and wash each honour'd wo	und.
A massy caldron of stupendous frame	405
They brought, and plac'd it o'er the rising flame	
Then heap the lighted wood; the flame divides	
Beneath the vase, and climbs around the sides:	
In its wide womb they pour the rushing stream;	
The boiling water bubbles to the brim.	410

The body then they bathe with pious toil,
Embalm the wounds, anoint the limbs with oil,
High on a bed of state extended laid,
And decent cover'd with a linen shade;
Last o'er the dead the milk-white veil they threw;
That done, their sorrows and their sighs renew. 410

Meanwhile to Juno, in the realms above, (His wife and sister) spoke almighty Jove.

At last thy will prevails: great Peleus' son
Rises in arms: such grace thy Greeks have won. 420
Say (for I know not) is their race divine,
And thou the mother of that martial line?

What words are these (th' imperial dame replies, While anger flash'd from her majestick eyes)

Succour like this a mortal arm might lend, 425

And such success mere human wit attend:

And shall not I, the second pow'r above,

Heav'n's Queen, and consort of the thund'ring Jove,

Say, shall not I, one nation's fate command,

Not wreak my vengeance on one guilty land? 430

So they. Meanwhile the silver-footed dame
Reach'd the Vulcanian dome, eternal frame!
High-eminent amid the works divine,
Where heav'n's far-beaming brazen mansions shine.
There the lame architect the goddess found,
Obscure in smoke, his forges flaming round,
While bath'd in sweat from fire to fire he flew;
And puffing loud, the roaring bellows blew.

That

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD. That day no common task his labour claim'd: Full twenty tripods for his hall he fram'd, 440 That plac'd on living wheels of massy gold, (Wond'rous to tell) instinct with spirit roll'd From place to place, around the blest abodes, Self-mov'd, obedient to the beck of Gods: For their fair handles now, o'er-wrought with flow'rs, In molds prepar'd, the glowing ore he pours. 445 Just as responsive to his thought, the frame Stood prompt to move, the azure Goddess came: Charis, his spouse, a grace divinely fair, (With purple fillets round her braided hair) 450 Observ'd her ent'ring; her soft hand she press'd, And smiling, thus the wat'ry queen addrest. What, Goddess! this unusual favour draws? All hail, and welcome! whatsoe'er the cause: 'Till now a stranger, in a happy hour, 455 Approach, and taste the dainties of the bow'r. High on a throne, with stars of silver grac'd, And various artifice, the queen she plac'd; A footstool at her feet: then calling, said, Vulcan draw near, 'tis Thetis asks your aid. 460 Thetis (reply'd the God) our pow'rs may claim, An ever-dear, and ever-honour'd name! When my proud mother hurl'd me from the sky, (My aukward form, it seems, displeas'd her eye) She, and Eurynome, my griefs redrest, 465 And soft receiv'd me on their silver breast. Ev'n

Thee,

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

Thee, welcome Goddess! what occasion calls, 495 (So long a stranger) to these honour'd walls? 'Tis thine, fair Thetis, the command to lay, And Vulcan's joy and duty to obey.

To whom the mournful mother thus replies, (The crystal drops stood trembling in her eyes) 500 Oh Vulcan! say, was ever breast divine So pierc'd with sorrows, so o'erwhelm'd as mine? Of all the Goddesses, did Jove prepare For Thetis only such a weight of care? I, only I, of all the wat'ry race, 505 By force subjected to a man's embrace, Who, sinking now with age and sorrow, pays The mighty fine impos'd on length of days. Sprung from my bed, a god-like hero came, The bravest sure that ever bore the name; 510 Like some fair plant beneath my careful hand He grew, he flourish'd, and he grac'd the land: To Troy I sent him! but his native shore Never, ah never, shall receive him more; (Ev'n while he lives, he wastes with secret woe) 515 Nor I, a Goddess, can retard the blow! Robb'd of the prize, the Grecian suffrage gave, The king of nations forc'd his royal slave: For this he griev'd; and till the Greeks opprest Requir'd his arm, he sorrow'd unredrest. 520 Large gifts they promise, and their elders send; In vain—He arms not, but permits his friend

His

His left with tongs turns the vex'd metal round,

And thick, strong strokes, the doubling vaults rebound.

Then

Then first he form'd th' immense and solid shield; 551 Rich various artifice emblaz'd the field: Its utmost verge a threefold circle bound, A silver chain suspends the massy round; Five ample plates the broad expanse compose, 555 And god-like labours on the surface rose. There shone the image of the Master-Mind: There earth, there heav'n, there ocean he design'd; Th' unweary'd sun, the moon compleatly round; The starry lights that heav'n's high convex crown'd, The Pleiads, Hyads, with the northern team; And great Orion's more refulgent beam; To which, around the axle of the sky, The Bear revolving, points his golden eye. Still shines exalted on th' ætherial plain, 565 Nor bathes his blazing forehead in the main. Two cities radiant on the shield appear,

The image one of peace, and one of war.

Here sacred pomp, and genial feast delight,
And solemn dance, and Hymenæal rite;
Along the street the new-made brides are led,
With torches flaming, to the nuptial bed:
The youthful dancers in a circle bound
To the soft flute, and cittern's silver sound:
Thro' the fair streets, the matrons in a row,
Stand in their porches, and enjoy the show.

There, in the Forum swarm a num'rous train, The subject of debate, a townsman slain:

One

575

One pleads the fine discharg'd, which one deny'd, And bade the publick and the laws decide: 580 The witness is produc'd on either hand: For this, or that, the partial people stand: Th' appointed heralds still the noisy bands. And form a ring, with scepters in their hands: On seats of stone, within the sacred place. 585 The rev'rend elders nodded o'er the case: Alternate, each th' attesting scepter took, And rising solemn, each his sentence spoke. Two golden talents lay amidst, in sight, The prize of him who best adjudg'd the right. 590 Another part (a prospect diff'ring far)

Glow'd with refulgent arms, and horrid war. Two mighty hosts a leaguer'd town embrace, And one would pillage, one would burn the place. Meantime the townsmen, arm'd with silent care, 595 A secret ambush on the foe prepare: Their wives, their children, and the watchful band Of trembling parents, on the turrets stand. They march; by Pallas and by Mars made bold: Gold were the Gods, their radiant garments gold, 600 And gold their armour: these the squadron led, August, divine, superiour by the head! A place for ambush fit, they found, and stood Cover'd with shields, beside a silver flood. Two spies at distance lurk, and watchful seem 605 If sheep or oxen seek the winding stream.

HOMER'S ILIAD. 205 BOOK XVIII. Soon the white flocks proceeded o'er the plains, And steers slow-moving, and two shepherd swains; Behind them, piping on their reeds, they go, 610 Nor fear an ambush, nor suspect a foe. In arms the glitt'ring squadron rising round, Rush sudden; hills of slaughter heap the ground, Whole flocks and herds lie bleeding on the plains, And, all amidst them, dead, the shepherd swains! 615 The bellowing oxen the besiegers hear; They rise, take horse, approach, and meet the war; They fight, they fall, beside the silver flood; The waving silver seem'd to blush with blood. There Tumult, there Contention stood confest; One rear'd a dagger at a captive's breast, 620 One held a living foe, that freshly bled With new-made wounds; another dragg'd a dead: Now here, now there, the carcasses they tore: Fate stalk'd amidst them, grim with human gore. And the whole war came out, and met the eye; And each bold figure seem'd to live or die. A field deep furrow'd, next the God design'd, The third time labour'd by the sweating hind; The shining shares full many ploughmen guide, And turn their crooked yokes on every side. 630

The third time labour'd by the sweating hind;
The shining shares full many ploughmen guide,
And turn their crooked yokes on every side.

630
Still as at either end they wheel around,
The master meets 'em with his goblet crown'd;
The hearty draught rewards, renews their toil,
Then back the turning plough-shares cleave the soil:

vol. 11.

Rehind.

Behind, the rising earth, in ridges roll'd; 635 And sable look'd, tho' form'd of molten gold.

Another field rose high with waving grain; With bending sickles stand the reaper-train: Here stretch'd in ranks the levell'd swarths are found, Sheaves, heap'd on sheaves, here thicken up the ground. With sweeping stroke the mowers strow the lands; The gath'rers follow, and collect in bands: And last the children, in whose arms are borne (Too short to gripe them) the brown sheaves of corn. The rustick monarch of the field descries 645 With silent glee, the heaps around him rise. A ready banquet on the turf is laid, Beneath an ample oak's expanded shade. The victim ox the sturdy youth prepare; 650 The reaper's due repast, the women's care.

Next, ripe in yellow gold, a vineyard shines,
Bent with the pond'rous harvest of its vines;
A deeper dye the dangling clusters show,
And curl'd on silver props, in order glow:
A darker metal mixt, intrench'd the place;
655
And pales of glitt'ring tin th'inclosure grace.
To this, one path-way gently winding leads,
Where march a train with baskets on their heads,
(Fair maids, and blooming youths) that smiling bear,
The purple product of th' autumnal year.
660
To these a youth awakes the warbling strings,
Whose tender lay the fate of Linus sings;

In

BOOK XVIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	207
In measur'd dance behind him move the train,	
Tune soft the voice, and answer to the strain.	
Here, herds of oxen march, erect and bold,	665
Rear high their horns, and seem to low in gold,	
And speed to meadows on whose sounding shores	
A rapid torrent thro' the rushes roars:	
Four golden herdsmen as their guardians stand,	
And nine sour dogs compleat the rustick band.	670
Two lions rushing from the wood appear'd;	
And seiz'd a bull, the master of the herd:	
He roar'd: in vain the dogs, the men withstood;	
They tore his flesh, and drank his sable blood.	
The dogs (oft' chear'd in vain) desert the prey,	675
Dread the grim terrours, and at distance bay.	
Next-this, the eye the art of Vulcan leads	
Deep thro' fair forests, and a length of meads;	
And stalls, and folds, and scatter'd cots between;	
And fleecy flocks, that whiten all the scene.	680
A figur'd dance succeeds: such once was seen	
In lofty Ghossus; for the Cretan queen,	
Form'd by Dædalean art: a comely band	
Of youths and maidens, bounding hand in hand.	
The maids in soft simars of linen drest;	685
The youths all graceful in the glossy vest:	
Of those the locks with flow'ry wreaths inroll'd;	14
Of these the sides adorn'd with swords of gold,	11 37
That glitt'ring gay, from silver belts depend.	.4
	690
	Vith

With well-taught feet: now shape, in oblique ways, Confus'dly regular, the moving maze:
Now forth at once, too swift for sight they spring, And undistinguish'd blend the flying ring:
So whirls a wheel, in giddy circle tost, 695
And rapid as it runs, the single spokes are lost.
The gazing multitudes admire around:
Two active tumblers in the center bound;
Now high, now low, their pliant limbs they bend:
And gen'ral songs the sprightly revel end. 700

Thus the broad shield compleat the artist crown'd With his last hand, and pour'd the ocean round: In living silver seem'd the waves to roll, And beat the buckler's verge, and bound the whole.

This done, whate'er a warriour's use requires, 705
He forg'd; the cuirass that outshines the fires,
The greaves of ductile tin, the helm imprest
With various sculpture, and the golden crest.
At Thetis' feet the finish'd labour lay;
She, as a falcon, cuts th' aëreal way,
710
Swift from Olympus' snowy summit flies,
And bears the blazing present thro' the skies.

END OF THE EIGHTEENTH BOOK.

THE

NINETEENTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE RECONCILIATION OF ACHILLES AND AGAMEMNON

Thetis brings to her son the armour made by Vulcan. She preserves the body of his friend from corruption, and commands him to assemble the army, to declare his resentment at an end. Agan.emnon and Achilles are solemnly reconciled: the speeches, presents, and ceremonies on that occasion. Achilles is with great difficulty persuaded to refrain from the battle till the troops have refreshed themselves, by the advice of Ulysses. The presents are conveyed to the tent of Achilles; where Briseis laments over the body of Patroclus. The hero obstinately refuses all repast, and gives himself up to lamentations for his friend. Minerva descends to strengthen him, by the order of Jupiter. He arms for the fight; his appearance described. He addresses himself to his horses, and reproaches them with the death of Patroclus. One of them is miraculously endued with voice, and inspired to prophesy his fate; but the hero, not astonished by that prodigy, rushes with fury to the combat.

The thirtieth day. The scene is on the sea-shore.

NINETEENTH BOOK

OF THE

I L I A D.

Soon as Aurora heav'd her orient head
Above the waves that blush'd with early red,
(With new-born day to gladden mortal sight,
And gild the courts of heav'n with sacred light,)
Th' immortal arms the Goddess-mother bears
Swift to her son: her son she finds in tears
Stretch'd o'er Patroclus' corse; while all the rest
The sovereign's sorrows in their own exprest.
A ray divine her heav'nly presence shed,
And thus, his hand soft touching, Thetis said.

Suppress (my son) this race of grief, and know

Suppress (my son) this rage of grief, and know It was not man, but heav'n that gave the blow; Behold what arms by Vulcan are bestow'd, Arms worthy thee, or fit to grace a God.

Then drops the radiant burden on the ground; 15 Clang the strong arms, and ring the shores around: Back shrink the myrmidons with dread surprise, And from the broad effulgence turn their eyes.

Unmov

212	HOMER'S	ILIAD.	BOOK XIX.
Unmov'd	d, the hero kindles	at the show,	
And feels	s with rage divine h	nis bosom glov	v; 20
From his	fierce eye-balls liv	ing flames exp	oire,
	n incessant like a str		
He turns	the radiant gift; a	nd feeds his n	nind
On all th	' immortal artist ha	ad design'd.	
	ess (he cry'd) these g		that shine 25
	tchless art, confess		
	the bloody battle le		
	the relicks of my s		end!
	wide wounds thro'	_	
	s, and worms obscer	•	
	unavailing care be la		- 10
(The azu	ire Goddess to her s	on reply'd)	
	ears untouch'd, uni		main
	in life, the carcase		
But go,	Achilles, (as affair	s require)	35
Before th	ne Grecian peers ren	ounce thine in	е:
	controll'd'in boundl		
And hear	v'n with strength st	upply the mig	hty rage!
Then	in the nostrils of th	e slain she por	ur'd
Nectareo	us drops, and rich A	Ambrosia show	r'r'd 40
O'er all t	the corse. The flies	s forbid their	prey,
Untouch	'd it rests, and sacr	ed from decay	•
Achilles	to the strand obedie	ent went;	
The shor	es resounded with t	he voice he se	ent.
The hero	oes heard, and all th	ne naval train	45
That ten	d the ships or guide	them o'er the	e main,
	र जिल्ला		Alarm'd.

213 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XIX. Alarm'd, transported, at the well-known sound, Frequent and full, the great assembly crown'd; Studious to see that terrour of the plain, Long lost to battle, shine in arms again. 50 Tydides and Ulysses first appear, Lame with their wounds, and leaning on the spear; These on the sacred seats of council plac'd, The king of men, Atrides came the last: He too sore wounded by Agenor's son, 55 Achilles (rising in the midst) begun. O Monarch! better far had been the fate Of thee, of me, of all the Grecian state, If ere the day when by mad passion sway'd, Rash we contended for the black-ey'd maid) 60 Preventing Dian had dispatch'd her dart, And shot the shining mischief to the heart! Then many a hero had not press'd the shore, Nor Troy's glad fields been fatten'd with our gore: Long, long shall Greece the woes we caus'd bewail, 65 And sad posterity repeat the tale. But this, no more the subject of debate, Is past, forgotten, and resign'd to fate: Why should (alas) a mortal man, as I, Burn with a fury that can never die? 70 Here then my anger ends: let war succeed, And ev'n as Greece has bled, let Ilion bleed. Now call the hosts, and try, if in our sight, Troy yet shall dare to camp a second night?

I deem,

214 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XIX.

I deem, their mightiest, when this arm he knows, Shall 'scape with transport, and with joy repose.

He said: his finish'd wrath with loud acclaim The Greeks accept, and shout Pelides' name. When thus, not rising from his lofty throne, In state unmov'd, the king of men begun.

Hear me ye sons of Greece! with silence hear!

And grant your monarch an impartial ear; Awhile your loud, untimely joy suspend, And let your rash, injurious clamours end: Unruly murmurs, or ill-tim'd applause, Wrong the best speaker, and the justest cause. Nor charge on me, ye Greeks, the dire debate: Know, angry Jove, and all-compelling Fate, With fell Erinnys, urg'd my wrath that day When from Achilles' arms I force the prey. What then could I, against the will of heav'n? Not by myself, but vengeful Ate driv'n; She, Jove's dread daughter, fated to infest The race of mortals, enter'd in my breast. Not on the ground that haughty fury treads, But prints her lofty footsteps on the heads Of mighty men; inflicting as she goes Long fest'ring wounds, inextricable woes!

Of old, she stalk'd amid the bright abodes; And Jove himself, the Sire of men and gods, 'The world's great ruler, felt her venom'd dart;

Deceiv'd by Juno's wiles, and female art.

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100

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90

95

For

BOOK XIX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	215
For when Alcmena's nine long months were run,	
And Jove expected his immortal son;	
To Gods and Goddesses th' unruly joy	105
He show'd, and vaunted of his matchless boy:	
From us (he said) this day an infant springs,	
Fated to rule, and born a King of Kings.	
Saturnia ask'd an oath, to vouch the truth,	
And fix'd dominion on the favour'd youth.	110
The Thund'rer, unsuspicious of the fraud,	
Pronounc'd those solemn words that bind a God:	
The joyful Goddess, from Olympus' height,	
Swift to Achaian Argos bent her flight;	
Scarce sev'n moons gone, lay Sthenelus's wife;	115
She push'd her ling'ring infant into life:	
Her charms Alcmena's coming labours stay,	
And stop the babe, just issuing to the day.	
Then bids Saturnius bear his oath in mind;	
"A youth (said she) of Jove's immortal kind	120
"Is this day born: from Sthenelus he springs,	~
" And claims thy promise to be King of Kings."	
Grief seiz'd the Thund'rer, by his oath engag'd;	
Stung to the soul, he sorrow'd and he rag'd.	-
From his ambrosial head, where perch'd she sat,	125
He snatch'd the Fury-Goddess of debate,	
The dread, th' irrevocable oath he swore,	1.0
Th' immortal seats should ne'er behold her more;	A
And whirl'd her headlong down, for ever driv'n	2.
From bright Olympus and the starry heav'n:	130
Th	ence

Strength

Long and laborious must the combat be,

When by the Gods inspir'd, and led by thee.

BOOK NIX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	217
Strength is deriv'd from spirits and from blood,	
And those augment by gen'rous wine and food:	160
What boastful son of war without that stay,	
Can last a hero thro' a single day?	
Courage may prompt; but, ebbing out his streng	gth,
Mere unsupported man must yield at length;	
Shrunk with dry famine, and with toils declin'd	l, 165
The drooping body will desert the mind:	
But built a-new with strength-conferring fare,	
With limbs and soul untam'd, he tires a war.	
Dismiss the people then, and give command,	
With strong repast to hearten ev'ry band;	170
But let the presents to Achilles made,	
In full assembly of all Greece be laid.	
The king of men shall rise in publick sight,	
And solemn swear (observant of the rite)	
That spotless as she came, the maid removes,	175
Pure from his arms, and guiltless of his loyes.	
That done, a sumptuous banquet shall be made,	
And the full price of injur'd honour paid.	
Stretch not henceforth, O prince! thy sov'reign i	might,
Beyond the bounds of reason and of right;	180
'Tis the chief praise that e'er to kings belong'd,	ı
To right with justice whom with pow'r they wr	ong'd.
To him the monarch. Just is thy decree,	
Thy words give joy, and Wisdom breathes in t	hee.
Each due atonement gladly I prepare;	185
And heav'n regard me as I justly swear!	
VOL. II. U	Here

Here then a-while let Greece assembled stay, Nor great Achilles grudge this short delay: 'Till from the fleet our presents be convey'd, And, Jove attesting, the firm compact made. 100 A train of noble youth the charge shall bear; These to select, Ulysses, be thy care: In order rank'd let all our gifts appear, And the fair train of captives close the rear: Talthybius shall the victim boar convey, Sacred to Jove, and yon' bright orb of day.

195

For this (the stern Æacides replies) Some less important season may suffice, When the stern fury of the war is o'er, And wrath extinguish'd burns my breast no more. By Hector slain, their faces to the sky, All grim with gaping wounds, our heroes lie: Those call to war, and might my voice incite, Now, now, this instant, shou'd commence the fight: Then, when the day's complete, let gen'rous bowls, And copious banquets, glad your weary souls. Let not my palate know the taste of food, 'Till my insatiate rage be cloy'd with blood: Pale lies my friend, with wounds disfigur'd o'er, And his cold feet are pointed to the door. Revenge is all my soul! no meaner care, Int'rest, or thought, has room to harbour there; Destruction be my feast, and mortal wounds, And scenes of blood, and agonizing sounds.

O first

BOOK XIX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	219
O first of Greeks (Ulysses thus rejoin'd)	215
The best and bravest of the warriour-kind!	Jy.
Thy praise it is in dreadful camps to shine,	٠
But old experience and calm wisdom, mine.	1
Then hear my counsel, and to reason yield,	
The bravest soon are satiate of the field;	220
'Tho' vast the heaps that strow the crimson plain,	
The bloody harvest brings but little gain;	
The scale of conquest ever wav'ring lies,	
Great Jove but turns it, and the victor dies!	
The great, the bold, by thousands daily fall,	225
And endless were the grief, to weep for all.	
Eternal sorrows what avails to shed?	
Greece honours not with solemn fasts the dead:	
Enough, when death demands the brave, to pay	18
The tribute of a melancholy day.	230
One chief with patience to the grave resign'd,	
Our care devolves on others left behind.	
Let gen'rous food supplies of strength produce,	
Let rising spirits flow from sprightly juice,	
Let their warm heads with scenes of battle glow,	235
And pour new furies on the feebler foe.	
Yet a short interval, and none shall dare	-
Expect a second summons to the war;	- 12
Who waits for that, the dire effect shall find,	1.
If trembling in the ships he lags behind.	240
Embodied, to the battle let us bend,	
And all at once on haughty Troy descend.	110
rr oʻ	-And

•

And now the delegates Ulysses sent, To bear the presents from the royal tent. The sons of Nestor, Phyleus' valiant heir, 245 Thias and Merion, thunderbolts of war, With Lycomedes of Creiontian strain, And Melanippus, form'd the chosen train. Swift as the word was giv'n, the youths obey'd; Twice ten bright vases in the midst they laid; 250 A row of six fair tripods then succeeds: And twice the number of high-bounding steeds: Sev'n captives next a lovely line compose; The next Briseis, like the blooming rose, Clos'd the bright band: great Ithacus, before, 255 First of the train, the golden talents bore: The rest in publick view the chiefs dispose, A splendid scene! then Agamemnon rose: The boar Talthybius held: the Grecian lord Drew the broad cutlass sheath'd beside his sword: 260 The stubborn bristles from the victim's brow He crops, and off'ring meditates his vow. His hands uplifted to th' attesting skies, On heav'n's broad marble roof were fix'd his eyes. The solemn words a deep attention draw, 265 And Greece around sat thrill'd with sacred awe.

Witness thou first! thou greatest pow'r above! All-good, all-wise, and all-surveying Jove! And mother-earth, and heav'n's revolving light, And ye, fell Furies of the realms of night, 270

Who

BOOK XIX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	221
Who rule the dead, and horrid woes prepare	
For perjur'd kings, and all who falsely swear!	
The black-ey'd maid inviolate removes,	
Pure and unconscious of my manly loves.	
If this be false, heav'n all its vengeance shed,	275
And level'd thunder strike my guilty head!	
With that, his weapon deep inflicts the wound	;
The bleeding savage tumbles to the ground:	
The sacred herald rolls the victim slain	
(A feast for fish) into the foaming main.	280
Then thus Achilles. Hear, ye Greeks! and	know
Whate'er we feel, 'tis Jove inflicts the woe:	
Not else Atrides could our rage inflame,	
Nor from my arms, unwilling, force the dame.	
'Twas Jove's high will alone, o'er-ruling all,	285
That doom'd our strife, and doom'd the Greeks to	o fall.
Go then, ye chiefs! indulge the genial rite;	
Achilles waits ye, and expects the fight.	
The speedy council at his word adjourn'd:	
To their black vessels all the Greeks return'd.	290
Achilles sought his tent. His train before	
March'd onward, bending with the gifts they b	ore.
Those in the tents the squires industrious spread	;
The foaming coursers to the stalls they led:	
To their new seats the female captives move:	295
Briseis, radiant as the queen of love,	
Slow as she pass'd, beheld with sad survey	
Where gash'd with cruel wounds, Patroclus lay.	- 14

Prone on the body fell the heav'nly fair,
Beat her sad breast, and tore her golden hair;
All beautiful in grief, her humid eyes
Shining with tears she lifts, and thus she cries.

Ah youth for ever dear, for ever kind, Once tender friend of my distracted mind! I left thee fresh in life, in beauty gay; Now find thee cold, inanimated clay! What woes my wretched race of life attend? Sorrows on sorrows, never doom'd to end! The first lov'd consort of my virgin bed Before these eyes in fatal battle bled: My three brave brothers in one mournful day, All trod the dark, irremeable way: Thy friendly hand uprear'd me from the plain, And dry'd my sorrows for a husband slain; Achilles' care you promis'd I should prove, The first, the dearest partner of his love; That rites divine should ratify the band, And make me Empress in his native land. Accept these grateful tears! for thee they flow, For thee, that ever felt another's woe!

Her sister captives echo'd groan for groan, Nor mourn'd Patroclus' fortunes, but their own. The leaders press'd the chief on every side; Unmov'd he heard them, and with sighs deny'd.

If yet Achilles have a friend, whose care Is bent to please him, this request forbear;

Till

HOMER'S ILIAD. 223 BOOK XIX. 'Till yonder sun descend, ah let me pay To grief and anguish one abstemious day, He spoke, and from the warriours turn'd his face: Yet still the brother kings of Atreus' race, 330 Nestor, Idomeneus, Ulysses sage, And Phonix, strive to calm his grief and rage: His rage they calm not, nor his grief controul; He groans, he raves, he sorrows from his soul. Thou too, Patroclus! (thus his heart he vents) 335 Once spread th' inviting banquet in our tents: Thy sweet society, thy winning care, 1977 Once staid Achilles, rushing to the war. But now alas! to-death's cold arms resign'd, What banquet but revenge can glad my mind? 340 What greater sorrow could afflict my breast, What more, if hoary Peleus were deceas'd? Who now, perhaps, in Phthia dreads to hear His son's sad fate, and drops a tender tear. What more, should Neoptolemus the brave 345 (My only offspring) sink into the grave? If yet that offspring lives, (I distant far, Of all neglectful, wage a hateful war.) I cou'd not this, this cruel stroke attend; Fate claim'd Achilles, but might spare his friend. 350 I hop'd Patroclus might survive, to rear My tender orphan with a parent's care, From Scyros, isle conduct him o'er the main, And glad: his eyes with his paternal reign. The lofty palace, and the large domain.

For

For Peleus breathes no more the vital air; Or drags a wretched life of age and care, But 'till the news of my sad fate invades His hastening soul, and sinks him to the shades.

Sighing he said: his grief the heroes join'd, 360 Each stole a tear for what he left behind. Their mingled grief the sire of heav'n survey'd, And thus with pity, to his blue-ey'd Maid.

Is then Achilles now no more thy care,
And dost thou thus desert the great in war?

Lo, where yon' sails their canvass wings extend,
All comfortless he sits, and wails his friend;
Ere thirst and want his forces have opprest,
Haste and infuse ambrosia in his breast.

He spoke; and sudden at the word of Jove,
Shot the descending Goddess from above.
So swift thro' æther the shrill Harpy springs,
The wide air floating to her ample wings.
To great Achilles she her flight addrest,
And pour'd divine Ambrosia in his breast,
With nectar sweet, (refection of the Gods!)
Then, swift ascending, sought the bright abodes.

Now issued from the ships the warriour train, And like a deluge pour'd upon the plain. As when the piercing blasts of Boreas blow, And scatter o'er the fields the driving snow; From dusky clouds the fleecy winter flies, Whose dazzling lustre whitens all the skies:

So

380

So helms succeeding helms, so shields from shields
Catch the quick beams, and brighten all the fields; 385
Broad glittering breast-plates, spears with pointed rays,
Mix in one stream, reflecting blaze on blaze:
Thick beats the center as the coursers bound,
With splendour flame the skies, and laugh the fields around.

Full in the midst, high-tow'ring o'er the rest, 390
His limbs in arms divine Achilles drest;
Arms which the father of the fire bestow'd,
Forg'd on th' eternal anvils of the God.
Grief and revenge his furious heart inspire,
His glowing eye-balls roll with living fire;
395
He grinds his teeth, and furious with delay
O'erlooks th' embattl'd host, and hopes the bloody
day.

The silver cuishes first his thighs infold:
Then o'er his breast was brac'd the hollow gold:
The brazen sword a various baldrick ty'd, 400
That, starr'd with gems, hung glitt'ring at his side;
And like the moon, the broad refulgent shield
Blaz'd with long rays, and gleam'd athwart the field.
So to night wand'ring sailors, pale with fears,
Wide o'er the wat'ry waste a light appears, 405
Which on the far-seen mountain blazing high,
Streams from some lonely watch-tow'r to the sky;
With mournful eyes they gaze, and gaze again;
Loud howls the storm, and drives them o'er the main,
Next,

Next, his high head the helmet grac'd; behind
The sweepy crest hung floating in the wind:
Like the red star, that from his flaming hair
Shakes down diseases, pestilence, and war:
So stream'd the golden honours from his head,
Trembled the sparkling plumes, and the loose glories shed.

415

The chief beholds himself with wond'ring eyes; His arms he poises, and his motions tries; Buoy'd by some inward force, he seems to swim, And feels a pinion lifting ev'ry limb.

And now he shakes his great paternal spear, 420 Pond'rous and huge, which not a Greek could rear. From Pelion's cloudy top an ash entire Old Chiron fell'd, and shap'd it for his sire; A spear which stern Achilles only wields, The death of heroes, and the dread of fields: 425

Automedon and Alcimus prepare
Th' immortal coursers, and the radiant car,
(The silver traces sweeping at their side)
Their fiery mouths resplendent bridles ty'd,
The iv'ry-studded reins, return'd behind,
Wav'd o'er their backs, and to the chariot join'd.
The charioteer then whirl'd the lash around,
And swift ascended at one active bound.
All bright in heav'nly arms, above his squire
Achilles mounts, and sets the field on fire;

435

Not

BOOK XIX. HOMER'S ILIAD.

227

Not brighter Phœbus in th'etherial way, Flames from his chariot and restores the day. High o'er the host, all terrible he stands, And thunders to his steeds these dread commands.

Xanthus and Balius! of Podarges' strain, 440 (Unless ye boast that heav'nly race in vain)
Be swift, be mindful of the load ye bear,
And learn to make your master more your care:
Thro' falling squadrons bear my slaught'ring sword,
Nor, as ye left Patroclus, leave your lord. 445

The gen'rous Xanthus, as the words he said, Seem'd sensible of woe, and droop'd his head: Trembling he stood before the golden wain, And bow'd to dust the honours of his mane, When, strange to tell! (so Juno will'd) he broke 450 Eternal silence, and portentous spoke. Achilles! yes! this day at least we bear Thy rage in safety thro' the files of war: But come it will, the fatal time must come. Nor ours the fault, but God decrees thy doom. 455 Not thro' our crime, or slowness in the course, Fell thy Patroclus, but by heav'nly force; The bright far-shooting God who gilds the day, (Confest we saw him) tore his arms away. No-could our swiftness o'er the winds prevail, Or beat the pinions of the western gale, All were in vain—the Fates thy death demand, Due to a mortal and immortal hand.

Then

298 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XIX.

Then ceas'd for ever, by the Furies ty'd,
His fate-ful voice: th' intrepid chief reply'd
With unabated rage—So let it be!
Portents and prodigies are lost on me.
I know my fates: to die, to see no more
My much-lov'd parents, and my native shore—
Enough—when heav'n ordains, I sink in night; 470
Now perish Troy! He said, and rush'd to fight.

AND OF THE NINETEENTH BOOK.

THE

TWENTIETH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE BATTLE OF THE GODS, AND THE ACTS OF ACHILLES.

Jupiter upon Achilles's return to the battle, calls a council of the Gods, and permits them to assist either party. The terrours of the combat described, when the Deities are engaged. Apollo encourages Eneas to meet Achilles. After a long conversation, these two heroes encounter; but Eneas is preserved by the assistance of Neptune. Achilles falls upon the rest of the Trojans, and is upon the point of killing Hector, but Apollo conveys him away in a cloud. Achilles pursues the Trojans with a great slaughter.

The same day continues. The scene is in the field before Troy.

THE

TWENTIETH BOOK

OF THE

 ${f T}$ HUS round Pelides breathing war and blood, Greece sheath'd in arms, beside her vessels stood: While near impending from a neighb'ring height, Troy's black battalions wait the shock of fight. Then Jove to Themis gives command, to call The Gods to council in the starry hall: Swift o'er Olympus' hundred hills she flies, And summons all the senate of the skies. These shining on, in long procession come To Jove's eternal adamantine dome. Not one was absent, not a rural pow'r, That haunts the verdant gloom, or rosy bow'r, Each fair-hair'd Dryad of the shady wood, Each azure sister of the silver flood: All but old Ocean, hoary sire! who keeps His ancient seat beneath the sacred deeps. On marble thrones with lucid columns crown'd, (The work of Vulcan) sat the Pow'rs around,

Ev'n

15

232 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK S	• X.
Ev'n * he whose trident sways the wat'ry reign,	
Heard the loud summons, and forsook the main,	20
Assum'd his throne amid the bright abodes,	
And question'd thus the Sire of Men and Gods.	
What moves the God who heav'n and earth co	m-
· mands,	
And grasps the thunder in his awful hands,	
Thus to convene the whole ætherial state?	25
Is Greece and Troy the subject in debate?	
Already met, the low'ring hosts appear,	
And death stands ardent on the edge of war.	
'Tis true (the cloud-compelling Pow'r replies)	
This day, we call the council of the skies	30
In care of human race; ev'n Jove's own eye	1 1
Sees with regret unhappy mortals die.	
Far on Olympus' top in secret state	
Ourself will sit, and see the hand of Fate	
Work out our will. Celestial pow'rs! descend,	35

Far on Ol Ourself w Work out And as your minds direct, your succour lend To either host. Troy soon must lie o'erthrown, If uncontroll'd Achilles fights alone: Their troops but lately durst not meet his eyes; What can they now, if in his rage he rise? Assist them, Gods! or Ilion's sacred wall May fall this day, tho' Fate forbids the fall.

He said, and fir'd their heav'nly breasts with rage: On adverse parts the warring Gods engage.

Heav'n's

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	233
Heav'n's awful Queen; and He whose azure rour	d 45.
Girds the vast globe; the Maid in arms renown'd	
Hermes, of profitable arts the sire;	
And Vulcan, the black sov'reign of the fire:	
These to the fleet repair with instant flight;	
The vessels tremble as the Gods alight.	50
In aid of Troy, Latona, Phœbus came,	
Mars fiery-helm'd, the laughter-loving Dame,	
Xanthus whose streams in golden currents flow,	
And the chaste huntress of the silver bow.	
Ere yet the Gods their various aid employ,	55
Each Argive bosom swell'd with manly joy,	**
While great Achilles, (terrour of the plain)	- 1
Long lost to battle, shone in arms again.	To .
Dreadful he stood in front of all his host;	
Pale Troy beheld, and seem'd already lost;	60
Her bravest heroes pant with inward fear,	, 0
And trembling see another God of war.	
But when the Pow'rs descending swell'd the fi	ght,
Then Tumult rose; fierce rage and pale affright	
Vary'd each face; then Discord sounds alarms,	65
Earth echoes, and the nations rush to arms.	
Now thro' the trembling shores Minerva calls,	
And now she thunders from the Grecian walls.	
Mars hov'ring o'er his Troy his terrour shrouds	6
In gloomy tempests, and a night of clouds:	70
Now thro' each Trojan heart he fury pours	
With voice divine, from Ilion's topmost tow'rs;	. 7
x 3	Now

Saturnia, Majesty of heav'n defy'd. With fiery Vulcan last in battle stands The sacred flood that rolls on golden sands;

Xanthus

100

	-
BOOK XX HOMER'S ILIAD.	235
Xanthus his name with those of heav'nly birth,	- 19
But call'd Scamander by the sons of earth.	CHT.
While thus the Gods in various league engage,	i i
Achilles glow'd with more than mortal rage:	. (
Hector he sought; in search of Hector turn'd	105
His eyes around, for Hector only burn'd;	370
And burst like lightning thro' the ranks, and vow	v'd
To glut the God of battles with his blood.	
Æneas was the first who dar'd to stay;	-v1
Apollo wedg'd him in the warriour's way,	110
But swell'd his bosom with undaunted might,	77.55
Half-forc'd, and half-persuaded to the fight.	į - 3 .
Like young Lycaon, of the royal line,	70/5
In voice and aspect, seem'd the pow'r divine:	
And bade the chief reflect, how late with scorn	115
an discussive and since the governor	oli.
Then thus the hero of Anchises' strain.	1811.
To meet Pelides you persuade in vain:	1. The set of the set
Already have I met, nor void of fear	2 mod
Observed the fury of his fring space.	100

Then thus the hero of Anchises' strain.

To meet Pelides you persuade in vain:
Already have I met, nor void of fear
Observ'd the fury of his flying spear;
From Ida's woods he chas'd us to the field,
Our force he scatter'd, and our herds he kill'd;
Lyrnessus, Pedasus in ashes lay;
But (Jove assisting) I surviv'd the day,
Else had I sunk opprest in fatal fight,
By fierce Achilles and Minerva's might.
Where'er he mov'd, the Goddess shone before,
And bath'd his brazen lance in hostile gore.

What

What mortal man Achilles can sustain?
Th' immortals guard him thro' the dreadful plain,
And suffer not his dart to fall in vain.

131
Were God my aid, this arm should check his pow'r,
Tho' strong in battle as a brazen tow'r.

To whom the son of Jove. That God implore,
And be, what great Achilles was before.

From heav'nly Venus thou deriv'st thy strain,
And he, but from a sister of the main;
An aged Sea-God, father of his line,
But Jove himself the sacred source of thine.
Then lift thy weapon for a noble blow,
140
Nor fear the vaunting of a mortal foe.
This said, and spirit breath'd into his breast,
Thro' the thick troops th' embolden'd hero prest:
His vent'rous act the white-arm'd queen survey'd,
And thus, assembling all the pow'rs, she said.

145
Behold an action, Gods! that claims your care,

Lo great Æneas rushing to the war;
Against Pelides he directs his course,
Phoebus impels, and Phoebus gives him force.
Restrain his bold career; at least, t'attend
Our favour'd hero, let some pow'r descend.
To guard his life, and add to his renown,
We, the great armament of heav'n, came down.
Hereafter let him fall, as Fates design,
That spun so short his life's illustrious line;
155

165

170

But lest some adverse God now cross his way, Give him to know what pow'rs assist this day: For how shall mortal stand the dire alarms, When heav'n's refulgent host appear in arms?

Thus she, and thus the God whose force can make
The solid globe's eternal basis shake.

161
Against the might of man, so feeble known,

Why should celestial pow'rs exert their own?
Suffice, from yonder mount to view the scene;
And leave to war the fates of mortal men.

And leave to war the fates of mortal men.
But if the Armipotent, or God of Light,
Obstruct Achilles, or commence the fight,

Thence on the Gods of Troy we swift descend:

Full soon, I doubt not, shall the conflict end, And these, in ruin and confusion hurl'd,

Yield to our conqu'ring arms the lower world.

Thus having said, the tyrant of the sea,
Cærulean Neptune, rose, and led the way.
Advanc'd upon the field there stood a mound
Of earth congested, wall'd, and trench'd around; 175
In elder times to guard Alcides made,
(The work of Trojans, with Minerva's aid)
What-time a vengeful monster of the main
Swept the wide shore, and drove him to the plain.

Here Neptune, and the Gods of Greece repair, 180 With clouds encompass'd, and a veil of air: The adverse pow'rs, around Apollo laid, Crown the fair hills that silver Simois shade.

Ere

In circle close each heav'nly party sat,
Intent to form the future scheme of Fate;
But mix not yet in fight, tho' Jove on high
Gives the loud signal, and the heav'ns reply.

Meanwhile the rushing armies hide the ground; The trampled center yields a hollow sound: Steeds cas'd in mail, and chiefs in armour bright, 190 The gleamy champain glows with brazen light. Amid both hosts (a dreadful space) appear There, great Achilles; bold Æneas, here. With tow'ring strides Æneas first advanc'd; The nodding plumage on his helmet danc'd, 195 Spread o'er his breast the fencing shield he bore, And, as he mov'd, his javelin flam'd before. Not so Pelides; furious to engage, He rush'd impetuous. Such the lion's rage, Who viewing first his foes with scornful eyes, 200 Tho' all in arms the peopled city rise, Stalks careless on, with unregarding pride; Till at the length, by some brave youth defy'd, To his bold spear the savage turns alone, He murmurs fury with an hollow groan; 205 He grins, he foams, he rolls his eyes around; Lash'd by his tail his heaving sides resound; He calls up all his rage; he grinds his teeth, Resolv'd on vengeance, or resolv'd on death. So fierce Achilles on Æneas flies; 210 So stands Æneas, and his force defies,

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	239
Ere yet the stern encounter join'd, begun	
The seed of Thetis thus to Venus' son.	3
Why comes Æneas thro' the ranks so far?	
Seeks he to meet Achilles' arm in war,	215
In hope the realms of Priam to enjoy,	
And prove his merits to the throne of Troy?	
Grant that beneath thy lance Achilles dies,	
The partial monarch may refuse the prize;	
Sons he has many, those thy pride may quell;	220
And 'tis his fault to love those sons too well.	•
Or, in reward of thy victorious hand,	
Has Troy propos'd some spacious track of land?	
An ample forest, or a fair domain,	
Of hills for yines, and arable for grain!	225
Ev'n this, perhaps, will hardly prove thy lot.	
But can Achilles be so soon forgot?	
Once (as I think) you saw this brandish'd spear,	
And then the great Æneas seem'd to fear.	
With hearty haste from Ida's mount he fled,	230
Nor, 'till he reach'd Lyrnessus, turn'd his head.	
Her lofty walls not long our progress staid;	
Those, Pallas, Jove, and we, in ruins laid:	
In Grecian chains her captive race were cast;	
'Tis true, the great Æneas fled too fast.	235
Defrauded of my conquest once before,	
What then I lost, the Gods this day restore.	
Go; while thou may'st, avoid the threatened fate	5
Fools stay to feel it, and are wise too late.	
	To

Hence

To this Anchises' son. Such words employ	240
To one that fears thee, some unwarlike boy;	:
Such we disdain; the best may be defy'd	
With mean reproaches, and unmanly pride;	
Unworthy the high race from which we came,	72
Proclaim'd so loudly by the voice of fame:	245
Each from illustrious fathers draws his line;	
Each Goddess-born; half human, half divine.	1
Thetis' this day, or Venus' offspring dies,	
And tears shall trickle from celestial eyes:	
For when two heroes, thus deriv'd, contend,	250
Tis not in words the glorious strife can end.	
If yet thou farther seek to learn my birth	
(A tale resounded thro' the spacious earth)	
Hear how the glorious origin we prove	- 10
From ancient Dardanus, the first from Jove:	255
Dardania's walls he rais'd; for Ilion, then,	
(The city since of many-languag'd men)	
Was not. The natives were content to till	
The shady foot of Ida's fount-full hill.	7.
From Dardanus, great Erichthonius springs,	260
The richest, once, of Asia's wealthy kings;	, , , ,
Three thousand mares his spacious pastures bred,	
Three thousand foals beside their mothers fed.	r a 6
Boreas, enamour'd of the sprightly train,	
Conceal'd his godhead in a flowing mane,	265
With voice dissembled to his loves he neigh'd,	
And cours'd the dappled beauties o'er the mead:	

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	241
Hence sprung twelve others of unrivall'd kind,	
Swift as their mother mares, and father wind.	
These lightly skimming, when they swept the p	lain,
Nor ply'd the grass, nor bent the tender grain;	271
And when along the level seas they flew,	
Scarce on the surface curl'd the briny dew.	_
Such Erichthonius was: from him there came	
The sacred Tros, of whom the Trojan name.	275
Three sons renown'd adorn'd his nuptial bed,	
Ilus, Assaracus, and Ganymed:	
The matchless Ganymed, divinely fair,	
Whom heav'n, enamour'd, snatch'd, to upper air	
To bear the cup of Jove (ætherial guest)	280
The grace and glory of th' ambrosial feast.	
The two remaining sons the line divide:	
First rose Laomedon from Ilus' side;	
From him Tithonus, now in cares grown old,	
And Priam, (blest with Hector, brave and bold:)	285
Clytius and Lampus, ever-honour'd pair;	
And Hicetaon, thunderbolt of war.	
From great Assaracus sprung Capys, he	
Begat Anchises, and Anchises me.	
Such is our race: 'tis fortune gives us birth,	290
But Jove alone endues the soul with worth:	
He, source of pow'r and might! with boundless s	way,
All human courage gives, or takes away.	- 9
Long in the field of words we may contend,	
Reproach is infinite, and knows no end,	295
37	

Y

VOL. II.

Arm'd

Arm'd or with truth or falshood, right or wrong; So voluble a weapon is the tongue; Wounded, we wound; and neither side can fail, For every man has equal strength to rail: Women alone, when in the streets they jar, 300 Perhaps excel us in this wordy war; Like us they stand, encompass'd with the croud, And vent their anger impotent and loud. Cease then—Our business in the field of fight Is not to question, but to prove our might. 305 To all those insults thou hast offer'd here, Receive this answer: 'tis my flying spear.

He spoke. With all his force the javelin flung, Fix'd deep, and loudly in the buckler rung. Far on his out-stretch'd arm, Pelides held 310 (To meet the thund'ring lance) his dreadful shield, That trembled as it stuck; nor void of fear Saw, ere it fell, th' immeasurable spear. His fears were vain; impenetrable charms Seçur'd the temper of th'ætherial arms. 315 Thro' two strong plates the point its passage held, But stopp'd, and rested, by the third repell'd: Five plates of various metal, various mold, Compos'd the shield; of brass each outward fold, Of tin each inward, and the middle gold: There stuck the lance. Then rising ere he threw, The forceful spear of great Achilles flew,

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	245
And pierc'd the Dardan shield's extremest bound,	
Where the shrill brass return'd a sharper sound:	•
Thro' the thin verge the Pelian weapon glides,	325
And the slight cov'ring of expanded hides.	
Æneas his contracted body bends,	
And o'er him high the riven targe extends,	
Sees, thro' its parting plates, the upper air,	
And at his back perceives the quiv'ring spear:	330
A fate so near him, chills his soul with fright;	
And swims before his eyes the many-colour'd ligh	t.
Achilles, rushing in with dreadful cries,	
Draws his broad blade, and at Æneas flies:	
Æneas rousing as the foe came on,	335
(With force collected) heaves a mighty stone:	
A mass enormous! which in modern days	
No two of earth's degen'rate sons could raise.	
But Ocean's God, whose earthquakes rock the gro	und,
Saw the distress, and mov'd the pow'rs around.	340
Lo! on the brink of Fate Æneas stands,	
An instant victim to Achilles' hands:	
By Phæbus urg'd; but Phæbus has bestow'd	Ļ
His aid in vain: the man o'erpow'rs the God.	
And can ye see this righteous chief atone	345
With guiltless blood, for vices not his own?	
To all the Gods his constant vows were paid:	
Sure, tho' he wars for Troy, he claims our aid.	
Fate wills not this; nor thus can Jove resign	
The future father of the Dardan line:	350
y 2	The

The first great ancestor obtain'd his grace, And still his love descends on all the race. For Priam now, and Priam's faithless kind, At length are odious to th' all-seeing mind; On great Æneas shall devolve the reign, 355 And sons succeeding sons the lasting line sustain. The great earth-shaker thus: to whom replies Th'imperial Goddess with the radiant eyes. Good as he is, to immolate or spare The Dardan prince, O Neptune, be thy care; 360 Pallas and I, by all that Gods can bind, Have sworn destruction to the Trojan kind; Not e'en an instant to protract their fate, Or save one member of the sinking state; 'Till her last flame be quench'd with her last gore, 365 And ev'n her crumbling ruins are no more.

The king of Ocean to the fight descends,
Thro' all the whistling darts his course he bends,
Swift interpos'd between the warriours flies,
And casts thick darkness o'er Achilles' eyes.

From great Æneas' shield the spear he drew,
And at his master's feet the weapon threw.
That done, with force divine he snatch'd on high
The Dardan prince, and bore him thro' the sky,
Smooth-gliding without step, above the heads
Of warring heroes, and of bounding steeds:
'Till at the battle's utmost verge they light,
Where the slow Caucans close the rear of fight.

The

BOOK XX.	H	0	M	E	R	S	I	L	I	A	D.		
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--

The Godhead there (his heav'nly form confess'd)

With words like these the panting chief address'd. 380

What pow'r, O prince, with force inferiour far Urg'd thee to meet Achilles' arm in war? Henceforth beware, nor antedate thy doom, Defrauding Fate of all thy fame to come. But when the day decreed (for come it must) 385 Shall lay this dreadful hero in the dust, Let then the furies of that arm be known,

Secure no Grecian force transcends thy own.

With that, he left him wond'ring as he lay, Then from Achilles chas'd the mist away: 390 Sudden, returning with the stream of light, The scene of war came rushing on his sight. Then thus, amaz'd: What wonders strike my mind! My spear that parted on the wings of wind, Laid here before me! and the Dardan lord 395 That fell this instant, vanish'd from my sword! I thought alone with mortals to contend, But pow'rs coelestial sure this foe defend. Great as he is, our arm he scarce will try, Content for once, with all the Gods, to fly. 400 Now then let others bleed—This said, aloud He vents his fury, and inflames the croud. O Greeks (he cries, and ev'ry rank alarms) Join battle, man to man, and arms to arms!

No

405

945

'Tis not in me, tho' favour'd by the sky,

No God can singly such a host engage. Not Mars himself, nor great Minerva's rage. But whatsoe'er Achilles can inspire, Whate'er of active force, or acting fire; 4.10 Whate'er this heart can prompt, or hand obey; All, all Achilles, Greeks! is yours to-day. Thro' yon' wide host this arm shall scatter fear. And thin the squadrons with my single spear,

He said: nor less elate with martial joy, 415 The god-like Hector warm'd the troops of Troy. Trojans to war! Think Hector leads you on; Nor dread the vaunts of Peleus' haughty son. Deeds must decide our fate. Ev'n those with words Insult the brave, who tremble at their swords: 420 The weakest atheist-wretch all heav'n defies, But shrinks and shudders, when the thunder flies. Nor from yon' boaster shall your chief retire, Not tho' his heart were steel, his hands were fire; That fire, that steel, your Hector shou'd withstand, 425 And brave that vengeful heart, that dreadful hand.

Thus (breathing rage thro' all) the hero said! A wood of lances rises round his head. Clamours on clamours tempest all the air, 420 They join, they throng, they thicken to the war. But Phœbus warns him from high heav'n to shun The single fight with Thetis' god-like son; More safe to combat in the mingled band, Nor tempt too near the terrours of his hand.

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	247
He hears, obedient to the God of light,	435
And plung'd within the ranks, awaits the fight. Then fierce Achilles, shouting to the skies, On Troy's whole force with boundless fury flies.	-
First falls Iphytion, at his army's head;	
Brave was the chief, and brave the host he led; From great Otrynteus he deriv'd his blood,	440
His mother was a Naïs of the flood;	
Beneath the shades of Tmolus, crown'd with snow	79
From Hyde's walls he rul'd the lands below.	
Fierce as he springs, the sword his head divides;	445
The parted visage falls on equal sides:	8
With loud-resounding arms he strikes the plain;	
While thus Achilles glories o'er the slain.	
Lie there Otryntides! the Trojan earth	
Receives thee dead, tho' Gygæ boast thy birth;	450
Those beauteous fields where Hyllus' waves are ro	ll'd,
And plenteous Hermus swells with tides of gold,	
Are thine no more—Th' insulting hero said,	
And left him sleeping in eternal shade.	
The rolling wheels of Greece the body tore,	455
And dash'd their axles with no vulgar gore.	
Demoleon next, Antenor's offspring, laid	
Breathless in dust, the price of rashness paid.	•
Th' impatient steel with full-descending sway	
Forc'd thro' its brazen helm its furious way.	460
Resistless drove the batter'd skull before,	
And dash'd and mingled all the brains with gore.	
	Thie

Ere

In circle close each heav'nly party sat,
Intent to form the future scheme of Fate;
But mix not yet in fight, tho' Jove on high
Gives the loud signal, and the heav'ns reply.

Meanwhile the rushing armies hide the ground; The trampled center yields a hollow sound: Steeds cas'd in mail, and chiefs in armour bright, 190 The gleamy champain glows with brazen light. Amid both hosts (a dreadful space) appear There, great-Achilles; bold Æneas, here. With tow'ring strides Æneas first advanc'd; The nodding plumage on his helmet danc'd, 195 Spread o'er his breast the fencing shield he bore, And, as he mov'd, his javelin flam'd before. Not so Pelides; furious to engage, He rush'd impetuous. Such the lion's rage, Who viewing first his foes with scornful eyes, 200 Tho' all in arms the peopled city rise, Stalks careless on, with unregarding pride; Till at the length, by some brave youth defy'd, To his bold spear the savage turns alone, He murmurs fury with an hollow groan; 205 He grins, he foams, he rolls his eyes around; Lash'd by his tail his heaving sides resound; He calls up all his rage: he grinds his teeth, Resolv'd on vengeance, or resolv'd on death. So fierce Achilles on Æneas flies; 210 So stands Æneas, and his force defies,

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	239
Ere yet the stern encounter join'd, begun	
The seed of Thetis thus to Venus' son.	
Why comes Æneas thro' the ranks so far?	
Seeks he to meet Achilles' arm in war,	215
In hope the realms of Priam to enjoy,	
And prove his merits to the throne of Troy?	
Grant that beneath thy lance Achilles dies,	
The partial monarch may refuse the prize;	
Sons he has many, those thy pride may quell;	220
And 'tis his fault to love those sons too well.	•
Or, in reward of thy victorious hand,	
Has Troy propos'd some spacious track of land?	
An ample forest, or a fair domain,	
Of hills for yines, and arable for grain!	225
Ev'n this, perhaps, will hardly prove thy lot.	
But can Achilles be so soon forgot?	
Once (as I think) you saw this brandish'd spear,	
And then the great Æneas seem'd to fear.	
With hearty haste from Ida's mount he fled,	230
Nor, 'till he reach'd Lyrnessus, turn'd his head.	
Her lofty walls not long our progress staid;	
Those, Pallas, Jove, and we, in ruins laid:	
In Grecian chains her captive race were cast;	
'Tis true, the great Eneas fled too fast.	235
Defrauded of my conquest once before,	
What then I lost, the Gods this day restore.	- 9
Go; while thou may'st, avoid the threatened fate	;
Fools stay to feel it, and are wise too late.	
- 14	To

Hence

To this Anchises' son. Such words employ To one that fears thee, some unwarlike boy; Such we disdain; the best may be defy'd With mean reproaches, and unmanly pride: Unworthy the high race from which we came, Proclaim'd so loudly by the voice of fame: 245 Each from illustrious fathers draws his line; Each Goddess-born; half human, half divine. Thetis' this day, or Venus' offspring dies, And tears shall trickle from celestial eyes: For when two heroes, thus deriv'd, contend, Tis not in words the glorious strife can end. If yet thou farther seek to learn my birth (A tale resounded thro' the spacious earth) Hear how the glorious origin we prove From ancient Dardanus, the first from Jove: Dardania's walls he rais'd; for Ilion, then, (The city since of many-languag'd men) Was not. The natives were content to till The shady foot of Ida's fount-full hill. From Dardanus, great Erichthonius springs, 260 The richest, once, of Asia's wealthy kings: Three thousand mares his spacious pastures bred, Three thousand foals beside their mothers fed. Boreas, enamour'd of the sprightly train, Conceal'd his godhead in a flowing mane, 265 With voice dissembled to his loves he neigh'd, And cours'd the dappled beauties o'er the mead:

Arm'd

VOL. II.

Arm'd or with truth or falshood, right or wrong; So voluble a weapon is the tongue; Wounded, we wound; and neither side can fail, For every man has equal strength to rail: Women alone, when in the streets they jar, 300 Perhaps excel us in this wordy war; Like us they stand, encompass'd with the croud, And vent their anger impotent and loud. Cease then-Our business in the field of fight Is not to question, but to prove our might. 305 To all those insults thou hast offer'd here, Receive this answer: 'tis my flying spear.

He spoke. With all his force the javelin flung, Fix'd deep, and loudly in the buckler rung. Far on his out-stretch'd arm, Pelides held 310 (To meet the thund'ring lance) his dreadful shield, That trembled as it stuck; nor void of fear Saw, ere it fell, th' immeasurable spear. His fears were vain; impenetrable charms Secur'd the temper of th'ætherial arms. 315 Thro' two strong plates the point its passage held, But stopp'd, and rested, by the third repell'd: Five plates of various metal, various mold, Compos'd the shield; of brass each outward fold, Of tin each inward, and the middle gold: There stuck the lance. Then rising ere he threw, The forceful spear of great Achilles flew,

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	245
And pierc'd the Dardan shield's extremest bound	,
Where the shrill brass return'd a sharper sound:	•
Thro' the thin verge the Pelian weapon glides,	325
And the slight cov'ring of expanded hides.	
Æneas his contracted body bends,	
And o'er him high the riven targe extends,	
Sees, thro' its parting plates, the upper air,	
And at his back perceives the quiv'ring spear:	330
A fate so near him, chills his soul with fright;	
And swims before his eyes the many-colour'd ligh	ht.
Achilles, rushing in with dreadful cries,	
Draws his broad blade, and at Æneas flies:	
Æneas rousing as the foe came on,	335
(With force collected) heaves a mighty stone:	
A mass enormous! which in modern days	
No two of earth's degen'rate sons could raise.	
But Ocean's God, whose earthquakes rock the gre	ound,
Saw the distress, and mov'd the pow'rs around.	340
Lo! on the brink of Fate Æneas stands,	
An instant victim to Achilles' hands:	
By Phœbus urg'd; but Phœbus has bestow'd	
His aid in vain: the man o'erpow'rs the God.	
And can ye see this righteous chief atone	345
With guiltless blood, for vices not his own?	,
To all the Gods his constant vows were paid:	
Sure, tho' he wars for Troy, he claims our aid.	
Fate wills not this; nor thus can Jove resign	
The future father of the Dardan line:	350
y 2	The

The first great ancestor obtain'd his grace, And still his love descends on all the race. For Priam now, and Priam's faithless kind, At length are odious to th' all-seeing mind; On great Æneas shall devolve the reign, 355 And sons succeeding sons the lasting line sustain. The great earth-shaker thus: to whom replies Th'imperial Goddess with the radiant eyes. Good as he is, to immolate or spare The Dardan prince, O Neptune, be thy care; 360 Pallas and I, by all that Gods can bind. Have sworn destruction to the Trojan kind; Not e'en an instant to protract their fate, Or save one member of the sinking state; 'Till her last flame be quench'd with her last gore, 365 And ev'n her crumbling ruins are no more.

The king of Ocean to the fight descends, Thro' all the whistling darts his course he bends, Swift interpos'd between the warriours flies, And casts thick darkness o'er Achilles' eyes. 370 From great Æneas' shield the spear he drew, And at his master's feet the weapon threw. That done, with force divine he snatch'd on high The Dardan prince, and bore him thro' the sky, Smooth-gliding without step, above the heads 375 Of warring heroes, and of bounding steeds: 'Till at the battle's utmost verge they light, Where the slow Caucans close the rear of fight.

The

The Godhead there (his heav'nly form confess'd)
With words like these the panting chief address'd. 380

What pow'r, O prince, with force inferiour far Urg'd thee to meet Achilles' arm in war? Henceforth beware, nor antedate thy doom, Defrauding Fate of all thy fame to come. But when the day decreed (for come it must) 385 Shall lay this dreadful hero in the dust, Let then the furies of that arm be known, Secure no Grecian force transcends thy own.

With that, he left him wond'ring as he lay, Then from Achilles chas'd the mist away: 300 Sudden, returning with the stream of light, The scene of war came rushing on his sight. Then thus, amaz'd: What wonders strike my mind! My spear that parted on the wings of wind, Laid here before me! and the Dardan lord 395 That fell this instant, vanish'd from my sword! I thought alone with mortals to contend, But pow'rs coelestial sure this foe defend. Great as he is, our arm he scarce will try, Content for once, with all the Gods, to fly. 400 Now then let others bleed—This said, aloud He vents his fury, and inflames the croud. O Greeks (he cries, and ev'ry rank alarms) Join battle, man to man, and arms to arms! 'Tis not in me, tho' favour'd by the sky, 405 To mow whole troops, and make whole armies fly:

No

No God can singly such a host engage,
Not Mars himself, nor great Minerva's rage.
But whatsoe'er Achilles can inspire,
Whate'er of active force, or acting fire;
Whate'er this heart can prompt, or hand obey;
All, all Achilles, Greeks! is yours to-day.
Thro' yon' wide host this arm shall scatter fear,
And thin the squadrons with my single spear,

He said: nor less elate with martial joy, 415
The god-like Hector warm'd the troops of Troy.
Trojans to war! Think Hector leads you on;
Nor dread the vaunts of Peleus' haughty son.
Deeds must decide our fate. Ev'n those with words
Insult the brave, who tremble at their swords: 420
The weakest atheist-wretch all heav'n defies,
But shrinks and shudders, when the thunder flies.
Nor from yon' boaster shall your chief retire,
Not tho' his heart were steel, his hands were fire;
That fire, that steel, your Hector shou'd withstand, 425
And brave that vengeful heart, that dreadful hand.

Thus (breathing rage thro' all) the hero said!

A wood of lances rises round his head,
Clamours on clamours tempest all the air,
They join, they throng, they thicken to the war.
But Phæbus warns him from high heav'n to shun
The single fight with Thetis' god-like son;
More safe to combat in the mingled band,
Nor tempt too near the terrours of his hand.

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD.	247
He hears, obedient to the God of light,	435
And plung'd within the ranks, awaits the fight. Then fierce Achilles, shouting to the skies, On Troy's whole force with boundless fury flies.	•
First falls Iphytion, at his army's head;	
Brave was the chief, and brave the host he led; From great Otrynteus he deriv'd his blood,	440
His mother was a Naïs of the flood;	
Beneath the shades of Tmolus, crown'd with snow	v,
From Hyde's walls he rul'd the lands below.	`
Fierce as he springs, the sword his head divides;	445
The parted visage falls on equal sides:	0.1
With loud-resounding arms he strikes the plain;	
While thus Achilles glories o'er the slain.	
Lie there Otryntides! the Trojan earth	
Receives thee dead, tho' Gygæ boast thy birth;	
Those beauteous fields where Hyllus' waves are re	oll'd,
And plenteous Hermus swells with tides of gold,	
Are thine no more—Th' insulting hero said,	
And left him sleeping in eternal shade.	
The rolling wheels of Greece the body tore,	455
And dash'd their axles with no vulgar gore.	
Demoleon next, Antenor's offspring, laid	
Breathless in dust, the price of rashness paid.	
Th' impatient steel with full-descending sway	
Forc'd thro' its brazen helm its furious way.	460
Resistless drove the batter'd skull before,	
And dash'd and mingled all the brains with gore.	
	This

248 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOO	K XX.
This sees Hippodamas, and seiz'd with fright,	
Deserts his chariot for a swifter flight:	
The lance arrests him: an ignoble wound	465
The panting Trojan rivets to the ground.	
He groans away his soul: not louder roars	
At Neptune's shrine on Helice's high shores	
The victim bull; the rocks rebellow round,	
And Ocean listens to the grateful sound,	470
Then fell on Polydore his vengeful rage,	
The youngest hope of Priam's stooping age:	
(Whose feet for swiftness in the race surpast)	
Of all his sons, the dearest, and the last.	
To the forbidden field he takes his flight	475
In the first folly of a youthful knight,	
To vaunt his swiftness wheels around the plain,	
But vaunts not long, with all his swiftness slain.	
Struck where the crossing belts unite behind,	
And golden rings the double back-plate join'd:	480
Forth thro' the navel burst the thrilling steel;	
And on his knees with piercing shrieks he fell;	
The rushing entrails pour'd upon the ground	
His hands collect; and darkness wraps him round	d.
When Hector view'd, all ghastly in his gore	485
Thus sadly slain, th' unhappy Polydore;	
A cloud of sorrow overcast his sight,	
His soul no longer brook'd the distant fight,	, =
Full in Achilles' dreadful front he came,	
And shook his jav'lin like a waving flame.	490
	The

BOOK XX. HOMER'S ILIAD. 24	19
The son of Peleus sees, with joy possest,	
His heart high-bounding in his rising breast:	
And, lo! the man, on whom black fates attend;	
The man, that slew Achilles, in his friend!	
No more shall Hector's and Pelides,' spear 45)5
Turn from each other in the walks of war-	
Then with revengeful eyes he scann'd him o'er:	
Come, and receive thy fate! He spake no more.	
Hector, undaunted, thus. Such words employ	
To one that dreads thee, some unwarlike boy: 50	00
Such we could give, defying and defy'd	
Mean intercourse of obloquy and pride!	
I know thy force to mine superiour far;	
But heav'n alone confers success in war:	
Mean as I am, the Gods may guide my dart, 50)5
And give it ent'rance in a braver heart.	
Then parts the lance: but Pallas' heav'nly breath	
Far from Achilles wafts the winged death:	
The bidden dart again to Hector slies,	
And at the feet of its great master lies. 51	LO
Achilles closes with his hated foe,	
His heart and eyes with flaming fury glow:	
But present to his aid, Apollo shrouds	
The favour'd hero in a veil of clouds.	
Thrice struck Pelides with indignant heart, 51	5
Thrice in impassive air he plung'd the dart:	
The spear a fourth time bury'd in the cloud;	

He foams with fury, and exclaims aloud.

Wretch!

Wretch! thou hast 'scap'd again, once more thy flight Has sav'd thee, and the partial God of light. But long thou shalt not thy just fate withstand, If any power assist Achilles' hand. Fly then inglorious! but thy flight this day Whole hecatombs of Trojan ghosts shall pay.

With that, he gluts his rage on numbers slain: 525 Then Dryops tumbled to th' ensanguin'd plain, Pierc'd thro' the neck: he left him panting there, And stopp'd Demuchus, great Philetor's heir, Gigantick chief! deep gash'd th' enormous blade, And for the soul an ample passage made. 530 Laogonus and Dardanus expire, The valiant sons of an unhappy sire; Both in one instant from the chariot hurl'd. Sunk in one instant to the nether world; This diff'rence only their sad fates afford, 535 That one the spear destroy'd, and one the sword. Nor less unpity'd, young Alastor bleeds;

In vain his youth, in vain his beauty pleads: In vain he begs thee with a suppliant's moan, To spare a form, an age so like thy own! 540 Unhappy boy! no pray'r, no moving art, E'er bent that fierce, inexorable heart! While yet he trembled at his knees, and cry'd, The ruthless falchion ope'd his tender side; The panting liver pours a flood of gore 545 That drowns his bosom, 'till he pants no more.

Thro'

Around

Thro' Mulius' head then drove th' impetuous spear, 'The warriour falls, transfix'd from ear to ear. Thy life, Echeclus! next the sword bereaves, Deep thro' the front the pond'rous falchion cleaves; Warm'd in the brain the smoking weapon lies, 551 The purple death comes floating o'er his eyes. Then brave Deucalion dy'd: the dart was flung Where the knit nerves the pliant elbow strung; He dropt his arm, an unassisting weight, 555 And stood all impotent, expecting fate: Full on his neck the falling falchion sped, From his broad shoulders hew'd his crested head: Forth from the bone the spinal marrow flies, And sunk in dust, the corpse extended lies. 560 Rhigmus, whose race from fruitful Thracia came, (The son of Pireus, an illustrious name,) Succeeds to fate: the spear his belly rends; Prone from his car the thund'ring chief descends: The squire, who saw expiring on the ground 565 His prostrate master, rein'd the steeds around: His back scarce turn'd, the Pelian jav'lin gor'd, And stretch'd the servant o'er his dying lord. As when a flame the winding valley fills, And runs on crackling shrubs between the hills; 570 Then o'er the stubble up the mountain flies, Fires the high woods, and blazes to the skies, This way and that, the spreading torrent roars; So sweeps the hero thro' the wasted shores:

Around him wide, immense destruction pours 575 And earth is delug'd with the sanguine show'rs. As with autumnal harvests cover'd o'er. And thick bestrown, lies Ceres' sacred floor; When round and round, with never-weary'd pain, The trampling steers beat out th' unnumber'd grain: So the fierce coursers; as the chariot rolls, 581 Tread down whole ranks, and crush out heroes' souls. Dash'd from their hoofs while o'er the dead they fly, Black, bloody drops the smoking chariot dye: The spiky wheels thro' heaps of carnage tore; 585 And thick the groaning axles dropp'd with gore. High o'er the scene of death Achilles stood, All grim with dust, all horrible in blood: Yet still insatiate, still with rage on flame; Such is the lust of never dying Fame! 590

END OF THE TWENTIETH BOOK.

THE

TWENTY-FIRST BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE BATTLE IN THE RIVER SCAMANDER.

The Trojans fly before Achilles, some towards the town, others to the river Scamander: he falls upon the latter with great slaughter, takes twelve captives alive, to sacrafice to the shade of Patroclus; and kills Lycaon and Asteropaus. Scamander attacks him with all his waves; Neptune and Pallas assist the hero; Simois joins Scamander; at length Vulcan, by the instigation of Juno, almost dries up the river. This combat ended, the other Gods engage each other. Meanwhile Achilles continues the slaughter, drives the rest into Troy: Agenor only makes a stand, and is conveyed away in a cloud by Apollo; who (to delude Achilles) takes upon him Agenor's shape, and while he pursues him in that disguise, gives the Trojans an opportunity of retiring into their city.

The same day continues. The scene is on the banks and in the stream of Scamander.

THE

TWENTY-FIRST BOOK

OF THE

I L I A D.

AND now to Xanthus' gliding stream they drove, Xanthus, immortal progeny of Jove. The river here divides the flying train. Part to the town fly diverse o'er the plain, Where late their troops triumphant bore the fight, 5 Now chas'd, and trembling in ignoble flight: (These with a gather'd mist Saturnia shrouds, And rolls behind the rout a heap of clouds) Part plunge into the stream: old Xanthus roars, The flashing billows beat the whiten'd shores: 10 With cries promiscuous all the banks resound; And here, and there, in eddies whirling round, The flouncing steeds and shrieking warriours drown'd. As the scorch'd locusts from their fields retire, While fast behind them runs the blaze of fire; 15 Driv'n from the land before the smoky cloud, The clust'ring legions rush into the flood:

So plung'd in Xanthus by Achilles' force, Roars the resounding surge with men and horse. His bloody lance the hero casts aside, 20 (Which spreading tam'risks on the margin hide) Then, like a God, the rapid billows braves, Arm'd with his sword, high-brandish'd o'er the waves: Now down he plunges, now he whirls it round. Deep groan'd the waters with the dying sound; 25 Repeated wounds the red'ning river dy'd, And the warm purple circled on the tide. Swift thro' the foamy flood the Trojans fly, And close in rocks or winding caverns lie: So the huge Dolphin tempesting the main, 30 In shoals before him fly the scaly train, Confus'dly heap'd they seek their inmost caves, Or pant and heave beneath the floating waves. Now tir'd with slaughter, from the Trojan band Twelve chosen youths he drags alive to land; 35 With their rich belts their captive arms constrains (Late their proud ornaments, but now their chains.) These his attendants to the ships convey'd, Sad victims! destin'd to Patroclus' shade.

Then, as once more he plung'd amid the flood, 40 The young Lycaon in his passage stood; The son of Priam, whom the hero's hand But late made captive in his father's land, (As from a sycamore, his sounding steel Lopp'd the green arms to spoke a chariot-wheel) 45

To

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	257
To Lemnos' isle he sold the royal slave,	
Where Jason's son the price demanded gave;	
But kind Eëtion touching on the shore,	
The ransom'd prince to fair Arisbe bore.	
Ten days were past, since in his father's reign	50
He felt the sweets of liberty again;	
The next, that God whom men in vain withstand,	4
Gives the same youth to the same conquiring hand	,
Now never to return! and doom'd to go	
A sadder journey to the shades below.	55
His well-known face when great Achilles ey'd,	
(The helm and visor he had cast aside	
With wild affright, and dropp'd upon the field	
His useless lance and unavailing shield.)	
As trembling, panting, from the stream he fled,	60
And knock'd his falt'ring knees, the hero said.	
Ye mighty Gods! what wonders strike my view	/!
Is it in vain our conqu'ring arms subdue?	
Sure I shall see yon' heaps of Trojans kill'd,	
Rise from the shades, and brave me on the field:	65
As now the captive, whom so late I bound	٠
And sold to Lemnos, stalks on Trojan ground!	
Not him the sea's unmeasur'd deeps detain,	
That bar such numbers from their native plain:	
Lo! he returns. Try, thèn, my flying spear!	70
Try, if the grave can hold the wanderer;	
If Earth at length this active prince can seize,	
Earth, whose strong grasp has held down Hercules	

z 3

Thus

Thus while he spake, the Trojan pale with fears
Approach'd, and sought his knees with suppliant tears;
Loth as he was to yield his youthful breath,
And his soul shiv'ring at th' approach of death.
Achilles rais'd the spear, prepar'd to wound;
He kiss'd his feet extended on the ground:
And while, above, the spear suspended stood,
Longing to dip its thirsty point in blood,
One hand embrac'd them close, one stop the dart,
While thus these melting words attempt his heart.

Thy well-known captive, great Achilles! see, Once more Lycaon trembles at thy knee. 85 Some pity to a suppliant's name afford, Who shar'd the gifts of Ceres at thy board; Whom late thy cong'ring arm to Lemnos bore, Far from his father, friends, and native shore; A hundred oxen were his price that day, 90 Now sums immense thy mercy shall repay. Scarce respited from woes I yet appear, And scarce twelve morning suns have seen me here; Lo! Jove again submits me to thy hands, Again, her victim cruel Fate demands! 95 I sprung from Priam, and Laothöe fair, (Old Alte's daughter, and Lelegia's heir; Who held in Pedasus his fam'd abode, And rul'd the fields where silver Satnio flow'd) 100 Two sons (alas! unhappy sons) she bore; For ah! one spear shall drink each brother's gore, And I succeed to slaughter'd Polydore. How

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	259
How from that arm of terrour shall I fly?	
Some Demon urges! 'tis my doom to die!	
If ever yet soft pity touch'd thy mind,	105
Ah! think not me too much of Hector's kind!	
Not the same mother gave thy suppliant breath,	
With his, who wrought thy lov'd Patroclus' dea	ith.
These words, attended with a show'r of tears	
The youth addrest to unrelenting ears:	110
Talk not of life, or ransom, (he replies)	
Patroclus dead, whoever meets me, dies:	
In vain a single Trojan sues for grace;	
But least, the sons of Priam's hateful race.	
Die then, my friend! what boots it to deplore?	115
The great, the good Patroclus is no more!	
He, far thy better, was foredoom'd to die,	
" And thou, dost thou, bewail mortality?"	
See'st thou not me, whom nature's gifts adorn,	
Sprung from a hero, from a Goddess born;	120
The day shall come (which nothing can avert)	
When by the spear, the arrow, or the dart,	
By night, or day, by force or by design,	
Impending death and certain fate are mine.	
Die then—He said: and as the word he spoke	125
The fainting stripling sunk, before the stroke:	
His hand forgot its grasp, and left the spear;	
While all his trembling frame confest his fear.	
Sudden, Achilles his broad sword display'd,	100
And buried in his neck the reeking blade.	130
	Prone

,	
260 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK	ZXL
Prone fell the youth; and panting on the land,	
The gushing purple dy'd the thirsty sand:	
The victor to the stream the carcase gave,	
And thus insults him, floating on the wave.	
Lie there, Lycaon! let the fish surround	135
Thy bloated corse, and suck thy gory wound:	
There no sad mother shall thy fun'rals weep,	
But swift Scamander roll thee to the deep,	
Whose ev'ry wave some wat'ry monster brings,	
To feast unpunish'd on the fat of kings.	140
So perish Troy, and all the Trojan line!	
Such ruin theirs, and such compassion mine.	
What boots ye now Scamander's worshipp'd stream	n.
His earthly honours, and immortal name;	,
In vain your immolated bulls are slain,	145
Your living coursers glut his gulphs in vain:	
Thus he rewards you, with this bitter fate;	
Thus, 'till the Grecian vengeance is compleat:	:
Thus is aton'd Patroclus' honour'd shade,	
And the short absence of Achilles paid.	150
These boastful words provoke the raging God;	
With fury swells the violated flood.	
What means divine may yet the pow'r employ,	
To check Achilles, and to rescue Troy?	
Meanwhile the hero springs in arms, to dare	155
The great Asteropeus to mortal war;	
The son of Pelagon, whose lofty line	

Flows from the source of Axius, stream divine!

(Fair

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	261
(Fair Peribæa's love the God had crown'd,	
With all his refluent waters circled round)	160
On him Achilles rush'd: he fearless stood,	
And shook two spears, advancing from the flood;	
The flood impell'd him, on Pelides' head	
T'avenge his waters chok'd with heaps of dead.	
Near as they drew, Achilles thus began.	165
What art thou, boldest of the race of man?	
Who, or from whence? Unhappy is the sire,	
Whose son encounters our resistless ire.	
O son of Peleus! what avails to trace	
(Reply'd the warriour) our illustrious race?	170
From rich Pæonia's vallies I command	
Arm'd with protended spears, my native band;	
Now shines the tenth bright morning since I cam	e
In aid of Ilion to the fields of fame:	
Axius, who swells with all the neighb'ring rills,	175
And wide around the floated region fills,	
Begot my sire, whose spear such glory won:	
Now lift thy arm, and try that hero's son!	
Threat'ning he said: the hostile chiefs advance	;
At once Asteropeus discharg'd each lance,	180
(For both his dext'rous hands the lance cou'd wiel	.d)
One struck, but pierc'd not the Vulcanian shield;	
One raz'd Achilles' hand; the spouting blood	
Spun forth, in earth the fast'ned weapon stood.	
Like light'ning next the Pelian javelin flies:	185
Its erring fury hiss'd along the skies;	
	Deep

Deep in the swelling bank was driv'n the spear, Ev'n to the middle earth'd; and guiver'd there. Then from his side the sword Pelides drew. And on his foe with doubled fury flew, 190 The foe thrice tugg'd, and shook the rooted wood; Repulsive of his might the weapon stood: The fourth, he tries to break the spear, in vain; Bent as he stands, he tumbles to the plain; His belly open'd with a ghastly wound, 195 The reeking entrails pour upon the ground. Beneath the hero's feet he panting lies, And his eye darkens, and his spirit flies: While the proud victor thus triumphing said, His radiant armour tearing from the dead: 200 So ends thy glory! such the fate they prove Who strive presumptuous with the sons of Jove. Sprung from a River didst thou boast thy line? But great Saturnius is the source of mine. How durst thou vaunt thy wat'ry progeny? 205 Of Peleus, Æacus, and Jove, am I; The race of these superiour far to those, As he that thunders to the stream that flows. What rivers can, Scamander might have shown; But Jove he dreads, nor wars against his son. 210 Ev'n Achelöus might contend in vain, And all the roaring billows of the main. 'Th' eternal Ocean, from whose fountains flow The seas, the rivers, and the springs below,

The

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	263
The thund'ring voice of Jove abhors to hear,	215
And in his deep abysses shakes with fear.	
He said; then from the bank his javelin tore,	
And left the breathless warriour in his gore.	
The floating tides the bloody carcase lave,	
And beat against it, wave succeeding wave;	220
'Till roll'd between the banks, it lies the food	
Of curling eels, and fishes of the flood.	
All scatter'd round the stream (their mightiest sl	ain)
Th' amaz'd Pæonians scour along the plain:	
He vents his fury on the flying crew,	225
Thrasius, Astypylus, and Mnesus slew;	
Mydon, Thersilochus, with Ænius fell;	
And numbers more his lance had plung'd to hell;	;
But from the bottom of his gulfs profound,	
Scamander spoke; the shores return'd the sound.	230
O first of mortals! (for the Gods are thine)	
In valour matchless, and in force divine!	
If Jove have given thee ev'ry Trojan head,	
Tis not on me thy rage should heap the dead.	
See! my chok'd streams no more their course can	keep,
Nor roll their wonted tribute to the deep.	236
Turn then, impetuous! from our injur'd flood;	
Content, thy slaughters could amaze a God.	
In human form, confess'd before his eyes,	
The river thus; and thus the chief replies.	240
O sacred stream! thy word we shall obey;	
But not 'till Troy the destin'd vengeance pay,	
	Not

264 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK:	XXI
Not 'till within her tow'rs the perjur'd train	
Shall pant, and tremble at our arms again;	1 -
Not 'till proud Hector, guardian of her wall,	245
Or stain this lance, or see Achilles fall.	1
He said; and drove with fury on the foe.	411
Then to the Godhead of the silver bow	
The yellow Flood began: O son of Jove!	
Was not the mandate of the sire above	250
Full and express? that Phœbus should employ	
His sacred arrows in defence of Troy,	
And make her conquer, 'till Hyperion's fall	
In awful darkness hide the face of all?	
He spoke in vain—the chief without dismay	255
Ploughs thro' the boiling surge his desp'rate way.	1-11
Then rising in his rage above the shores,	1.
From all his deep the bellowing river roars,	
Huge heaps of slain disgorges on the coast,	. ·
And round the banks the ghastly dead are tost.	260
While all before, the billows rang'd on high	
(A wat'ry bulwark) skreen the bands who fly.	
Now bursting on his head with thund'ring sound,	
The falling deluge whelms the hero round:	
His loaded shield bends to the rushing tide;	265
His feet, upborn, scarce the strong flood divide,	
Slidd'ring, and stagg'ring. On the border stood	
A spreading elm, that overhung the flood;	

He seiz'd a bending bough, his steps to stay; The plant uprooted to his weight gave way,

270 Heaving

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	205
Heaving the bank, and undermining all;	
Loud flash the waters to the rushing fall	
Of the thick foliage. The large trunk display'	d
Bridg'd the rough flood across: the hero stay'd	
On this his weight, and rais'd upon his hand,	275
Leapt from the channel, and regain'd the land.	
Then blacken'd the wild waves; the murmur ro	se;
The God pursues, a huger billow throws,	
And bursts the bank, ambitious to destroy	
The man whose fury is the fate of Troy.	280
He, like the warlike eagle speeds his pace,	
(Swiftest and strongest of th' aërial race)	
Far as a spear can fly, Achilles springs	
At ev'ry bound; his clanging armour rings:	
Now here, now there, he turns on ev'ry side,	285
And winds his course before the following tide;	
The waves flow after wheresoc'er he wheels,	
And gather fast, and murmur at his heels.	
So when a peasant to his garden brings	
Soft rills of water from the bubbling springs,	290
And calls the floods from high, to bless his bow	'rs
And feed with pregnant streams the plants and fle	ow'rs;
Soon as he clears whate'er their passage staid,	
And marks the future current with his spade,	
Swift o'er the rolling pebbles, down the hills	295
Louder and louder purl the falling rills,	
Before him scatt'ring, they prevent his pains,	
And shine in mazy wand'rings o'er the plains.	
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Still flies Achilles, but before his eyes Still swift Scamander rolls where-e'er he flies: 300 Not all his speed escapes the rapid floods; The first of men, but not a match for Gods. Oft' as he turn'd the torrent to oppose, And bravely try if all the pow'rs were foes: So oft' the surge, in wat'ry mountains spread, 305 Beats on his back, or bursts upon his head. Yet dauntless still the adverse flood he braves, And still indignant bounds above the waves. Tir'd by the tides, his knees relax with toil: Wash'd from beneath him slides the slimy soil; 310 When thus (his eyes on heav'n's expansion thrown) Forth bursts the hero with an angry groan. Is there no God Achilles to befriend,

No pow'r t' avert his miserable end? Prevent, oh Jove! this ignominious date, 315 And make my future life the sport of Fate. Of all heav'n's oracles believ'd in vain, But most of Thetis must her son complain; By Phœbus' darts she prophesy'd my fall, In glorious arms before the Trojan wall. 320 Oh! had I dy'd in fields of battle warm, Stretch'd like a hero, by a hero's arm! Might Hector's spear this dauntless bosom rend, And my swift soul o'ertake my slaughter'd friend! Ah no! Achilles meets a shameful fate, 325 Oh how unworthy of the brave and great! Like

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

Like some vile swain, whom on a rainy day, Crossing a ford, the torrent sweeps away,

An unregarded carcase to the sea.

Neptune and Pallas haste to to his relief, 330 And thus in human form address'd the chief: The pow'r of Ocean first. Forbear thy fear, O son of Peleus! Lo thy Gods appear! Behold! from Jove decending to thy aid, Propitious Neptune, and the blue-ey'd maid. 335 Stay, and the furious flood shall cease to rave: 'Tis not thy fate to glut his angry wave. But thou, the counsel heav'n suggests, attend! Nor breathe from combat, nor thy sword suspend, 'Till Troy receive her flying sons, 'till all 340 Her routed squadrons pant behind their wall: Hector alone shall stand his fatal chance, And Hector's blood shall smoke upon thy lance. Thine is the glory doom'd. Thus spake the Gods: Then swift ascended to the bright abodes.

Stung with new ardour, thus by heav'n impell'd, He springs impetuous, and invades the field:
O'er all the expanded plain the waters spread;
Heav'd on the bounding billows danc'd the dead,
Floating 'midst scatter'd arms; while casques of gold And turn'd-up bucklers glitter'd as they roll'd. 351
High o'er the surging tide, by leaps and bounds,
He wades, and mounts; the parted wave resounds.

267

Not a whole river stops the hero's course,
While Pallas fills him with immortal force.

355

With equal rage, indignant Xanthus roars,

And lifts his billows, and o'erwhelms his shores.

Then thus to Simois: Haste, my brother flood!
And check this mortal that controlls a God:
Our bravest heroes else shall quit the fight, 360

And Ilion tumble from her tow'ry height.

Call then thy subject streams, and bid them roar, From all thy fountains swell thy wat'ry store, With broken rocks, and with a load of dead Charge the black surge, and pour it on his head. 365

Mark how resistless thro' the floods he goes,

And boldly bids the warring Gods be foes! But nor that force, nor form divine to sight

Shall ought avail him, if our rage unite: Whelm'd under our dark gulfs those arms shall lie,

That blaze so dreadful in each Trojan eye;

And deep beneath a sandy mountain hurl'd, Immers'd remain this terrour of the world.

Such pond'rous ruin shall confound the place, No Greek shall e'er his perish'd relicks grace,

No hand his bones shall gather, or inhume; These his cold rites, and this his wat'ry tomb.

He said; and on the chief descends amain,
Increas'd with gore, and swelling with the slain.
Then murm'ring from his beds, he boils, he raves,
And a foam whitens on the purple waves:

381

At

371

375

At ev'ry step, before Achilles stood
The crimson surge, and delug'd him with blood.
Fear touch'd the Queen of heav'n: she saw dismay'd,
She call'd aloud, and summon'd Vulcan's aid. 385

Rise to the war! th' insulting flood requires
Thy wasteful arm: assemble all thy fires!
While to their aid, by our command enjoin'd,
Rush the swift Eastern and the Western wind:
These from old Ocean at my word shall blow,
Pour the red torrent on the wat'ry foe,
Corses and arms to one bright ruin turn,
And hissing rivers to their bottoms burn.
Go, mighty in thy rage! display thy pow'r,
Drink the whole flood, the crackling trees devour. 395
Scorch all the banks! and ('till our voice reclaim)
Exert th' unweary'd furies of the flame!

The Pow'r ignipotent her word obeys:
Wide o'er the plain he pours the boundless blaze;
At once consumes the dead, and dries the soil; 400
And the shrunk waters in their channel boil.
As when autumnal Boreas sweeps the sky,
And instant blows the water'd gardens dry:
So look'd the field, so whiten'd was the ground,
While Vulcan breath'd the fiery blast around.
405
Swift on the sedgy reeds the ruin preys;
Along the margin winds the running blaze:
The trees in flaming rows to ashes turn,
The flow'ry Lotos, and the Tam'risk burn,

Broad

270 HUMER'S ILIAD. BOOK	XXI.
Broad elm, and cypress rising in a spire;	410
The wat'ry willows hiss before the fire.	•
Now glow the waves, the fishes pant for breath,	
The eels lie twisting in the pangs of death:	
Now flounce aloft, now dive the scaly fry,	1
Or gasping, turn their bellies to the sky.	415
At length the river rear'd his languid head,	
And thus, short-panting, to the God he said.	
Oh Vulcan! oh! what pow'r resists thy migh	t?
I faint, I sink, unequal to the fight-	
I yield—Let Ilion fall; if Fate decree—	420
Ah—bend no more thy fiery arms on me!	
He ceas'd; wide conflagration blazing round;	
The bubbling waters yield a hissing sound.	
As when the flames beneath a caldron rise,	
To melt the fat of some rich sacrifice,	425
Amid the fierce embrace of circling fires	
The waters foam, the heavy smoke aspires:	
So boils th' imprison'd flood, forbid to flow,	
And chok'd with vapours, feels his bottom glow	
To Juno then, imperial Queen of Air,	430
The burning River sends his earnest pray'r.	
Ah why, Saturnia! must thy son engage	
Me, only me, with all his wasteful rage?	• .
On other Gods his dreadful arm employ,	
For mightier Gods assert the cause of Troy.	435
Submissive I desist, if thou command;	
But ah! with-draw this all-destroying hand.	
6	Hear

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.

271

Hear then my solemn oath, to yield to Fate Unaided Ilion, and her destin'd state, 'Till Greece shall gird her with destructive flame, 440 And in one rum sink the Trojan name.

His warm intreaty touch'd Saturnia's ear: She bade th' Ignipotent his rage forbear, Recall the flame, nor in a mortal cause Infest a God: th' obedient flame withdraws: 445 Again, the branching streams begin to spread, And soft re-murmur in their wonted bed.

While these by Juno's will the strife resign, The warring Gods in fierce contention join: Re-kindling rage each heav'nly breast alarms; 450 With horrid clangor shock'd the ætherial arms: Heav'n in loud thunder bids the trumpet sound; And wide beneath them groans the rending ground. Jove, as his sport, the dreadful scene descries, And views contending Gods with careless eyes. 455 The Pow'r of battles lifts his brazen spear, And first assaults the radiant Queen of War.

What mov'd thy madness, thus to dis-unite Ætherial minds, and mix all heav'n in fight? What wonder this, when in thy frantick mood 460 Thou droy'st a mortal to insult a God? Thy impious hand Tydides' javelin bore, And madly bath'd it in celestial gore.

He spoke, and smote the loud-resounding shield, Which bears Jove's thunder on its dreadful field; 465

The

The adamantine Ægis of her sire,

That turns the glancing bolt, and forked fire.

Then heav'd the Goddess in her mighty hand A stone, the limit of the neighb'ring land,
There fix'd from eldest times; black, craggy, vast:
This, at the heav'nly homicide she cast.

471
Thund'ring he falls, a mass of monstrous size;
And sev'n broad acres covers as he lies.
The stunning stroke his stubborn nerves unbound;
Loud o'er the field his ringing arms resound:

475
The scornful dame her conquests views with smiles,
And glorying thus, the prostrate God reviles.

Hast thou not yet, insatiate Fury! known
How far Minerva's force transcends thy own?
Juno, whom thou rebellious dar'st withstand,
Corrects thy folly thus by Pallas' hand;
Thus meets thy broken faith with just disgrace,
And partial aid to Troy's perfidious race.

The Goddess spoke, and turn'd her eyes away,
That beaming round, diffus'd celestial day.

Jove's Cyprian daughter, stooping on the land:
Lent to the wounded God her tender hand:
Slowly he rises, scarcely breathes with pain,
And propt on her fair arm, forsakes the plain.
This the bright empress of the heav'ns survey'd, 490
And scoffing, thus, to war's victorious Maid.

Lo! what an aid on Mars's side is seen!
The Smiles and Love's unconquerable queen!

Mark

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	278
Mark with what insolence, in open view,	
She moves: let Pallas, if she dares, pursue.	495
Minerva smiling heard, the pair o'ertook,	
And slightly on her breast the wanton strook:	
She, unresisting, fell; (her spirits fled)	
On earth together lay the lovers spread.	
And like these heroes, be the fate of all	500
(Minerva cries) who guard the Trojan wall!	
To Grecian Gods such let the Phrygian be,	
So dread, so fierce, as Venus is to me;	
Then from the lowest stone shall Troy be mov'd-	
Thus she, and Juno with a smile approv'd.	5 05
Meantime, to mix in more than mortal fight,	
The God of ocean dares the God of light.	
What sloth has seiz'd us, when the fields around	
Ring with conflicting pow'rs, and heav'n returns	the
sound-?	
Shall, ignominious, we with shame retire,	510
No deed perform'd, to our Olympian sire?	
Come, prove thy arm? for first the war to wage,	
Suits not my greatness, or superiour age:	
Rash as thou art to prop the Trojan throne,)
(Forgetful of my wrongs, and of thy own) 51	5 }
And guard the race of proud Laomedon!).
Hast thou forgot, how at the monarch's pray'r,	
We shar'd the lengten'd labours of a year?	
Troy walls I rais'd (for such were Jove's command	
And yon' proud bulwarks grew beneath my hands	:
	Γhy

For what is man? Calamitous by birth, They owe their life and nourishment to earth; Like yearly leaves, that now, with beauty crown'd, Smile on the sun; now, wither on the ground. 540 To their own hands commit the frantick scene, Nor mix immortals in a cause so mean.

Then turns his face, far-beaming heav'nly fires, And from the senior Pow'r, submiss retires; Him, thus retreating, Artemis upraids, 545 The quiver'd huntress of the Sylvan shades.

And is it thus the youthful Phœbus flies, And yields to Ocean's hoary sire the prize?

How

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	275
How vain that martial pomp, and dreadful show	
Of pointed arrows, and the silver bow!	550
Now boast no more in yon' celestial bow'r,	
Thy force can match the great earth-shaking Pow	v'r.
Silent, he heard the queen of woods upbraid:	
Not so Saturnia bore the vaunting maid;	
But furious thus. What insolence has driv'n	555
Thy pride to face the Majesty of Heav'n?	
What tho' by Jove the female plague design'd,	
Fierce to the feeble race of woman-kind,	
The wretched matron feels thy piercing dart;	
Thy sex's tyrant, with a tyger's heart?	560
What tho' tremendous in the woodland chase,	
Thy certain arrows pierce the savage race?	
How dares thy rashness on the pow'rs divine	
Employ those arms, or match thy force with min	ne?
Learn hence, no more unequal war to wage-	565
She said, and seiz'd her wrists with eager rage;	
These in her left hand lock'd, her right unty'd	
The bow, the quiver, and its plumy pride.	
About her temples flies the busy bow;	
Now here, now there, she winds her from the b	low;
The scattering arrows rattling from the case,	571
Drop round and idly mark the dusty place.	
Swift from the field the baffled huntress flies,	
And scarce restrains the torrent in her eyes:	
So, when the falcon wings her way above,	575
To the cleft cavern speeds the gentle dove,	
	(Nor

(Not fated yet to die) there safe retreats. Yet still her heart against the marble beats.

To her, Latona hastes with tender care; Whom Hermes viewing, thus declines the war. 580 How shall I face the dame, who gives delight To him whose thunders blacken heav'n with night? Go matchless Goddess! triumph in the skies, And boast my conquest, while I yield the prize.

He spoke; and past: Latona, stooping low, 585 Collects the scatter'd shafts and fallen bow, That glitt'ring on the dust, lay here and there; Dishonour'd relicks of Diana's war. Then swift pursu'd her to her blest abode, 589 Where, all confus'd, she sought the sov'reign God; Weeping she grasp'd his knees: th' ambrosial vest Shook with her sighs, and panted on her breast.

The Sire, superiour smil'd; and bade her show What heav'nly hand had caus'd his daughter's woe? Abash'd, she names his own imperial spouse; 595 And the pale crescent fades upon her brows.

Thus they above: while swiftly gliding down, Apollo enters Ilion's sacred town: The Guardian-God now trembled for her wall, And fear'd the Greeks, tho' Fate forbade her fall. Back to Olympus, from the war's alarms, 601 Return the shining bands of Gods in arms; Some proud in triumph, some with rage on fire; And take their thrones around th' ætherial sire.

Thro?

Thro' blood, thro' death, Achilles still proceeds,
O'er slaughter'd heroes, and o'er rolling steeds. 606
As when avenging flames with fury driv'n
On guilty towns exert the wrath of heav'n;
The pale inhabitants, some fall, some fly;
And the red vapours purple all the sky: 610
So rag'd Achilles: death and dire dismay,
And toils, and terrours, fill'd the dreadful day.

High on a turret hoary Priam stands,
And marks the waste of his destructive hands;
Views, from his arm, the Trojans' scatter'd flight,
And the near hero rising on his sight!
616
No stop, no check, no aid! With feeble pace,
And settled sorrow on his aged face,
Fast as he could, he sighing quits the walls;
And thus, descending, on the guards he calls.

You to whose care our city-gates belong,
Set wide your portals to the flying throng:
For lo! he comes, with unresisted sway;
He comes, and Desolation marks his way!
But when within the walls our troops take breath, 625
Lock fast the brazen bars, and shut out death.
Thus charg'd the rev'rend monarch: wide were flung
The opening folds; the sounding hinges rung.
Phæbus rush'd forth, the flying bands to meet;
Struck Slaughter back, and cover'd the retreat.
630
On heaps the Trojans croud to gain the gate,
And gladsome see their last escape from Fate.

Вв

So may I reach, conceal'd, the cooling flood, From my tir'd body wash the dirt and blood,

* Apello.

660

As

BOOK XXI. HOMER'S ILIAD.	279
As soon as night her dusky veil extends,	
Return in safety to my Trojan friends.	
What if?—But wherefore all this vain debate?	
Stand I to doubt, within the reach of fate?	
Ev'n now, perhaps, ere yet I turn the wall,	665
The fierce Achilles sees me, and I fall:	
Such is his swiftness, 'tis in vain to fly,	
And such his valour, that who stands must die.	,
Howe'er 'tis better, fighting for the state,	
Here, and in publick view, to meet my fate.	670
Yet sure he too is mortal; he may feel	
(Like all the sons of earth) the force of steel;	
One only soul informs that dreadful frame;	
And Jove's sole favour gives him all his fame.	
He said, and stood, collected in his might;	675
And all his beating bosom claim'd the fight.	
So from some deep-grown wood a panther starts,	
Rous'd from his thicket by a storm of darts:	
Untaught to fear or fly, he hears the sounds	
Of shouting hunters, and of clam'rous hounds;	680
Tho' struck, tho' wounded, scarce perceives the	pain;
And the barb'd javelin stings his breast in vain	
On their whole war, untam'd the savage flies;	
And tears his hunter, or beneath him dies.	
Not less resolv'd, Antenor's valiant heir	685
Confronts Achilles, and awaits the war,	
Disdainful of retreat: high-held before,	
His shield (a broad circumference) he bore;	•
вв2	Then

Then graceful as he stood; in act to throw The lifted javelin, thus bespoke the foe. 690

How proud Achilles glories in his fame! And hopes this day to sink the Trojan name Beneath her ruins! Know, that hope is vain; A thousand woes, a thousand toils remain. Parents and children our just arms employ, 695 And strong, and many, are the sons of Troy. Great as thou art, ev'n thou may'st stain with gore These Phrygian fields, and press a foreign shore.

He said: with matchless force the javelin flung Smote on his knee; the hollow cuishes rung Beneath the pointed steel; but safe from harms He stands impassive in th' ætherial arms. Then fiercely rushing on the daring foe, His lifted arm prepares the fatal blow: But jealous of his fame Apollo shrouds 705 The god like Trojan in a veil of clouds. Safe from pursuit, and shut from mortal view, Dismiss'd with fame, the favour'd youth withdrew. Meanwhile the God, to cover their escape, Assumes Agenor's habit, voice, and shape, Flies from the furious chief in this disguise; The furious chief still follows where he flies. Now o'er the fields they stretch with lengthen'd strides.

Now urge the course where swift Scamander glides:

THE

TWENTY-SECOND BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE DEATH OF HECTOR.

The Trojans being safe within the walls, Hector only stays to oppose Achilles. Priam is struck at his approach, and tries to persuade his son to re-enter the town. Hecuba joins her intreaties, but in vain. Hector consults within himself what measures to take; but at the advance of Achilles, his resolution fails him, and he flies; Achilles pursues him thrice round the walls of Troy. The Gods debate concerning the fate of Hector; at length Minerva descends to the aid of Achilles. She deludes Hector in the shape of Deiphobus; he stands the combat and is slain. Achilles drags the dead body at his chariot in the sight of Priam and Hecuba. Their lumentations, tears and despair. Their cries reach the ears of Andromache, who, ignorant of this, was retired into the inner part of the palace: she mounts up to the walls, and beholds her dead husband. She swoons at the spectacle. Her excess of grief and lamentation.

The thirtieth day still continues. The scene lies under the walls, and on the battlements of Troy. The God now distant scarce a stride before,
Tempts his pursuit, and wheels about the shore;
While all the flying troops their speed employ,
And pour on heaps into the walls of Troy:
No stop, no stay; no thought to ask, or tell,
Who 'scap'd by flight, or who by battle fell.
'Twas turnult all, and violence of flight;
And sudden joy confus'd, and mix'd affright:
Pale Troy against Achilles shuts her gate;
And nations breathe, deliver'd from their fate.

END OF THE TWENTY-FIRST BOOK.

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TWENTY-SECOND BOOK

OF THE

I L I A D.

Thus to their bulwarks, smit with panick fear,
The herded Ilians rush like driven deer;
There safe, they wipe the briny drops away,
And drown in bowls the labours of the day.
Close to the walls, advancing o'er the fields
Beneath one roof of well-compacted shields,
March, bending on, the Greeks embody'd pow'rs,
Far-stretching in the shade of Trojan tow'rs.
Great Hector singly staid; chain'd down by fate,
There fixt he stood before the Scæan gate;
10
Still his bold arms determin'd to employ,
The guardian still of long-defended Troy.
Apollo now to tir'd Achilles turns;

Apollo now to tir'd Achilles turns; (The Pow'r confest in all his glory burns)
And what (he cries) has Peleus' son in view,
With mortal speed a Godhead to pursue?
For not to thee to know the Gods is giv'n,
Unskill'd to trace the latent marks of heav'n.

What

Terrifick glory! for his burning breath
Taints the red air with fevers, plagues, and death.
So flam'd his fiery mail. Then wept the sage;
He strikes his rev'rend head now white with age:
He lifts his wither'd arms; obtests the skies;

45

He calls his much-lov'd son with feeble cries;

The

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	287
The son, resolv'd Achilles' force to dare,	
Full at the Scæan gates expects the war;	
While the sad father on the rampart stands,	
And thus abjures him with extended hands.	50
Ah stay not, stay not! guardless and alone;	
Hector! my lov'd, my dearest bravest son!	
Methinks already I behold thee slain,	
And stretch'd beneath that fury of the plain.	
Implacable Achilles! might'st thou be	55
To all the Gods no dearer than to me!	
Thee, vultures wild should scatter round the shor	e,
And bloody dogs grow fiercer from thy gore.	
How many valiant sons I late enjoy'd,	
Valiant in vain! by thy curst arm destroy'd:	60
Or, worse than slaughter'd, sold in distant isles	
To shameful bondage and unworthy toils.	
Two, while I speak, my eyes in vain explore,)
Two from one mother sprung, my Polydore,	\ <u>.</u>
And lov'd Lycaon; now perhaps no more!	65)
Oh! if in yonder hostile camp they live,	
What heaps of gold, what treasures would I give	?
(Their grandsire's wealth, by right of birth their	
Consign'd his daughter with Lelegia's throne)	
But if (which heav'n forbid) already lost,	70
All pale they wander on the Stygian coast;	
What sorrows then must their sad mother know,	
What anguish I? unutterable woe!	

Yet less that anguish, less to her, to me, Less to all Troy, if not depriv'd of thee. 75 Yet shun Achilles! enter yet the wall: And spare thyself, thy father, spare us all! Save thy dear life; or if a soul so brave Neglect that thought, thy dearer glory save. Pity, while yet I live, these silver hairs: 80 While yet thy father feels the woes he bears, Yet curst with sense! a wretch, whom in his rage (All trembling on the verge of helpless age) Great Jove has plac'd, sad spectacle of pain! The bitter dregs of fortune's cup to drain: 85 To fill with scenes of death his closing eyes, And number all his days by miseries! My heroes slain, my bridal bed o'erturn'd, My daughters ravish'd, and my city burn'd, My bleeding infants dash'd against the floor; 90 These I have yet to see, perhaps yet more! Perhaps ev'n I, reserv'd by angry Fate The last sad relick of my ruin'd state, (Dire pomp of sov'reign wretchedness!) must fall, And stain the pavement of my regal hall: 95 Where famish'd dogs, late guardians of my door, Shall lick their mangled master's spatter'd gore. Yet for my sons I thank ye gods! 'twas well; Well have they perish'd, for in fight they fell. Who dies in youth, and vigour, dies the best, 100 Struck thro' with wounds, all honest on the breast. But

воок ххи. Н	OMER'S ILIAD.	289
But when the Far	tes, in fulness of their rage,	•
Spurn the hoar h	ead of unresisting age,	
In dust the rev're	end lineaments deform,	
And pour to dogs	s the life-blood scarcely warm;	105
This, this is mis	sery! the last, the worst,	
That man can fee	el; man, fated to be curst!	
He said, and a	acting what no words could say,	
Rent from his her	ad the silver locks away.	
With him the mo	ournful mother bears a part:	110
Yet all their sorr	rows turn not Hector's heart:	
The zone unbrac	'd, her bosom she display'd;	
And thus, fast-fa	alling the salt tears, she said.	-
Have mercy or	n me, O my son! revere	
The words of ag	e; attend a parent's pray'r!	115
If ever thee in the	ese fond arms I prest,	
Or still'd thy infa	ant clamours at this breast;	
Ah do not thus o	our helpless years forego,	
But by our walls	secur'd, repel the foe.	
Against his rage	if singly thou proceed,	120
Should'st thou (bu	it heav'n avert it) should'st thou l	oleed,
	pse lie honour'd on the bier,	
Nor spouse, nor i	mother, grace thee with a tear;	•
	as rites, those dear remains	
	ultures on the naked plains.	125
	down their cheeks the torrents	roll;
	the purpose of his soul:	
	ds, and with a fiery glance	
Expects the hero'	's terrible advance.	
VOL. II.	C C	Sa

290 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXII.
So roll'd up in his den, the swelling snake 136
Beholds the traveller approach the brake;
When fed with noxious herbs his turgid veins
Have gather'd half the poisons of the plains;
He burns, he stiffens with collected ire,
And his red eye-balls glare with living fire. 135
Beneath a turret, on his shield reclin'd,
He stood, and question'd thus his mighty mind.
Where lies my way? To enter in the wall?
Honour and shame th' ungen'rous thought recall:
Shall proud Polydamas before the gate 140
Proclaim, his counsels are obey'd too late,
Which timely follow'd but the former night,
What numbers had been sav'd by Hector's flight?
That wise advice rejected with disdain,
I feel my folly in my people slain. 145
Methinks my suff'ring country's voice I hear,
But most, her worthless sons insult my ear,
On my rash courage charge the chance of war,
And blame those virtues which they cannot share.
No-If I e'er return, return I must 156
Glorious, my country's terrour laid in dust:
Or if I perish, let her see me fall
In field at least, and fighting for her wall.
And yet suppose these measures I forego,
Approach unarm'd, and parley with the foe, 155
The warriour-shield, the helm, and lance lay down,
And treat on terms of peace to save the town:
The

HOMER'S ILIAD. 201 BOOK XXII. The wife with-held, the treasure ill-detain'd. (Cause of the war, and grievance of the land) With honourable justice to restore; 160 And add half Ilion's yet remaining store, Which Troy shall, sworn, produce; that injur'd Greece May share our wealth, and leave our walls in peace. But why this thought? Unarm'd if I should go, What hope of mercy from this vengeful foe, But woman-like to fall, and fall without a blow? We greet not here, as man conversing man, Met at an oak, or journeying o'er a plain; No season now for calm familiar talk, Like youths and maidens in an ev'ning walk: 170 War is our business, but to whom is giv'n To die, or triumph, that, determine Heav'n! 'Thus pond'ring like a god the Greek drew nigh; His dreadful plumage nodded from on high: The Pelian jav'lin in his better hand, 175 Shot trembling rays that glitter'd o'er the land; And on his breast the beamy splendours shone Like Jove's own light'ning, or the rising sun. As Hector sees, unusual terrours rise, Struck by some god, he fears, recedes, and flies. 180 He leaves the gates, he leaves the walls behind; Achilles follows like the winged wind. Thus at the panting dove a falcon flies, (The swiftest racer of the liquid skies)

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXII. 292 Just when he holds or thinks he holds his prey, 185 Obliquely wheeling thro' th' aerial way; With open beak and shrilling cries he springs, And aims his claws, and shoots upon his wings: No less fore-right the rapid chace they held, One urg'd by fury, one by fear impell'd; 190 Now circling round the walls their course maintain, Where the high watch-tow'r overlooks the plain; Now where the fig-trees spread their umbrage broad, (A wider compass) smoke along the road. Next by Scamander's double source they bound, Where two fam'd fountains burst the parted ground; This hot thro' scorching clefts is seen to rise, With exhalations steaming to the skies; That the green banks in summer's heat o'erflows, Like crystal clear, and cold as winter snows. - 200 Each gushing fount a marble cistern fills, Whose polish'd bed receives the falling rills; Where Trojan dames (ere yet alarm'd by Greece). Wash'd their fair garments in the days of peace. By these they past, one chasing, one in flight, 205 (The mighty fled, pursu'd by stronger might) Swift was the course; no vulgar prize they play, No vulgar victim must reward the day, (Such as in races crown the speedy strife) The prize contended was great Hector's life. As when some hero's fun'rals are decreed

In grateful honour of the mighty dead;

Where

	BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	293
	Where high rewards the vig'rous youth inflame,	
	(Some golden tripod, or some lovely dame)	
	The panting coursers swiftly turn the goal,	215
	And with them turns the rais'd spectator's soul.	
	Thus three times round the Trojan wall they fly;	
	The gazing Gods lean forward from the sky:	
	To whom, while eager on the chace they look,	
	The Sire of mortals and immortals spoke.	220
	Unworthy sight! the man, belov'd of heav'n,	
	Behold, inglorious round yon' city driv'n!	
	My heart partakes the gen'rous Hector's pain;	
	Hector, whose zeal whole hecatombs has slain,	
	Whose grateful fumes the Gods receiv'd with joy,	225
	From Ida's summits, and the tow'rs of Troy:	
	Now see him flying! to his fears resign'd,	
	And Fate, and fierce Achilles, close behind.	
	Consult, ye Pow'rs (tis worthy your debate)	
	Whether to snatch him from impending fate,	230
	Or let him bear, by stern Pelides slain,	
	(Good as he is) the lot impos'd on man?	
	Then Pallas thus: shall he whose vengeance for	rms
	The forky bolt, and blackens heav'n with storms	,
	Shall he prolong one Trojan's forfeit breath!	23 5
	A man, a mortal, pre-ordain'd to death!	
	And will no murmurs fill the courts above?	
	No Gods indignant blame their partial Jove?	
	Go then (return'd the Sire) without delay,	
,	Exert thy will: I give the Fates their way.	240
	c c 3	Swift

Swift at the mandate pleas'd Tritonia flies, And stoops impetuous from the cleaving skies.

As thro' the forest, o'er the vale and lawn The well-breath'd beagle drives the flying fawn: In vain he tries the covert of the brakes, 245 Or deep beneath the trembling thicket shakes: Sure of the vapour in the tainted dews, The certain hound his various maze pursues. Thus step by step, where'er the Trojan wheel'd, There swift Achilles compass'd round the field. 250 Oft' as to reach the Dardan gates he bends, And hopes th' assistance of his pitying friends, (Whose show'ring arrows, as he cours'd below, From the high turrets might oppress the foe) So oft' Achilles turns him to the plain: 255 He eyes the city, but he eyes in vain, As men in slumbers seem with speedy pace One to pursue, and one to lead the chace, Their sinking limbs the fancy'd course forsake, Nor this can fly, nor that can overtake: 260 No less the lab'ring heroes pant and strain;

What God, O Muse! assisted Hector's force,
With Fate itself so long to hold the course?
Phæbus it was; who, in his latest hour, 265
Endu'd his knees with strength, his nerves with pow'r:
And great Achilles, lest some Greeks advance
Should snatch the glory from the lifted lance,

While that but flies, and this pursues, in vain.

Sign'd

·	
BOOK XXII. HOMER'S JLIAD.	295
Sign'd to the troops, to yield his fee the way,	
And leave untouch'd the honours of the day.	270
Jove lifts the golden balances, that show	
The fates of mortal men, and things below:	
Here each contending hero's lot he tries,	. 1
And weighs, with equal hand, their destinies.	
Low sinks the scale surcharg'd with Hector's fate;	275
Heavy with death it sinks, and hell receives the we	ight.
Then Phœbus left him. Fierce Minerva flies	
To stern Pelides, and triumphing, cries:	
Oh lov'd of Jove! this day our labours cease,	,
And conquest blazes with full beams on Greece.	280
Great Hector falls; that Hector fam'd so far,	
Drunk with renown, insatiable of war,	
Falls by thy hand, and mine! nor force, nor fligh	t
Shall more avail him, nor his God of light.	
See, where in vain he supplicates above,	285
Roll'd at the feet of unrelenting Jove!	
Rest here: myself will lead the Trojan on,	
And urge to meet the fate he cannot shun.	
Her voice divine the chief with joyful mind	
Obey'd; and rested, on his lance reclin'd,	299
While like Deiphobus the martial Dame	
(Her face, her gesture, and her arms the same)	
In show and aid, by hapless Hector's side	
Approach'd, and greets him thus with voice bely'd	d.
Too long, O Hector! have I borne the sight	295
Of this distress, and sorrow'd in thy flight:	

It

It fits us now a noble stand to make,

And here, as brothers, equal fates partake.

Then he. O prince! ally'd in blood and fame,
Dearer than all that own a brother's name; 300
Of all that Hecuba to Priam bore,
Long try'd, long lov'd; much lov'd, but honour'd more;
Since you of all our num'rous race, alone
Defend my life, regardless of your own.

Again the Goddess. Much my father's pray'r, 305
And much my mother's, prest me to forbear:
My friends embrac'd my knees, adjur'd my stay,
But stronger love impell'd, and I obey.
Come then, the glorious conflict let us try,
Let the steel sparkle, and the javelin fly;
Or let us stretch Achilles on the field,
Or to his arm our bloody trophies yield.

Fraudful she said; then swiftly march'd before;
The Dardan hero shuns his foe no more.
Sternly they met. The silence Hector broke; 315
His dreadful plumage nodded as he spoke.

Enough, O son of Peleus! Troy has view'd
Her walls thrice circled, and her chief pursu'd.
But now some God within me bids me try
Thine, or my fate: I kill thee, or I die.
320
Yet on the verge of battle let us stay,
And for a moment's space suspend the day;
Let heav'n's high pow'rs be call'd to arbitrate
'The just conditions of this stern debate.

(Eternal

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	297
(Eternal witnesses of all below,)	325
And faithful guardians of the treasur'd vow!)	10 1 10
To them I swear; if victor in the strife,	
Jove by these hands shall shed thy noble life,	
No vile hishonour shall thy corpse pursue;	1
Stript of its arms alone (the conqu'ror's due)	330
The rest to Greece uninjur'd I'll restore:	
Now plight thy mutual oath, I ask no more.	
Talk not of oaths (the dreadful chief replies,	
While anger flash'd from his disdainful eyes)	. 8
Detested as thou art, and ought to be,	33 5
Nor oath nor pact Achilles plights with thee:	-
Such pacts, as lambs and rabid wolves combine,	- 1
Such leagues, as men and furious lions, join,	
To such I call the Gods! one constant state	, ,
Of lasting rancour and eternal hate:	340
No thought but rage, and never-ceasing strife,	
*Till death extinguish rage, and thought, and li	fe.
Rouse then thy forces this important hour,	_ 17
Collect thy soul, and call forth all thy pow'r.	
No farther subterfuge, no farther chance;	345
Tis Pallas, Pallas gives thee to my lance.	x=1
Each Grecian ghost by thee depriv'd of breath,	
Now hovers round, and calls thee to thy death.	
He spoke, and launch'd his javelin at the foe	;
But Hector shun'd the meditated blow:	350
He stoop'd, while o'er his head the flying spear	1
Sung innocent, and spent its force in air.	. [
\mathbf{M}	inerva

~ '1
208 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXII
Minerva watch'd it falling on the land,
Then drew, and gave to great Achilles' hand,
Unseen of Hector, who, elate with joy, 355
Now shakes his lance, and braves the dread of Troy.
The life you boasted to that javelin giv'n,
Prince! you have mist. My fate depends on heav'n.
To thee, presumptuous as thou art, unknown
Or what must prove my fortune, or thy own. 360
Boasting is but an art, our fears to blind,
And with false terrours sink another's mind.
But know, whatever fate I am to try,
By no dishonest wound shall Hector die;
I shall not fall a fugitive at least, - 365
My soul shall bravely issue from my breast.
But first, try thou my arm; and may this dart
End all my country's woes, deep buried in thy heart!
The weapon flew, its course unerring held;
Unerring, but the heav'nly shield repell'd 370
The mortal dart; resulting with a bound
From off the ringing orb, it struck the ground,
Hector beheld his javelin fall in vain,
Nor other lance, nor other hope remain;
He calls Deiphobus, demands a spear, 375
In vain, for no Deïphobus was there.
All comfortless he stands; then, with a sigh,
'Tis so-Heav'n wills it, and my hour is nigh!

But he secure lies guarded in the wall,

A God

I deem'd Deïphobus had heard my call,

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	299
A God deceiv'd me; Pallas, 'twas thy deed,	
Death, and black Fate approach! 'tis I must ble	ed.
No refuge now, no succour from above,	
Great Jove deserts me, and the son of Jove,	
Propitious once, and kind! Then welcome fate!	385
Tis true I perish, yet I perish great:	
Yet in a mighty deed I shall expire,	
Let future ages hear it, and admire!	
Fierce, at the word, his weighty sword he dre	w,
And, all collected, on Achilles flew.	390
So Jove's bold bird, high balanc'd in the air,	
Stoops from the clouds to truss the quiv'ring hare	
Nor less Achilles his fierce soul prepares;	
Before his breast the flaming shield he bears,	
Refulgent orb! Above his fourfold cone	395
The gilded horse-hair sparkled in the sun,	
Nodding at ev'ry step: (Vulcanian frame!)	
And as he mov'd, his figure seem'd on flame.	
As radiant Hesper shines with keener light,	
Far-beaming o'er the silver host of night,	400
When all the starry train emblaze the sphere:	
So shone the point of great Achilles' spear.	
In his right hand he waves the weapon round,	
Eyes the whole man, and meditates the wound:	
But the rich mail Patroclus lately wore,	405
Securely cas'd the warriour's body o'er.	
One place at length he spies, to let in fate,	
Where 'twixt the neck and throat the jointed pl	ate
•	GATE

Gave ent'rance: thro' that penetrable part Furious he drove the well-directed dart: Nor pierc'd the wind-pipe yet, nor took the pow'r Of speech, unhappy! from thy dying hour. Prone on the field the bleeding warriour lies, While thus triumphing, stern Achilles cries.

At last is Hector stretch'd upon the plain, Who fear'd no vengeance for Patroclus slain: Then, prince! you should have fear'd, what now you feel: Achilles absent, was Achilles still. Yet a short space the great avenger stay'd, Then low in dust thy strength and glory laid. Peaceful he sleeps, with all our rites adorn'd. For ever honour'd, and for ever mourn'd: While cast to all the rage of hostile pow'r, Thee, birds shall mangle, and the dogs devour.

Then Hector fainting at th' approach of death. 425 By thy own soul! by those who gave thee breath! By all the sacred prevalence of pray'r; Ah, leave me not for Grecian dogs to tear! The common rites of sepulture bestow, To soothe a father's and a mother's woe; Let their large gifts procure an urn at least, And Hector's ashes in his country rest.

No, wretch accurst! relentless he replies, Flames, as he spoke, shot flashing from his eyes) Not those who gave me breath shou'd bid me spare, Nor all the sacred prevalence of pray'r. 436

Could

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

301

Could I myself the bloody banquet join!
No—to the dogs that carcase I resign.
Should Troy, to bribe me, bring forth all her store,
And giving thousands offer thousands more;
440
Should Dardan Priam, and his weeping dame,
Drain their whole realm to buy one fun'ral flame:
Their Hector on the pile they should not see,
Nor rob the vultures of one limb of thee.

Then thus the chief his dying accents drew; 445
Thy rage, implacable! too well I knew:
The Furies that relentless breast have steel'd,
And curst thee with a heart that cannot yield.
Yet think, a day will come, when Fate's decree
And angry Gods, shall wreak this wrong on thee; 450
Phoebus and Paris shall revenge my fate,
And stretch thee here, before this Scæan gate.

He ceas'd. The Fates supprest his lab'ring breath, And his eyes stiffen'd at the hand of death;
To the dark realm the spirit wings its way,

(The manly body left a load of clay)
And plaintive glides along the dreary coast,
A naked, wand'ring, melancholy ghost!

Achilles, musing as he roll'd his eyes
O'er the dead hero, thus (unheard) replies. 460
Die thou the first! When Jove and heav'n ordain,
I follow thee—He said, and stripp'd the slain.
Then forcing backward from the gaping wound
The reeking javelin, cast it on the ground.

The

The thronging Greeks behold with wond'ring eyes
His manly beauty, and superiour size:
466
While some ignobler, the great dead deface
With wounds ungen'rous, or with taunts disgrace.
"How chang'd that Hector! who like Jove of late,

"Sent light'ning on our fleets, and scatter'd fate?"
High o'er the slain the great Achilles stands, 471.

Begirt with heroes; and surrounding bands; And thus aloud, while all the host attends. Princes and leaders! countrymen and friends! Since now at length the pow'rful will of heav'n The dire destroyer to our arm has giv'n. Is not Troy fall'n already? Haste ye pow'rs! See, if already their deserted tow'rs Are left unmann'd; or if they yet retain The souls of heroes, their great Hector slain? 480 But what is Troy, or glory what to me? Or why reflects my mind on ought but thee, Divine Patroclus! Death has seal'd his eyes; Unwept, unhonour'd, uninterr'd he lies! Can his dear image from my soul depart, 485

Long as the vital spirit moves my heart?

If, in the melancholy shades below,

The flames of friends and lovers cease to glow,

Yet mine shall sacred last; mine undecay'd,

Burn on thro' death, and animate my shade.

Meanwhile, ye sons of Greece, in triumph bring The corpse of Hector, and your Pæans sing.

Be

490

Be this the song, slow-moving tow'rd the shore, "Hector is dead, and Ilion is no more."

Then his fell soul a thought of vengeance bred, 495 (Unworthy of himself, and of the dead) The nervous ancles bor'd, his feet he bound With thongs inserted thro' the double wound; These fix'd up high behind the rolling wain, His graceful head was trail'd along the plain. 500 Proud on his car the insulting victor stood, And bore aloft his arms, distilling blood, He smites the steeds; the rapid chariot flies; The sudden clouds of circling dust arise. Now lost is all that formidable air ; 505 The face divine, and long-descending hair, Purple the ground, and streak the sable sand; Deform'd, dishonour'd, in his native land! Giv'n to the rage of an insulting throng! And, in his parent's sight, now dragg'd along! 510 The mother first beheld with sad survey;

She rent her tresses venerably grey,
And cast, far off, the regal veils away.
With piercing shrieks his bitter fate she moans,
While the sad father answers groans with groans, 515
Tears after tears his mournful cheeks o'erflow,
And the whole city wears one face of woe:
No less, than if the rage of hostile fires,
From her foundations curling to her spires,

304 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK:	XXII.
O'er the proud citadel at length should rise,	520
And the last blaze send Ilion to the skies.	w.
The wretched monarch of the falling state,	`
Distracted, presses to the Dardan gate.	
Scarce the whole people stop his desp'rate course,	ı,
While strong affliction gives the feeble force:	525
Grief tears his heart, and drives him to and fro,	
In all the raging impotence of woe.	
At length he roll'd in dust, and thus begun:	
Imploring all, and naming one by one.	
Ah! let me, let me go where sorrow calls;	530
I, only I, will issue from your walls,	,
(Guide or companion, friends! I ask ye none)	
And bow before the murd'rer of my son.	
My grief perhaps his pity may engage;	
Perhaps at least he may respect my age.	535
He has a father too; a man like me,	
One, not exempt from age and misery,	
(Vig'rous no more, as when his young embrace	
Begot this pest of me, and all my face.)	
How many valiant sons in early bloom,	540
Has that curst hand sent headlong to the tomb?	
Thee, Hector! last: thy loss (divinely brave)	
Sinks my sad soul with sorrow to the grave.	•
Oh had thy gentle spirit past in peace,	
The son expiring in the sire's embrace,	545
While both thy parents wept thy fatal hour,	
And bending o'er thee, mix'd the tender show'r	
0.00	Some

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	305
Some comfort that had been, some sad relief,	
To melt in full satiety of grief!	A. L.
Thus wail'd the father, grov'ling on the groun	nd,
And all the eyes of Ilion stream'd around.	551
Amidst her matrons Hecuba appears,	
(A mourning princess, and a train in tears)	
Ah why has heaven prolong'd this hated breath,	-
Patient of horrours, to behold thy death?	55 5
O Hector! late thy parents' pride and joy,	
The boast of nations! the defence of Troy!	
To whom her safety and her fame she ow'd;	
Her chief, her hero, and almost her God!	
O fatal change! become in one sad day	560
A senseless corse! inanimated clay!	
But not as yet the fatal news had spread	
To fair Andromache, of Hector dead;	
As yet no messenger had told his fate,	
Nor ev'n his stay without the Sczan gate.	565
Far in the close recesses of the dome,	
Pensive she ply'd the melancholy loom;	
A growing work employ'd her secret hours,	100
Confus'dly gay with intermingled flow'rs.	- 71
Her fair-hair'd handmaids heat the brazen urn,	570
The bath preparing for her lord's return:	
In vain: alas! her lord returns no more!	2150
Unbath'd he lies, and bleeds along the shore!	****
Now from the walls the clamours reach her ear,	र रहे । इ.स.
And all her members shake with sudden fear;	575
	Forth

Forth from her iv'ry hand the shuttle falls, As thus, astonish'd, to her maids she calls.

Ah follow me! (she cry'd) what plaintive noise Invades my ear? 'Tis sure my mother's voice. My falt'ring knees their trembling frame desert, A pulse unusual flutters at my heart: Some strange disaster, some reverse of fate (Ye Gods avert it) threats the Trojan state. Far be the omen which my thoughts suggest! But much I fear my Hector's dauntless breast 585 Confronts Achilles; chas'd along the plain, Shut from our walls! I fear, I fear him slain! Safe in the croud he ever scorn'd to wait. And sought for glory in the jaws of fate: Perhaps that noble heat has cost his breath, 590 Now quench'd for ever in the arms of death.

She spoke; and furious, with distracted pace,
Fears in her heart, and anguish in her face;
Flies thro' the dome, (the maids her steps pursue)
And mounts the walls, and sends around her view.
Too soon her eyes the killing object found,
596
The god-like Hector dragg'd along the ground,
A sudden darkness shades her swimming eyes:
She faints, she falls; her breath, her colour flies.
Her hair's fair ornaments, the braids that bound, 600
The net that held them, and the wreath that crown'd,
The veil and diadem, flew far away;
(The gift of Venus on her bridal day.)

Around

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	307
Around a train of weeping sisters stands,	
To raise her sinking with assistant hands.	605
Scarce from the verge of death recall'd, again	1
She faints, or but recovers to complain.	
O wretched husband of a wretched wife!	
Born with one fate, to one unhappy life!	
For sure one star its baneful beam display'd	610
On Priam's roof, and Hippoplacia's shade.	
From diff'rent parents, diff'rent climes we can	me,
At diff'rent periods, yet our fate the same!	
Why was my birth to great Aëtion ow'd,	ß.
And why was all that tender care bestow'd?	615
Would I had never been !- O thou, the ghost	Ė
Of my dead husband! miserably lost!	
Thou to the dismal realms for ever gone!	
And I abandon'd, desolate, alone!	
An only child, once comfort of my pains,	620
Sad product now of hapless love, remains!	
No more to smile upon his sire! no friend	
To help him now! no father to defend!	<i>'</i>
For should he 'scape the sword, the common of	doom!
What wrongs attend him, and what griefs to	come?
Ev'n from his own paternal roof expell'd,	626
Some stranger ploughs his patrimonial field.	2
The day, that to the shades the father sends,	
Robs the sad orphan of his father's friends:	
He, wretched outcast of mankind! appears	630
For ever sad, for ever bath'd in tears;	
	Amongst

Amongst the happy, unregarded he	
Hangs on the robe, or trembles at the knee,	1
While those his father's former bounty fed,	
Nor reach the goblet, nor divide the bread:	635
The kindest but his present wants allay,	
To leave him wretched the succeeding day.	1
Frugal compassion! Heedless they who boast	
Both parents still, nor feel what he has lost,	
Shall cry, "Be gone! thy father feasts not here	.,,
The wretch obeys, retiring with a tear.	641
Thus wretched, thus retiring all in tears,	
To my sad soul Astyanax appears!	
Forc'd by repeated insults to return,	
And to his widow'd mother vainly mourn	645
He, who with tender delicacy bred,	,
With princes sported, and on dainties fed	
And when still ev'ning gave him up to rest,	
Sunk soft in down upon the nurse's breast,	
Must—ah what must he not? Whom Ilion calls	650
Astyanax, from her well-guarded walls,	
Is now that name no more, unhappy boy!	
Since now no more the father guards his Troy.	
But thou, my Hector, ly'st expos'd in air,	
Far from thy parents' and thy consort's care,	65 5
Whose hand in vain, directed by her love,	q
The martial scarf and robe of triumph wove.	
Now to devouring flames be these a prey,	
Useless to thee, from this accursed day!	8
2	Yet

BOOK XXII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

309 660

Yet let the sacrifice at least be paid, An honour to the living, not the dead!

So spake the mournful dame: her matrons hear, Sigh back her sigh, and answer tear with tear.

END OF THE TWENTY-SECOND BOOK.

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THE

TWENTY-THIRD BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

Achilles and the Myrmidons do honours to the body of Patroclus. After the funeral feast he retires to the sea-shore, where falling asleep, the ghost of his friend appears to him, and demands the rites of burial; the next morning the soldiers are sent with mules and waggons to fetch wood for the pyre. The funeral procession, and the offering their hair to the dead. Achilles sacrifices several animals, and lastly twelve Trojan captives at the pile, then sets fire to it. He pays libations to the winds, which (at the instance of Iris) rise, and raise the flames. When the pile has burned all night, they gather the bones, place them in an urn of gold, and raise the tomb. Achilles institutes the funeral games: the chariot-race, the fight of the Castus, the wrestling, the foot-race, the single combat, the Discus, the shooting with arrows, the darting the javelin: the various descriptions of which, and the various success of the several antagonists, make the greatest part of the book.

In this book ends the thirtieth day. The night following, the ghost of Patroclus appears to Achilles: the one and thirtieth day is employed in felling the timber for the pile; the two and thirtieth in burning it; and the three and thirtieth in the games. The scene is generally on the sca-shore.

TWENTY-THIRD BOOK

OF THE

I L I A D.

Thus humbled in the dust, the pensive train
Thro' the sad city mourn'd her hero slain.
The body soil'd with dust, and black with gore,
Lies on broad Hellespont's resounding shore:
The Grecians seek their ships, and clear the strand, 5
All but the martial Myrmidonian band:
These yet assembled great Achilles holds,
And the stern purpose of his mind unfolds.

Not yet (my brave companions of the war)
Release your smoking coursers from the car;
But, with his chariot each in order led,
Perform due honours to Patroclus dead.
Ere yet from rest or food we seek relief,
Some rites remain, to glut our rage of grief.

The troops obey'd; and thrice in order led (Achilles first) their coursers round the dead; And thrice their sorrows and laments renew; Tears bathe their arms, and tears the sands bedew.

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314 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXIII.
For such a warriour Thetis aids their woe,
Melts their strong hearts, and bids their eyes to flow.
But chief, Pelides: thick-succeeding sighs 21
Burst from his heart, and torrents from his eyes:
His slaught'ring hands, yet red with blood, he laid
On his dead friend's cold breast, and thus he said.
All hail, Patroclus! let thy honour'd ghost 25
Hear, and rejoice on Pluto's dreary coast;
Behold! Achilles' promise is compleat;
The bloody Hector stretch'd before thy feet,
Lo! to the dogs his carcase I resign;
And twelve sad victims, of the Trojan line, 30
Sacred to vengeance, instant, shall expire;
Their lives effus'd around thy fun'ral pyre.
Gloomy he said, and (horrible to view)
Before the bier the bleeding Hector threw,
Prone on the dust. The Myrmidons around 35
Unbrac'd their armour, and the steeds unbound.

Before the bier the bleeding Hector threw,
Prone on the dust. The Myrmidons around
Unbrac'd their armour, and the steeds unbound.
All to Achilles' sable ship repair,
Frequent and full, the genial feast to share.
Now from the well-fed swine black smokes aspire,
The bristly victims hissing o'er the fire:
The huge ox bellowing falls; with feebler cries
Expires the goat; the sheep in silence dies.
Around the hero's prostrate body flow'd.
In one promiscuous stream, the reeking blood.

No drop shall touch me, by almighty Jove! The first and greatest of the Gods above!

'Till

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD. 315 'Till on the Pyre I place thee; 'till I rear The grassy mound, and clip thy sacred hair. And now a band of Argive monarchs brings The glorious victor to the King of Kings. 50 From his dead friend the pensive warriour went, With steps unwilling, to the regal tent. Th' attending heralds, as by office bound, With kindled flames the triped-vase surround; To cleanse his conqu'ring hands from hostile gore, 55 They urg'd in vain; the chief refus'd, and swore. Some case at least those pious rites may give, And soothe my sorrows, while I bear to live. Howe'er, reluctant as I am, I stay, And share your feast; but, with the dawn of day, 60 (O king of men!) it claims thy royal care, That Greèce the warriour's funeral pile prepare, And bid the forests fall: (such rites are paid To heroes slumb'ring in eternal shade) Then, when his earthly part shall mount in fire. 65 Let the leagu'd squadrons to their posts retire. He spoke; they hear him, and the word obey; The rage of hunger and of thirst allay, Then ease in sleep the labours of the day. But great Pelides, stretch'd along the shore, Where dash'd on rocks the broken billows roar, Lies inly groaning; while on either hand The martial Myrmidons confus'dly stand.

Along the grass his languid members fall, Tir'd with his chase around the Trojan wall; 75 Hush'd by the murmurs of the rolling deep, At length he sinks in the soft arms of sleep. When lo! the shade, before his closing eyes, Of sad Patroclus rose, or seem'd to rise: In the same robe he living wore, he came, 80 In stature, voice, and pleasing look, the same. The form familiar hover'd o'er his head. And sleeps Achilles, (thus the phantom said) Sleeps my Achilles, his Patroclus dead? Living, I seem'd his dearest, tenderest care, But now forgot, I wander in the air. Let my pale corse the rites of burial know, And give me ent'rance in the realms below: 'Till then, the spirit finds no resting place, But here and there th' unbody'd spectres chase 90 The vagrant dead around the dark abode, Forbid to cross th' irremeable flood. Now give thy hand; for to the farther shore When once we pass, the soul returns no more: When once the last funereal flames ascend, 95 No more shall meet Achilles and his friend; No more our thoughts to those we lov'd make known, Or quit the dearest, to converse alone. Me-fate has sever'd from the sons of earth, The fate fore-doom'd that waited from my birth: 100

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

317

Thee too it waits; before the Trojan wall
Ev'n great and god-like thou art doom'd to fall,
Hear then; and as in fate and love we join,
Ah suffer that my bones may rest with thine!
Together have we liv'd, together bred,
One house receiv'd us, and one table fed:
That golden urn, thy goddess-mother gave,

May mix our ashes in one common grave.

And is it thou? (he answers) to my sight
Once more return'st thou from the realms of night?
Oh more than brother! Think each office paid, 111
Whate'er can rest a discontented shade:
But grant one last embrace, unhappy boy!
Afford at least that melancholy joy.

He said, and with his longing arms essay'd 115
In vain to grasp the visionary shade;
Like a thin smoke he sees the spirit fly,
And hears a feeble, lamentable cry.

Confus'd he wakes; amazement breaks the bands
Of golden sleep, and starting from the sands, 120
Pensive he muses with uplifted hands.

'Tis true, 'tis certain; man, tho' dead, retains
Part of himself; th' immortal mind remains:
The form subsists, without the body's aid,
Aërial semblance, and an empty shade!
This night my friend, so late in battle lost,
Stood at my side, a pensive, plaintive ghost;

Ev'n

Ev'n now familiar, as in life, he came, Alas! how diff'rent! yet how like the same!

Thus while he spoke, each eye grew big with tears: And now the rosy-finger'd Morn appears, Shews ev'ry mournful face with tears o'erspread, And glares on the pale visage of the dead. But Agamemnon, as the rites demand, With mules and waggons sends a chosen band 135 To load the timber, and the pile to rear; A charge consign'd to Merion's faithful care. With proper instruments they take the road, Axes to cut, and ropes to sling the load. First march the heavy mules, securely slow, O'er hills, o'er dales, o'er crags, o'er rocks they go: Jumping, high o'er the shrubs of the rough ground, Rattle the clatt'ring cars, and the shockt axles bound. But when arriv'd at Ida's spreading woods, (Fair Ida, water'd with descending floods) Loud sounds the ax, redoubling strokes on strokes; On all sides round the Forest hurls her oaks Headlong. Deep-echoing groan the thickets brown; Then rustling, crackling, crashing, thunder down. The wood the Grecians cleave, prepar'd to burn; 150 And the slow mules the same rough road return. The sturdy woodmen equal burdens bore (Such charge was giv'n 'em) to the sandy shore; There on the spot which great Achilles show'd, They eas'd their shoulders, and dispos'd the load; Circling

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	319
Circling around the place, where times to come	156
Shall view Patroclus' and Achilles' tomb.	
The hero bids his martial troops appear	/
High on their cars in all the pomp of war;	
Each in refulgent arms his limbs attires,	160
All mount their chariots, Combatants and Squire	es.
The chariots first proceed, a shining train;	
Then clouds of foot that smoke along the plain;	- 1
Next these the melancholy band appear,	
Amidst, lay dead Patroclus on the bier:	165
O'er all the corse their scatter'd locks they throw	v;
Achilles next, opprest with mighty woe,	
Supporting with his hands the hero's head,	
Bends o'er th' extended body of the dead.	
Patroclus decent on the appointed ground	170
They place, and heap the silvan pile around.	- (
But great Achilles stands apart in pray'r,	
And from his head divides the yellow hair;	
Those curling locks which from his youth he vov	v'd,
And sacred grew, to Sperchius' honour'd flood:	175
Then sighing, to the deep his looks he cast,	
And roll'd his eyes around the wat'ry waste.	
Sperchius! whose waves in mazy errours lost	
Delightful roll along my native coast!	
To whom we vainly vow'd, at our return,	18
These locks to fall, and hecatombs to burn:	
Full fifty rams to bleed in sacrifice,	
Where to the day thy silver fountains rise,	1-
No.	And

Suspends around, low-bending o'er the pile. Four sprightly coursers, with a deadly groan

Pour forth their lives, and on the pyre are thrown.

Of

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BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD. 321
Of nine large dogs, domestick at his board,
Fall two, selected to attend their lord.
Then last of all, and horrible to tell,
Sad sacrifice! twelve Trojan captives fell. 215
On these the rage of fire victorious preys,
Involves and joins them in one common blaze.
Smear'd with the bloody rites, he stands on high,
And calls the spirit with a dreadful cry.
All hail, Patroclus! let thy vengeful ghost 220
Hear, and exult on Pluto's dreary coast.
Behold, Achilles' promise fully paid,
Twelve Trojan heroes offer'd to thy shade;
But heavier fates on Hector's corse attend
Sav'd from the flames, for hungry dogs to rend. 225
So spake he, threat'ning: but the Gods made vain
His threat, and guard inviolate the slain:
Celestial Venus hover'd o'er his head,
And roseate unguents, heav'nly fragrance! shed:
She watch'd him all the night, and all the day, 230
And drove the blood-hounds from their destin'd prey.
Nor sacred Phæbus less employ'd his care;
He pour'd around a veil of gather'd air,
And kept the nerves undry'd, the flesh entire,
Against the solar beam and Sirian fire 235
Nor yet the pile where dead Patroclus lies,
Smokes, nor as yet the sullen flames arise;
But, fast beside, Achilles stood in pray'r,
Invok'd the Gods whose spirit moves the air,

And

322 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK X	xIII.
And victims promis'd, and libations cast,	240
To gentler Zephyr and the Boreal blast:	
He call'd th' aerial pow'rs, along the skies	-y
To breathe, and whisper to the fires to rise.	٠
The winged Iris heard the hero's call,	
And instant hasten'd to their airy hall,	245
Where, in old Zephyr's open courts on high,	
Sat all the blust'ring brethren of the sky.	
She shone amidst them, on her painted bow;	
The rocky pavement glitter'd with the show.	
All from the banquet rise, and each invites	250
The various Goddess to partake the rites.	
Not so, (the dame reply'd) I haste to go	
To sacred Ocean, and the floods below:	111
Ev'n now our solemn hecatombs attend,	
An heav'n is feasting, on the world's green end,	255
With righteous Æthiops (uncorrupted train!)	
Far on the extremest limits of the main.	r
But Peleus' son intreats, with sacrifice,	
The Western Spirit, and the North to rise;	
Let on Patroclus' pile your blast be driv'n.	260
And bear the blazing honours high to heav'n.	
Swift as the word she vanish'd from their view	;
Swift as the word the winds tumultuous flew;	
Forth burst the stormy band with thund'ring roa	
And heaps on heaps the clouds are tost before.	265
To the wide main then stooping from the skies,	-10
The heaving deeps in wat'ry mountains rise:	
fe • 11	Troy

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	323
Troy feels the blast along her shaking walls,	
'Till on the pile the gather'd tempest falls.	17.5
The structure crackles in the roaring fires,	270
And all the night the plenteous flame aspires.	
All night, Achilles hails Patroclus' soul,	
With large libation from the golden bowl.	
As a poor father, helpless and undone,	
Mourns o'er the ashes of an only son,	275
Takes a sad pleasure the last bones to burn,	
And pour in tears, ere yet they close the urn:	
So stay'd Achilles, circling round the shore,	
So watch'd the flames, 'till now they flame no mo	re.
'Twas when, emerging thro' the shades of night,	280
The morning planet told th' approach of light;	
And fast behind, Aurora's warmer ray	
O'er the broad ocean pour'd the golden day:	
Then sunk the blaze, the pile no longer burn'd,	
And to their caves the whistling winds return'd:	285
Across the Thracian seas their course they bore:	
The ruffled seas beneath their passage roar.	
Then parting from the pile he ceas'd to weep,	
And sunk to quiet in th' embrace of sleep,	*
Exhausted with his grief: meanwhile the croud	290
Of thronging Grecians round Achilles stood;	
The tumult wak'd him: from his eyes he shook	- 0
Unwilling slumber, and the chiefs bespoke.	=1
Ye kings and princes of the Achaian name!	

First let us quench the yet remaining flame

295 With

With sable wine; then, (as the rites direct.) The hero's bones with careful view select: (Apart, and easy to be known they lie. Amidst the heap, and obvious to the eye: The rest around the margins will be seen 300 Promiscuous, steeds, and immolated men) These wrapt in double cawls of fat, prepare; And in the golden vase dispose with care; There let them rest with decent honour laid, 'Till I shall follow to th' infernal shade. 305 Meantime erect the tomb with pious hands. A common structure on the humble sands: Hereafter Greece some nobler work may raise, And late posterity record our praise.

The Greeks obey; where yet the embers glow, Wide o'er the pile the sable wine they throw, 311 And deep subsides the ashy heap below.

Next the white bones his sad companions place With tears collected, in the golden vase.

The sacred relicks to the tent they bore; 315

The urn a veil of linen cover'd o'er.

That done, they bid the sepulchre aspire, And cast the deep foundations round the pyre; High in the midst they heap the swelling bed Of rising earth, memorial of the dead. 320

The swarming populace the chief detains, And leads amidst a wide extent of plains;

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	325
There plac'd 'em round: then from the ships proc	eeds
A train of oxen, mules, and stately steeds,	
Vases and Tripods, for the fun'ral games,	325
Resplendent brass, and more resplendent dames.	
First stood the prizes to reward the force	
Of rapid racers in the dusty course:	
A woman for the first, in beauty's bloom,	
Skill'd in the needle, and the lab'ring loom;	330)
And a large vase, where two bright handles rise,	
Of twenty measures its capacious size.	
The second victor claims a mare unbroke,	
Big with a mule, unknowing of the yoke;	
The third, a charger yet untouch'd by flame;	335
Four ample measures held the shining frame:	
Two golden talents for the fourth were plac'd;	
An ample double bowl contents the last.	
These in fair order rang'd upon the plain,	
The hero, rising, thus addrest the train.	340
Behold the prizes, valiant Greeks! decreed	
To the brave rulers of the racing steed;	
Prizes which none beside ourself could gain,	
Should our immortal coursers take the plain;	
(A race unrivall'd, which from Ocean's God	345
Peleus receiv'd, and on his son bestow'd.)	t.
But this no time our vigour to display;	
Nor suit, with them, the games of this sad day:	
Lost is Patroclus now, that wont to deck	
Their flowing manes, and sleek their glossy neck.	350
Vol. II. FF	Sad,

Sad, as they shar'd in human grief, they stand, And trail those graceful honours on the sand! Let others for the noble task prepare, Who trust the courser, and the flying car.

Fir'd at his word, the rival racers rise; But far the first, Eumelus hopes the prize. Fam'd thro' Pieria for the fleetest breed, And skill'd to manage the high-bounding steed. With equal ardour bold Tydides swell'd. The steeds of Tros beneath his yoke compell'd, (Which late obey'd the Dardan's chief command, When scarce a God redeem'd him from his hand.) Then Menelaus his Podarges brings, And the fam'd courser of the King of kings: Whom rich Echepolus, (more rich than brave) 365 To 'scape the wars, to Agamemnon gave, (Æthe her name) at home to end his days; Base wealth preferring to eternal praise. Next him Antilochus demands the course, With beating heart, and chears his Pylian horse. 370 Experienc'd Nestor gives his son the reins, Directs his judgment, and his heat restrains; Nor idly warns the hoary sire, nor hears The prudent son with unattending ears.

My son! tho' youthful ardour fire thy breast, 375 The gods have lov'd thee, and with arts have blest. Neptune and Jove on thee conferr'd the skill, Swift round the goal to turn the flying wheel.

To

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	327
To guide thy conduct, little precept needs;	
But slow, and past their vigour, are my steeds.	380
Fear not thy rivals, tho' for swiftness known;	
Compare those rivals' judgment, and thy own:	
It is not strength, but art, obtains the prize,	
And to be swift is less than to be wise.	
'Tis more by art, than force of num'rous strokes	, 385
The dext'rous woodman shapes the stubborn oaks	
By art, the pilot thro' the boiling deep	
And howling tempest steers the fearless ship;	
And 'tis the artist wins the glorious course,	
Not those, who trust in chariots, and in horse.	390
In vain; unskilful, to the goal they strive,	
And short, or wide, th' ungovern'd courser drive	: 1
While with sure skill, tho' with inferiour steeds,	
The knowing racer to his end proceeds;	
Fix'd on the goal his eye fore-runs the course,	395
His hand unerring steers the steady horse,	
And now contracts, or now extends the rein,	
Observing still the foremost on the plain.	
Mark then the goal, 'tis easy to be found;	
Yon' aged trunk, a cubit from the ground;	400
Of some once stately oak the last remains,	
Or hardy fir, unperish'd with the rains:	
Inclos'd with stones, conspicuous from afar;	
And round, a circle for the wheeling car.	
(Some tomb perhaps of old, the dead to grace;	405
Or then, as now, the limit of a race)	100
FF 2	Bear

Bear close to this, and warily proceed, A little bending to the left hand steed; But urge the right, and give him all the reins; While thy strict hand his fellow's head restrains, 410 And turns him short; 'till, doubling as they roll, The wheel's round nave appear to brush the goal. Yet (not to break the car, or lame the horse) Clear of the stony heap direct the course; Lest thro' incaution failing thou may'st be 415 A joy to others, a reproach to me. So shalt thou pass the goal, secure of mind, And leave unskilful swiftness far behind: Tho' thy fierce rival drove the matchless steed Which bore Adrastus, of celestial breed; Or the fam'd race, thro' all the regions known, That whirl'd the car of proud Laomedon.

Thus, (nought unsaid) the much-advising sage
Concludes; then sat, stiff with unwieldy age.

Next bold Meriones was seen to rise,
425
The last, but not least ardent for the prize.

They mount their seats; the lots their place dispose;
(Roll'd in his helmet, these Achilles throws.)

Young Nestor leads the race; Eumeles then;
And next, the brother of the king of men:
430
Thy lot, Meriones, the fourth was cast;
And far the bravest, Diomed, was last.

They stand in order, an impatient train;
Pelides points the barrier on the plain,

And

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	329
And sends before old Phænix to the place,	435
To mark the racers, and to judge the race.	
At once the coursers from the barrier bound;	
The lifted scourges all ac once resound;	
Their heart, their eyes, their voice, they send be	efore;
And up the champaign thunder from the shore:	
Thick, where they drive, the dusty clouds arise	
And the lost courser in the whirlwind flies;	
Loose on their shoulders the long manes reclin'd,	
Float in their speed, and dance upon the wind;	
The smoking chariots, rapid as they bound,	445
Now seem to touch the sky, and now the ground	d,
While hot for fame, and conquest all their care,	
(Each o'er his flying courser hung in air)	
Erect with ardour, pois'd upon the rein,	449
They pant, they stretch, they shout along the p	lain,
Now, (the last compass fetch'd around the goal)	
At the near prize each gathers all his soul,	
Each burns with double hope, with double pain,	
Tears up the shore, and thunders tow'rd the mai	n,
First flew Eumelus on Pheretian steeds;	455
With those of Tros, bold Diomed succeeds:	
Close on Eumelus' back they puff the wind,	- , -
And seem just mounting on his car behind;	155
Full on his neck he feels the sultry breeze,	
And hov'ring o'er, their stretching shadows sees	460
Then had he lost, or left a doubtful prize;	
But angry Phœbus to Tydides flies,	
F F 3 \$	trikes
4 4 9	rritra

Thro' your neglect, if lagging on the plain

The last ignoble gift be all we gain;

490 No BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

331

No more shall Nestor's hand your food supply, 'The old man's fury rises, and ye die.

Haste then; yon' narrow road before our sight Presents th' occasion, could we use it right.

Thus he. The coursers at their master's threat 49.5 With quicker steps the sounding champain beat. And now Antilochus with nice survey, Observes the compass of the hollow way. Twas where by force of wintry torrents torn, Fast by the road a precipice was worn: 500 Here, where but one could pass to shun the throng The Spartan hero's chariot smok'd along. Close up the vent'rous youth resolves to keep, Still edging near, and bears him tow'rd the steep. Atrides, trembling casts his eye below, 505 And wonders at the rashness of his foe. Hold, stay your steeds—What madness thus to ride This narrow way? Take larger field (he cry'd) Or both must fall - Atrides cry'd in vain; He flies more fast, and throws up all the rein, 510 Far as an able arm the disk can send. When youthful rivals their full force extend, So far, Antilochus! thy chariot flew Before the king: he, cautious, backward drew His horse compell'd; foreboding in his fears 515The rattling ruin of the clashing cars, The flound'ring coursers rolling on the plain, And conquest lost thro' frantick haste to gain.

But

332 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK X	XIII.
But thus upbraids his rival as he flies;	
Go, furious youth! ungen'rous and unwise!	520
Go, but expect not I'll the prize resign;	
Add perjury to fraud, and make it thine	
Then to his steeds with all his force he cries;	
Be swift, be vig'rous, and regain the prize!	
Your rivals, destitute of youthful force,	525
With fainting knees shall labour in the course,	100
And yield the glory yours—The steeds obey;	7
Already at their heels they wing their way,	
And seem already to retrieve the day.	.).
Meantime the Grecians in a ring beheld	530
The coursers bounding o'er the dusty field.	
The first who mark'd them was the Cretan king	;
High on a rising ground, above the ring,	Eval*
The monarch sat: from whence with sure survey.	r m.f.
He well observ'd the chief who led the way,	535
And heard from far his animating cries,	
And saw the foremost steed with sharpen'd eyes;	0,6
On whose broad front, a blaze of shining white	
Like the full moon, stood obvious to the sight.	. 7
He saw; and rising, to the Greeks begun:	540
Are yonder horse discern'd by me alone?	40
Or can ye, all, another chief survey,	.00
And other steeds, than lately led the way?	110
Those, tho' the swiftest, by some god withheld,	
Lie sure disabled in the middle field:	545

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	333
For since the goal they doubled, round the plain	
I search to find them, but I search in vain.	
Perchance the reins forsook the driver's hand,	
And, turn'd too short, he tumbled on the strand,	
Shot from the chariot; while his coursers stray	550
With frantick fury from the destin'd way.	
Rise then some other, and inform my sight,	
(For these dim eyes, perhaps, discern not right)	
Yet sure he seems, (to judge by shape and air,)	
The great Ætoliań chief, renown'd in war.	555
Old man! (Oïleus rashly thus replies)	
Thy tongue too hastily confers the prize.	0
Of those who view the course, not sharpest ey'd,	
Nor youngest, yet the readiest to decide.	
Eumelus' steeds high bounding in the chace,	560
Still, as at first, unrivall'd lead the race:	
I well discern him, as he shakes the rein,	
And hear his shouts victorious o'er the plain.	
Thus he. Idomeneus incens'd rejoin'd.	
Barb'rous of words! and arrogant of mind!	565
Contentious prince, of all the Greeks beside	
The last in merit, as the first in pride:	•
To vile reproach what answer can we make?	
A goblet or a tripod let us stake,	
And be the king the judge. The most unwise	570-
Will learn their rashness, when they pay the price	•
He said: and Ajax by mad passion borne,	
Stern had reply'd; fierce scorn enhancing scorn	
	'Te

The track his flying wheels had left behind:
And the fierce coursers urg'd their rapid pace
So swift, it seem'd a flight, and not a race.
Now victor at the goal Tydides stands,
Quits his bright car, and springs upon the sands; 590
From the hot steeds the sweaty torrents stream;
The well-ply'd whip is hung athwart the beam:

Refulgent thro' the cloud: no eye can find

With joy brave Sthenelus receives the prize, The tripod-vase, and dame with radiant eyes: These to the ships his train triumphant leads,

The chief himself unyokes the panting steeds. Young Nestor follows (who by art, not force,

O'er-past Atrides) second in the course.
Behind, Atrides urg'd the race, more near
Than to the courser in his swift career

600 The

595

585

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXIII.

335

The following car, just touching with his heel And brushing with his tail the whirling wheel: Such, and so narrow now the space between The rivals, late so distant on the green; So soon swift Æthe her lost ground regain'd, One length, one moment, had the race obtain'd.

605

Merion pursu'd, at greater distance still, With tardier coursers, and inferiour skill. Last came Admetus! thy unhappy son; Slow dragg'd the steeds his batter'd chariot on: 610 Achilles saw, and pitying thus begun.

Behold! the man whose matchless art surpast The sons of Greece! the ablest, yet the last! Fortune denies, but justice bids us pay (Since great Tydides bears the first away) To him the second honours of the day.

The Greeks consent with loud applauding cries, And then Eumelus had receiv'd the prize, But youthful Nestor, jealous of his fame, 620 Th' award opposes, and asserts his claim. Think not (he cries) I tamely will resign O Peleus' son! the mare so justly mine. What if the Gods, the skilful to confound, Have thrown the horse and horseman to the ground? Perhaps he sought not heav'n by sacrifice, 625 And vows omitted, forfeited the prize. If yet (distinction to thy friend to show, And please a soul desirous to bestow,)

Some

Some gift must grace Eumelus; view thy store
Of beauteous handmaids, steeds, and shining ore, 630
An ample present let him thence receive,
And Greece shall praise thy gen'rous thirst to give.
But this, my prize, I never shall forego;
This, who but touches, warriours! is my foe.

Thus spake the youth, nor did his words offend;
Pleas'd with the well-turn'd flatt'ry of a friend, 636
Achilles smil'd: The gift propos'd (he cry'd)
Antilochus! we shall ourself provide.
With plates of brass the corselet cover'd o'er,
(The same renown'd Asteropæus wore)
Whose glitt'ring margins rais'd with silver shine;
(No vulgar gift) Eumelus, shall be thine.

He said: Automedon at his command
The corselet brought, and gave it to his hand.
Distinguish'd by his friend, his bosom glows
With gen'rous joy: then Menelaüs rose;
The herald plac'd the sceptre in his hands,
And still'd the clamour of the shouting bands.
Not without cause incens'd at Nestor's son,
And inly grieving, thus the King begun:
659

The praise of wisdom, in thy youth obtain'd,
An act so rash (Antilochus) has stain'd.
Robb'd of my glory and my just reward,
To you, O Grecians! be my wrong declar'd:
So not a leader shall our conduct blame,
Or judge me envious of a rival's fame.

655

6

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

337

But shall not we, ourselves, the truth maintain?
What needs appealing in a fact so plain?
What Greek shall blame me, if I bid thee rise,
And vindicate by oath th' ill-gotten prize?
660
Rise if thou dar'st, before thy chariot stand,
The driving scourge high lifted in thy hand;
And touch thy steeds, and swear, thy whole intent
Was but to conquer, not to circumvent.
Swear by that God whose liquid arms surround
665
The globe, and whose dread earthquakes heave the ground.

The prudent chief with calm attention heard;
Then mildly thus: Excuse, if youth have err'd;
Superiour as thou art, forgive th' offence,
Nor I thy equal, or in years, or sense.

Thou know'st the errours of unripen'd age,
Weak are its counsels, headlong is its rage.
The prize I quit, if thou thy wrath resign;
The mare, or aught thou ask'st, be freely thine:
Ere I become (from thy dear friendship torn)

675
Hateful to thee, and to the Gods forsworn.

So spoke Antilochus; and at the word
The mare contested to the king restor'd.
Joy swells his soul: as when the vernal grain
Lifts the green ear above the springing plain,
The fields their vegetable life renew,
And laugh and glitter with the morning dew;

680

Accept thou this, O sacred sire! (he said) In dear memorial of Patroclus dead; Dead, and for ever lost Patroclus lies, For ever snatch'd from our desiring eyes!

5

710 Take

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S IL	IAD. 339	
Take thou this token of a grateful	l heart,	
Tho' 'tis not thine to hurl the dis		
The quoit to toss, the pond'rous r	-	
Or urge the race, or wrestle on th		
Thy present vigour age has overth		
But left the glory of the past thy		
He said, and plac'd the goblet a		
With joy, the venerable king repl		
Wisely and well, my son, thy	-	
A senior honour'd, and a friend be	_	
Too true it is, deserted of my str		
These wither'd arms and limbs have fail'd at length.		
Oh! had I now that force I felt of		
Known thro' Buprasium and the Py	ylian shore!	
Victorious then in ev'ry solemn ga		
Ordain'd to Amarynces' mighty n		
The brave Epeians gave my glory	way,	
Ætolians, Pylians, all resign the d	lay.	
I quell'd Clytomedes in fights of h	iand,	
And backward hurl'd Ancæus on t		
Surpast Iphyclus in the swift caree	er,	
Pyleus and Polydorus, with the sp	pear.	
The sons of Actor won the prize of	of horse,	
But won by numbers, not by art of	or force:	
For the fam'd twins, impatient to	survey 735	
Prize after prize by Nestor borne		
Sprung to their car; and with uni	ted pains	
One lash'd the coursers, while one rul'd the reins.		
GG 2	Such	

Such once I was! Now to these tasks succeeds
A younger race, that emulate our deeds: 740
I yield alas! (to age who must not yield?)
Tho' once the foremost hero of the field.
Go thou, my son! by gen'rous friendship led,
With martial honours decorate the dead;
While pleas'd I take the gift thy hands present, 745
(Pledge of benevolence, and kind intent)
Rejoic'd, of all the num'rous Greeks, to see
Not one but honours sacred age and me:
Those due distinctions thou so well can'st pay,
May the just Gods return another day. 750

Proud of the gift, thus spake the Full of Days:

Achilles heard him, prouder of the praise.

340

The prizes next are order'd to the field, For the bold champions who the cæstus wield. A stately mule, as yet by toils unbroke, 755 Of six years age, unconscious of the yoke, Is to the Circus led, and firmly bound; Next stands a goblet, massy, large and round. Achilles rising, thus: Let Greece excite 760 Two heroes equal to this hardy fight; Who dare the foe with lifted arms provoke, And rush beneath the long-descending stroke. On whom Apollo shall the palm bestow, And whom the Greeks supreme by conquest know, This mule his dauntless labours shall repay; 765 The vanquish'd bear the massy bowl away.

This

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341

This dreadful combat great Epëus chose; High o'er the croud, enormous bulk! he rose, And seiz'd the beast, and thus began to say: Stand forth some man, to bear the bowl away! 770 (Price of his ruin:) for who dares deny This mule my right? th' undoubted victor I. Others, 'tis own'd, in fields of battle shine, But the first honours of this fight are mine; For who excels in all? Then let my foe 775 Draw near, but first his certain fortune know, Secure, this hand shall his whole frame confound, Mash all his bones, and all his body pound: So let his friends be nigh, a needful train To heave the batter'd carcase off the plain. 780 The Giant spoke; and in a stupid gaze The host beheld him, silent with amaze! 'Twas thou, Euryalus! who durst aspire To meet his might, and emulate thy sire, The great Mecistheus; who in days of yore 785 In Theban games the noblest trophy bore, (The games ordain'd dead Oedipus to grace) And singly vanquish'd the Cadmæan race. Him great Tydides urges to contend, Warm with the hopes of conquest for his friend; 790 Officious with the cincture girds him round; And to his wrist the gloves of death are bound.

With

Amid the circle now each champion stands, And poises high in air his iron hands;

With clashing gauntlets now they fiercely close, Their crackling jaws re-echo to the blows, And painful sweat from all their members flows. At length Epëus dealt a weighty blow, Full on the cheek of his unwary foe; Beneath that pond'rous arm's resistless sway Down dropt he, nerveless and extended lay. As a large fish, when winds and waters roar, By some huge billow dash'd against the shore, Lies panting: not less batter'd with his wound, e. r. The bleeding hero pants upon the ground. To rear his fall'n foe, the victor lends Scornful, his hand; and gives him to his friends; Whose arms support him, reeling thro' the throng, And dragging his disabled legs along; Nodding, his head hangs down his shoulder o'er; 810 His mouth and nostrils pour the clotted gore; Wrapt round in mists he lies, and lost to thought; His friends receive the bowl, too dearly bought.

The third bold game Achilles next demands,
And calls the wrestlers to the level sands:
A massy tripod for the victor lies,
Of twice six oxen its reputed price;
And next, the loser's spirits to restore,
A female captive, valu'd but at four.
Scarce did the chief the vig'rous strife propose,
When tow'r-like Ajax and Ulysses rose.

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	343
Amid the ring each nervous rival stands,	
Embracing rigid with implicit hands:	
Close lock'd above, their heads and arms are mix	t;
	825
Like two strong rafters which the builder forms	
Proof to the wint'ry wind and howling storms,	
Their tops connected, but at wider space	
Fixt on the centre stands their solid base.	
Now to the grasp each manly body bends;	830
The humid sweat from ev'ry pore descends;	
Their bones resound with blows: sides, shoulders, th	ighs,
Swell to each gripe, and bloody tumours rise.	
Nor could Ulysses, for his art renown'd,	0016
O'erturn the strength of Ajax on the ground;	835
Nor could the strength of Ajax overthrow	,
The watchful caution of his artful foe.	
While the long strife ev'n tir'd the lookers on,	7
Thus to Ulysses spoke Great Telamon.	
Or let me lift thee, chief, or lift thou me:	840
Prove we our force, and Jove the rest decree.	,
He said; and straining, heav'd him off the gro	und
With matchless strength; that time Ulysses found	
The strength t' evade, and where the nerves com	oine
His ankle struck: the giant fell supine:	845
Ulysses following, on his bosom lies;	
Shouts of applause run rattling thro' the skies.	
Ajax to lift, Ulysses next essays,	
He harely stirr'd him but he could not raise	

It stands the prize of swiftness in the race.

A well-fed ox was for the second plac'd;
And half a talent must content the last.

Achilles

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

345

Who hope the palm of swiftness to obtain, 87 Stand forth, and bear these prizes from the plain.

879

The hero said, and starting from his place, Oïlean Ajax rises to the race;

Achilles rising then bespoke the train:

Ulysses next; and he whose speed surpast

His youthful equals, Nestor's son the last. Rang'd in a line the ready racers stand;

Pelides points the barrier with his hand;

All start at once; Oïleus led the race;

The next Ulysses, meas'ring pace with pace; Behind him, diligently close, he sped,

Behind him, diligently close, he sped,

As closely following as the running thread The spindle follows, and displays the charms

Of the fair spinster's breast, and moving arms:

Graceful in motion thus, his foe he plies,

And treads each footstep ere the dust can rise:

His glowing breath upon his shoulders plays;

Th' admiring Greeks loud acclamations raise, To him they give their wishes, hearts, and eyes,

And send their souls before him as he flies.

Now three times turn'd in prospect of the goal, 'The panting chief to Pallas lifts his soul:

Assist, O goddess! (thus in thought he pray'd)

And present at his thought, descends the Maid.

Buoy'd by her heav'nly force, he seems to swim,

And feels a pinion lifting ev'ry limb.

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All fierce, and ready now the prize to gain, 905. Unhappy Ajax stumbles on the plain; (O'erturn'd by Pallas) where the slipp'ry shore Was clogg'd with slimy dung, and mingled gore. (The self-same place beside Patroclus' pyre, Where late the slaughter'd victims fed the fire) 910 Besmear'd with filth, and blotted o'er with clay, Obscene to sight, the rueful racer lay; The well-fed bull (the second prize) he shar'd, And left the urn Ulysses' rich reward. Then, grasping by the horn the mighty beast, 915 The baffled hero thus the Greeks addrest.

Accursed fate! the conquest I forego;
A mortal I, a goddess was my foe:
She urg'd her fav'rite on the rapid way,
And Pallas, not Ulysses, won the day.

Thus sourly wail'd he, sputt'ring dirt and gore,
A burst of laughter echo'd thro' the shore.
Antilochus, more hum'rous than the rest,
Takes the last prize, and takes it with a jest.

Why with our wiser elders should we strive? 925
The Gods still love them, and they always thrive.
Ye see, to Ajax I must yield the prize:
He to Ulysses, still more aged and wise;
(A green old age unconscious of decays,
That proves the hero born in better days!)

Behold his vigour in this active race!
Achilles only boasts a swifter pace:

920 %

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.	347
For who can match Achilles? He who can,	
Must yet be more than hero, more than man.	
Th' effect succeeds the speech. Pelides cries,	935
Thy artful praise deserves a better prize.	
Nor Greece in vain shall hear thy friend extoll'd;	
Receive a talent of the purest gold.	
The youth departs content. The host admire	
The son of Nestor, worthy of his sire.	940
Next these a buckler, spear and helm, he bring	rs ;
Cast on the plain, the brazen burthen rings:	
Arms, which of late divine Sarpedon wore,	
And great Patroclus in short triumph bore.	
Stand forth the bravest of our host! (he cries)	945
Whoever dares deserve so rich a prize!	
Now grace the lists before our army's sight,	
And sheath'd in steel, provoke his foe to fight.	- 6
Who first the jointed armour shall explore,	
And stain his rival's mail with issuing gore;	950
The sword, Asteropeus possest of old,	
A Thracian blade, distinct with studs of gold)	
Shall pay the stroke, and grace the striker's side:	
These arms in common let the chiefs divide:	
For each brave champion, when the combat ends,	95 5
A sumptuous banquet at our tent attends.	
Fierce at the word, uprese great Tydeus' son,	0.0
And the huge bulk of Ajax Telamon.	
Clad in refulgent steel, on either hand,	
The dreadful chiefs amid the circle stand:	960
\mathbf{I}^{*} 9 \mathbf{w} ,	ring

Low'ring they meet, tremendous to the sight; Each Argive bosom beats with fierce delight. Oppos'd in arms not long they idly stood, But thrice they clos'd, and thrice the charge renew'd. A furious pass the spear of Ajax made 965 Thro' the broad shield, but at the corslet stay'd: Not thus the foe: his javelin aim'd above The buckler's margin, at the neck he drove. But Greece now trembling for her hero's life, Bade share the honours, and surcease the strife. 970 Yet still the victor's due Tydides gains, With him the sword and studded belt remains. Then hurl'd the hero, thund'ring on the ground A mass of iron, (an enormous round) Whose weight and size the circling Greeks admire, Rude from the furnace, and but shap'd by fire. 976 This mighty quoit Aëtion wont to rear, And from his whirling arm dismiss in air: The giant by Achilles slain, he stow'd Among his spoils this memorable load. 980 For this, he bids those nervous artists vie, That teach the disk to sound along the sky. Let him whose might can hurl this bowl, arise, Who farthest hurls it, take it as his prize: If he be one, enrich'd with large domain 985 Of downs for flocks, and arable for grain, Small stock of iron needs that man provide; His hinds and swains whole years shall be supply'd

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From hence: nor ask the neighb'ring city's aid, For ploughshares, wheels, and all the rural trade. 990 Stern Polypætes stept before the throng, And great Leonteus, more than mortal strong;

Whose force with rival forces to oppose,

Uprose great Ajax; up Epëus rose.

Each stood in order: first Epëus threw;

High o'er the wond'ring crouds the whirling circle flew.

Leonteus next a little space surpast,

And third, the strength of god-like Ajax cast.

O'er both their marks it flew; 'till fiercely flung

From Polypœtes' arm, the discus sung:

Far, as a swain his whirling sheephook throws,

That distant falls among the grazing cows,

So past them all the rapid circle flies:

His friends (while loud applauses shake the skies)

With force conjoin'd heave off the weighty prize.

Those, who in skilful archery contend, 1006 He next invites the twanging bow to bend; And twice ten axes casts amidst the round, (Ten double-edg'd, and ten that singly wound.) The mast, which late a first-rate galley bore, 1010 The hero fixes in the sandy shore: To the tall top a milk-white dove they tie, The trembling mark at which their arrows fly. Whose weapon strikes yon' flutt'ring bird, shall bear These two-edg'd axes, terrible in war;

The single, he, whose shaft divides the cord. He said: experienc'd Merion took the word: And skilful Teucer: in the helm they threw Their lots inscrib'd, and forth the latter flew. Swift from the string the sounding arrow flies; 1020 But flies unblest! No grateful sacrifiee, No firstling lambs, unheedful! didst thou vow To Phœbus, patron of the shaft and bow. For this, thy well-aim'd arrow, turn'd aside, Err'd from the dove, yet cut the cord that ty'd: 1025 A-down the main-mast fell the parted string, And the free bird to heav'n displays her wing: Seas, shores, and skies with loud applause resound, And Merion eager meditates the wound: He takes the bow, directs the shaft above. 1030 And following with his eye the soaring dove. Implores the god to speed it thro' the skies, With vows of firstling lambs, and grateful sacrifice. The dove, in airy circles as she wheels, Amid the clouds the piercing arrow feels; 1035 Quite thro' and thro' the point its passage found, And at his feet fell bloody to the ground. The wounded bird, ere yet she breath'd her last. With flagging wings alighted on the mast, A moment hung, and spread her pinions there, 1040 Then sudden dropt, and left her life in air. From the pleas'd croud new peals of thunder rise, And to the ships brave Merion bears the prize.

BOOK XXIII. HOMER'S ILIAD.

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To close the fun'ral games, Achilles last
A massy spear amid the circle plac'd,
And ample charger of unsullied frame,
With flow'rs high-wrought, not blacken'd yet by flame.
For these he bids the heroes prove their art,
Whose dext'rous skill directs the flying dart.
Here too great Merion hopes the noble prize;
Nor here disdain'd the king of men'to rise.
With joy Pelides saw the honour paid,
Rose to the monarch, and respectful said.

Thee first in virtue, as in pow'r supreme,
O king of nations! all thy Greeks proclaim; 1055
In every martial game thy worth attest,
And know thee both their greatest, and their best.
Take then the prize, but let brave Merion bear
This beamy javelin in thy brother's war.

Pleas'd from the hero's lips his praise to hear, 1060. The king to Merion gives the brazen spear:
But, set apart for sacred use, commands
The glitt'ring charger to Talthybius' hands.

END OF THE TWENTY-THIRD BOOK.

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THE

TWENTY-FOURTH BOOK

OF THE

ILIAD.

THE ARGUMENT.

THE REDEMPTION OF THE BODY OF HECTOR.

The Gods deliberate about the redemption of Hector's body. Jupiter sends Thetis to Achilles to dispose him for the restoring it, and Iris to Priam, to encourage him to go in person, and treat for it. The old king, notwithstanding the remoistrances of his queen, makes ready for the journey, to which he is encouraged by an omen from Jupiter. He sets forth in his chariot, with a waggon loaded with presents under the charge of Ideus the herald. Mercury descends in the shape of a young man, and conducts him to the pavilion of Achilles. Their conversation on the way. Priam finds Achilles at his table, casts himself at his feet, and begs for the body of his son; Achilles, moved with compassion, grants his request, detains him one night in his tent, and the next morning sends him home with the body: the Trojans run out to meet him. The lamentations of Andromache, Hecuba, and Helen, with the solemnities of the funeral.

The time of twelve days is employed in this book, while the body of Hector lies in the tent of Achilles. And as many more are spent in the truce allowed for his interment. The scene is partly in Achilles's camp,

and partly in Troy.

TWENTY-FOURTH BOOK

OF- THE

ILIAD.

NOW from the finish'd games the Grecian band Seek their black ships, and clear the crouded strand: All stretch'd at ease the genial banquet share, And pleasing slumbers quiet all their care. Not so Achilles: he, to grief resign'd, His friend's dear image present to his mind. Takes his sad couch, more unobserv'd to weep: Nor tastes the gifts of all-composing sleep. Restless he roll'd around his weary bed. And all his soul on his Patroclus fed: 10 The form so pleasing, and the heart so kind, That youthful vigour, and that manly mind, What toils they shar'd, what martial works they wrought, What seas they measur'd, and what fields they fought:

All past before him in rememb'rance dear,

Thought follows thought, and tear succeeds to tear.

And

And now supine, now prone, the hero lay, Now shifts his side, impatient for the day: Then starting up, disconsolate he goes Wide on the lonely beach to vent his woes. 20 There as the solitary mourner raves. The ruddy morning rises o'er the waves: Soon as it rose, his furious steeds he join'd: The chariot flies, and Hector trails behind. And thrice, Patroclus! round thy monument Was Hector dragg'd, then hurry'd to the tent. There sleep at last o'ercomes the hero's eyes; While foul in dust th' unhonour'd carcase lies, But not deserted by the pitying skies. For Phœbus watch'd it with superiour care, Preserv'd from gaping wounds, and tainting air; And ignominious as it swept the field, Spread o'er the sacred corse his golden shield. All heav'n was mov'd, and Hermes will'd to go By stealth to snatch him from the insulting foe: 35 But Neptune this, and Pallas this denies, And th' unrelenting Empress of the skies: E'er since that day implacable to Troy, What time young Paris, simple shepherd boy, Won by destructive lust (reward obscene) The charms rejected for the Cyprian queen. But when the tenth celestial morning broke; To heav'n assembled, thus Apollo spoke.

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	357
Unpitying pow'rs! how oft each holy fane	
Has Hector ting'd with blood of victims slain?	45
And can ye still his cold remains pursue?	5,4
Still grudge his body to the Trojans view?	
Deny to consort, mother, son, and sire,	
The last sad honours of a fun'ral fire?	11
Is then the dire Achilles all your care?	50
That iron heart, inflexibly severe;	9
A lion, not a man, who slaughters wide	111
In strength of rage and impotence of pride;	
Who hastes to murder with a savage joy,	,
Invades around, and breathes but to destroy.	55
Shame is not of his soul, nor understood;	
The greatest evil and the greatest good.	Ţ
Still for one loss he rages unresign'd,	
Repugnant to the lot of all mankind;	
To lose a friend, a brother, or a son,	60
Heav'n dooms each mortal, and its will is done:	
Twhile they sorrow, then dismiss their care;	
Fate gives the wound, and man is born to bear.	
But this insatiate the commission giv'n	
By fate, exceeds; and tempts the wrath of heav'n:	65
Lo how his rage dishonest drags along	
Hector's dead earth insensible of wrong!	105
Brave tho' he be, yet by no reason aw'd,	
He violates the laws of man and God.	
If equal honours by the partial skies	70
Are doom'd both heroes, (Juno thus replies)	
	T

If 'Thetis' son must no distinction know, Then hear, ye gods! the patron of the bow. But Hector only boasts a mortal claim, His birth deriving from a mortal dame: 7.5 Achilles of your own ætherial race Springs from a goddess, by a man's embrace: (A goddess by ourself to Peleus giv'n, A man divine, and chosen friend of heav'n.) To grace those nuptials, from the bright abode 80 Yourselves were present; where this minstrel-god (Well pleas'd to share the feast,) amid the quire Stood proud to hymn, and tune his youthful lyre.

Then thus the Thund'rer checks th'imperial dame: Let not thy wrath the court of heav'n inflame; Their merits, not their honours are the same. But mine, and ev'ry god's peculiar grace Hector deserves, of all the Trojan race: Still on our shrines his graceful off'rings lay. (The only honours men to gods can pay) Nor ever from our smoking altar ceast The pure libation, and the holy feast. Howe'er by stealth to snatch the corse away, We will not: Thetis guards it night and day. But haste, and summon to our courts above The azure Queen; let her persuasion move Her furious son from Priam to receive The proffer'd ransom, and the corse to leave.

35

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	359
He added not: and Iris from the skies,	
Swift as a whirlwind, on the message flies,	100
Meteorous the face of Ocean sweeps,	
Refulgent gliding o'er the sable deeps.	
Between where Samos wide his forests spreads,	
And rocky Imbrus lifts its pointed heads,	
Down plung'd the maid; (the parted waves reson	ind)
She plung'd, and instant shot the dark profound.	
As bearing death in the fallacious bait,	
From the bent angle sinks the leaden weight;	
So past the goddess thro' the closing wave;	
Where Thetis sorrow'd in her secret cave:	110
There plac'd amidst her melancholy train	
(The blue-hair'd sisters of the sacred main)	, -
Pensive she sat, revolving fates to come,	7
And wept her god-like son's approaching doom.	
Then thus the goddess of the painted bow.	115
Arise! O Thetis, from thy seats below.	
'Tis Jove that calls. And why (the dame replies)
Calls Jove his Thetis to the hated skies?	
Sad object as I am for heav'nly sight!	
Ah may my sorrows ever shun the light?	120
Howe'er, be heav'n's almighty Sire obey'd-	241
She spake, and veil'd her head in sable shade,	
Which flowing long, her graceful person clad;	
And forth she pac'd, majestically sad.	-00
Then thro' the world of waters, they repair	125
(The way fair Iris led) to upper air.	- 1
	The

The deeps dividing, o'er the coast they rise, And touch with momentary flight the skies.

There in the light'nings' blaze the Sire they found,
And all the gods in shining synod round.

Thetis approach'd with anguish in her face,
(Minerva rising, gave the mourner place)

Ev'n Juno sought her sorrows to console,
And offer'd from her hand the nectar bowl:

She tasted, and resign'd it: then began

135

The sacred Sire of Gods and mortal man:

Thou com'st, fair Thetis, but with grief o'ercast; Maternal sorrows, long, ah long to last! Suffice, we know and we partake thy cares: But yield to Fate, and hear what Jove declares. 140 Nine days are past, since all the court above In Hector's cause have mov'd the ear of Jove; Twas voted, Hermes from his god-like foe By stealth should bear him, but we will'd not so: We will thy son himself the corse restore, 145 And to his conquest add this glory more. Then hie thee to him, and our mandate bear; Tell him he tempts the wrath of heav'n too far: Nor let him more (our anger if he dread) Vent his mad vengeance on the sacred dead: 150 But yield to ransom and the father's pray'r. The mournful father, Iris shall prepare, With gifts to sue; and offer to his hands Whate'er his honour asks, or heart demands.

His

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	361
His word the silver-footed queen attends,	155
And from Olympus' snowy tops descends.	114
Arriv'd, she heard the voice of loud lament,	
And echoing groans that shook the lofty tent.	
His friends prepare the victim, and dispose	/
Repast unheeded, while he vents his woes;	160
The Goddess seats her by her pensive son,	
She prest his hand, and tender thus begun.	
How long, unhappy! shall thy sorrows flow;	
And thy heart waste with life-consuming woe?	
Mindless of food, or Love whose pleasing reign	. 165
Soothes weary life, and softens human pain.	
O snatch the moments, yet within thy pow'r;	
Not long to live, indulge the am'rous hour!	
Lo! Jove himself (for Jove's command I bear)	
Forbids to tempt the wrath of heav'n too far.	170
No longer then (his fury if thou dread)	
Detain the relicks of great Hector dead;	
Nor vent on senseless earth thy vengeance vain;	•
But yield to ransom, and restore the slain.	
To whom Achilles: Be the ransom giv'n,	175
And we submit, since such the will of heav'n.	
While thus they commun'd, from th' Olym	pian
bow'rs	
Jove orders Iris to the Trojan tow'rs.	0.4
Haste, winged Goddess! to the sacred town,	r.
And urge her monarch to redeem her son:	180

Alone, the Ilian ramparts let him leave, And bear what stern Achilles may receive: Alone, for so we will: no Trojan near; Except to place the dead with decent care, Some aged herald, who with gentle hand, 185 May the slow mules and fun'ral car command. Nor let him death, nor let him danger dread, Safe thro' the foe by our protection led: Him Hermes to Achilles shall convey, Guard of his life, and partner of his way. 190 Fierce as he is, Achilles' self shall spare, His age, nor touch one venerable hair; Some thought there must be, in a soul so brave, Some sense of duty, some desire to save.

Then down her bow the winged Iris drives,
And swift at Priam's mournful court arrives:
Where the sad sons beside their father's throne
Sat bath'd in tears, and answer'd groan with groan.
And all amidst them lay the hoary sire,
(Sad scene of woe!) his face, his wrapt attire

Conceal'd from sight; with frantick hands he spread
A show'r of ashes o'er his neck and head.
From room to room his pensive daughters roam;
Whose shrieks and clamours fill the vaulted dome;
Mindful of those, who, late their pride and joy, 205
Lie pale and breathless round the fields of Troy!
Before the king Jove's messenger appears,
And thus in whispers greets his trembling ears.

Fear

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	363
Fear not, oh father! no ill news I bear;	
From Jove I come, Jove makes thee still his care	:210
For Hector's sake these walls he bids thee leave,	
And bear what stern Achilles may receive:	
Alone, for so he wills: no Trojan near,	
Except to place the dead with decent care,	
Some aged herald, who with gentle hand	215
May the slow mules and fun'ral car command.	
Nor shalt thou death, nor shalt thou danger dread	1;
Safe thro' the foe by his protection led:	
Thee Hermes to Pelides shall convey,	
Guard of thy life, and partner of thy way.	220
Fierce as he is, Achilles self shall spare	1
Thy age, nor touch one venerable hair;	
Some thought there must be, in a soul so brave,	
Some sense of duty, some desire to save.	191
She spoke, and vanish'd. Priam bids prepare	225
His gentle mules, and harness to the car.	
There, for the gifts, a polish'd casket lay:	
His pious sons the king's command obey.	
Then past the monarch to his bridal-room,	
Where cedar-beams the lofty roofs perfume,	230
And where the treasures of his empire lay;	
Then call'd his queen, and thus began to say.	
Unhappy consort of a king distrest!	
Partake the troubles of thy husband's breast:	
I saw descend the messenger of Jove,	235
Who bids me try Achilles' mind to move;	
	1

Forsake

Forsake these ramparts, and with gifts obtain
The corpse of Hector, at yon' navy, slain.
Tell me thy thought: my heart impels to go
Thro' hostile camps, and bears me to the foe.

240

The hoary monarch thus. Her piercing cries Sad Hecuba renews, and then replies.

Ah! whither wanders thy distemper'd mind? And where the prudence now, that aw'd mankind; Thro' Phrygia once, and foreign regions known; 245 Now all confus'd, distracted, overthrown!

Now all confus'd, distracted, overthrown!
Singly to pass thro' hosts of foes! to face
(Oh heart of steel!) the murd'rer of thy race!
To view that deathful eye, and wander o'er
Those hands yet red with Hector's noble gore!

250

Alas! my lord! he knows not how to spare, And what his mercy, thy slain sons declare; So brave! so many fall'n! To calm his rage

Vain were thy dignity, and vain thy age. No—pent in this sad palace, let us give

255

To grief the wretched days we have to live. Still, still for Hector let our sorrows flow, Born to his own, and to his parents woe! Doom'd from the hour his luckless life begun, To dogs, to vultures, and to Peleus' son!

260

Oh! in his dearest blood might I allay
My rage, and these barbarities repay!
For ah! could Hector merit thus? whose breath

- 5

Expir'd not meanly, in unactive death:

He

EOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD. 36	65
He pour'd his latest blood in manly fight, 2	65
And fell a hero in his country's right.	
Seek not to stay me, nor my soul affright	
With words of omen, like a bird of night;	
(Reply'd unmov'd the venerable man)	
Tis heav'n commands me, and you urge in vain. 27	0
Had any mortal voice th' injunction laid,	
Nor augur, priest, or seer had been obey'd.	
A present goddess brought the high command,	1
I saw, I heard her, and the word shall stand.	
	75
If in yon' camp your pow'rs have doom'd my fall,	
Content—By the same hand let me expire!	
Add to the slaughter'd son the wretched sire!	
One cold embrace at least may be allow'd,	
And my last tears flow mingled with his blood! 28	80
From forth his open'd stores, this said, he drew	
Twelve costly carpets of refulgent hue,	
As many vests, as many mantles told,	
And twelve fair veils and garments stiff with gold.	
Two tripods next, and twice two chargers shine, 29	35
With ten pure talents from the richest mine;	
And last a large well-labour'd bowl had place,	
(The pledge of treaties once with friendly Thrace)	
Seem'd all too mean the stores he could employ,	
For one last look to buy him back to Troy! 29	90

Lo! the sad father, frantick with his pain, Around him furious drives his menial train:

In

In vain each slave with duteous care attends, Each office hurts him, and each face offends. What make ye here? officious crouds! (he cries) 295 Hence! nor obtrude your anguish on my eyes. Have ye no griefs at home, to fix ye there; Am I the only object of despair? Am I become my people's common show, Set up by Jove' your spectacle of woe? 300 No, you must feel him too; yourselves must fall: The same stern God to ruin gives you all: Nor is great Hector lost by me alone; Your sole defence, your guardian pow'r is gone! I see your blood the fields of Phrygia drown, 305 I see the ruins of your smoking town! Oh send me, Gods! ere that sad day shall come, A willing ghost to Pluto's dreary dome! He said, and feebly drives his friends away: The sorrowing friends his frantick rage obey, 310 Next on his sons his erring fury falls, Polites, Paris, Agathon, he calls,

His threats Deiphobus and Dius hear,
Hippothous, Pammon, Helenus the seer,
And gen'rous Antiphon: for yet these nine
Surviv'd sad relicks of his num'rous line.

Inglorious sons of an unhappy sire!
Why did not all in Hector's cause expire?
Wretch that I am! my bravest offspring slain,
You, the disgrace of Priam's house, remain!

320 Mestor

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	367
Mestor the brave, renown'd in ranks of war,	
With Troilus, dreadful on his rushing car,	
And last great Hector, more than man divine,	
For sure he seem'd not of terrestrial line!	
All those relentless Mars untimely slew,	325
And left me these, a soft and servile crew,	
Whose days the feast and wanton dance employ,	
Gluttons and flatt'rers, the contempt of Troy!	
Why teach ye not my rapid wheels to run,	
And speed my journey to redeem my son?	330
The sons their father's wretched age revere,	
Forgive his anger, and produce the car.	
High on the seat the cabinet they bind:	
The new-made car with solid beauty shin'd;	
Box was the yoke, embost with costly pains,	335
And hung with ringlets to receive the reins;	
Nine cubits long, the traces swept the ground;	
These to the chariot's polish'd pole they bound,	
Then fixt a ring the running reins to guide,	
And close beneath the gather'd ends were ty'd.	340
Next with the gifts (the price of Hector slain)	
The sad attendants load the groaning wain:	
Last to the yoke the well-match'd mules they be	ing,
(The gift of Mysia to the Trojan king.)	
But the fair horses, long his darling care,	345
Himself receiv'd, and harness'd to his car:	
Griev'd as he was, he not this task deny'd;	
The hoary herald help'd him, at his side.	
	While

While careful these the gentle coursers join'd,
Sad Hecuba approach'd with anxious mind;
A golden bowl that foam'd with fragrant wine,
(Libation destin'd to the pow'r divine)
Held in her right, before the steeds she stands,
And thus consigns it to the monarch's hands.

Take this, and pour to Jove; that safe from harms, His grace restore thee to our roof, and arms. 356 Since victor of thy fears, and slighting mine, Heav'n, or thy soul, inspire this bold design: Pray to that God, who high on Ida's brow Surveys thy desolated realms below, 360 His winged messenger to send from high, And lead thy way with heav'nly augury: Let the strong sov'reign of the plumy race Tow'r on the right of yon' ætherial space. That sign beheld, and strengthen'd from above, 365 Boldly pursue the journey mark'd by Jove; But if the God his augury denies, Suppress thy impulse, nor reject advice.

'Tis just (said Priam) to the Sire above
To raise our hands; for who so good as Jove?

He spoke, and bade th' attendant handmaid bring
The purest water of the living spring:
(Her ready hands the ewer and bason held)
Then took the golden cup his queen had fill'd;
On the mid pavement pours the rosy wine,

375
Uplifts his eyes, and calls the pow'r divine.

Oh

HOMER'S ILIAD. 363 BOOK XXIV. Oh first, and greatest! heav'n's imperial Lord! On lofty Ida's holy hill ador'd! To stern Achilles now direct my ways, And teach him mercy when a father prays. 380 If such thy will, dispatch from yonder sky Thy sacred bird, celestial Augury! Let the strong sov'reign of the plumy race Tow'r on the right of 'yon' ætherial space: So shall thy suppliant, strengthen'd from above, 385 Fearless pursue the journey mark'd by Jove. Jove heard his pray'r, and from the throne on high Dispatch'd his bird, celestial Augury! The swift-wing'd chaser of the feather'd game, And known to Gods by Percnos' lofty name. 390 Wide, as appears some palace-gate display'd, So broad, his pinions stretch'd their ample shade, As stooping dexter with resounding wings Th' imperial bird descends in airy rings. A dawn of joy in ey'ry face appears; 395 The mourning matron dries her tim'rous tears: Swift on his car, th' impatient monarch sprung; The brazen portal in his passage rung: The mules preceding draw the loaded wain, Charg'd with the gifts: Idæus holds the rein: 400 The king himself his gentle steeds controlls, And thro' surrounding friends the chariot rolls.

On his slow wheels the following people wait, Mourn at each step, and give him up to Fate;

With

With hands uplifted, eye him as he past, And gaze upon him as they gaz'd their last.

405

Now forward fares the Father on his way. Thro' the lone fields, and back to Ilion they. Great Jove beheld him as he crost the plain, And felt the woes of miserable man.

410

Then thus to Hermes. Thou whose constant cares Still succour mortals, and attend their pray'rs; Behold an object to thy charge consign'd: If ever pity touch'd thee for mankind, Go, guard the sire; th' observing foe prevent, And safe conduct him to Achilles' tent.

415

The God obeys, his golden pinions binds, And mounts incumbent on the wings of winds, That high, thro' fields of air, his flight sustain, O'er the wide earth, and o'er the boundless main: 420 Then grasps the wand that causes sleep to fly, Or in soft slumbers seals the wakeful eye; Thus arm'd, swift Hermes steers his airy way, And stoops on Hellespont's resounding sea. A beauteous youth, majestick and divine, He seem'd; fair offspring of some princely line! Now twilight veil'd the glaring face of day, And clad the dusky fields in sober gray; What-time the herald and the hoary king, Their chariots stopping at the silver spring, That circling Ilus' ancient marble flows, Allow'd their mules and steeds a short repose.

425

430

Thro'

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	371
Thro' the dim shade the herald first espies	
A man's approach, and thus to Priam cries.	
I mark some foe's advance: O king! beware;	435
This hard adventure claims thy utmost care:	
For much I fear, Destruction hovers nigh:	
Our state asks counsel, is it best to fly?	
Or, old and helpless, at his feet to fall,	
(Two wretched suppliants) and for mercy call?	440
Th' afflicted monarch shiver'd with despair;	
Pale grew his face, and upright stood his hair;	
Sunk was his heart; his colour went and came;	
A sudden trembling shook his aged frame:	
When Hermes greeting, touch'd his royal hand,	445
And gentle, thus accosts with kind demand.	0 0
Say whither, father! when each mortal sight	
Is seal'd in sleep, thou wander'st thro' the night	?.
Why roam thy mules and steeds the plains along,	
Thro' Grecian foes, so num'rous and so strong?	450
What could'st thou hope, should these thy trea	sures
view;	
These, who with endless hate thy race pursue?	
For what defence, alas! could'st thou provide;	
Thyself not young, a weak old man thy guide?	
Yet suffer not thy soul to sink with dread;	455
From me no arm shall touch thy rev'rend head;	
From Greece I'll guard thee too: for in those lin	es
The living image of my father shines.	

Thy words, that speak benevolence of mind Are true, my son! (the god-like sire rejoin'd) 460 Great are my hazards; but the Gods survey My steps, and send thee, guardian of my way. Hail, and be blest! For scarce of mortal kind Appear thy form, thy feature, and thy mind.

Nor true are all thy words, nor erring wide; 465 (The sacred messenger of heav'n reply'd)
But say, convey'st thou thro' the lonely plains
What yet most precious of thy store remains,
To lodge in safety with some friendly hand?
Prepar'd, perchance, to leave thy native land. 470
Or fly'st thou now?—What hopes can Troy retain?
Thy matchless son, her guard and glory slain!

The king, alarm'd. Say what, and whence thou art, Who search the sorrows of a parent's heart, And know so well how god-like Hector dy'd. 475. Thus Priam spoke, and Hermes thus reply'd.

You tempt me, father, and with pity touch:
On this sad subject you enquire too much.
Oft' have these eyes that god-like Hector view'd
In glorious fight, with Grecian blood embru'd:
I saw him, when, like Jove, his flames he tost
On thousand ships, and wither'd half a host:
I saw, but help'd not: stern Achilles' ire
Forbade assistance, and enjoy'd the fire.
For him I serve, of Myrmidonian race;
One ship convey'd us from our native place;

Polyctor

-	BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	373
	Polyctor is my sire, an honour'd name,	
	Old like thyself, and not unknown to fame;	
	Of sev'n his sons, by whom the lot was cast	
	To serve our prince; it fell on me, the last.	490
	To watch this quarter, my adventure falls:	
	For with the morn the Greeks attack your walls;	;
	Sleepless they sit, impatient to engage,	
	And scarce their rulers check their martial rage.	
	If then thou art of stern Pelides' train,	495
	(The mournful monarch thus rejoin'd again)	
	Ah tell me truly, where, oh! where are laid	. 1
	My son's dear relicks? what befalls him dead?	
	Have dogs dismember'd on the naked plains,	
	Or yet unmangled rest, his cold remains?	500
	O favour'd of the skies! (Thus answer'd then	
	The Pow'r that mediates between Gods and men)	٠
	Nor dogs nor vultures have thy Hector rent,	
	But whole he lies, neglected in the tent:	
	This the twelfth ev'ning since he rested there,	505
	Untouch'd by worms, untainted by the air.	
	Still as Aurora's ruddy beam is spread,	
	Round his friend's tomb Achilles drags the dead:	
	Yet undisfigur'd, or in limb or face,	
	All fresh he lies, with ev'ry living grace,	510
	Majestical in death! no stains are found	
	O'er all the corse, and clos'd is ev'ry wound;)
	Tho' many a wound they gave. Some heav'nly	care,
	Some hand divine, preserves him ever fair:	0 /7
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374 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK X	XIV
Or all the host of heav'n, to whom he led	515
A life so grateful, still regard him dead.	-0
Thus spoke to Priam the celestial guide,	-th
And joyful thus the royal sire reply'd.	
Blest is the man who pays the Gods above	0
The constant tribute of respect and love!	520
Those who inhabit the Olympian bow'r	
My son forgot not, in exalted pow'r;	
And heav'n, that ev'ry virtue bears in mind,	
Ev'n to the ashes of the just, is kind.	
But thou, oh gen'rous youth! this goblet take,	525
A pledge of gratitude for Hector's sake;	11
And while the fav'ring Gods our steps survey,	
Safe to Pelides' tent conduct my way.	60
To whom the latent God. O king forbear	
To tempt my youth, for apt is youth to err:	530
But can I, absent from my prince's sight,	
Take gifts in secret, that must shun the light?	
What from our master's int'rest thus we draw,	
Is but a licens'd theft that 'scapes the law.	,
Respecting him, my soul abjures th' offence;	435
And as the crime, I dread the consequence.	111
Thee, far as Argos, pleas'd I could convey;	
Guard of thy life, and partner of thy way:	
On thee attend, thy safety to maintain,	
O'er pathless forests, or the roaring main.	540
He said, then took the chariot at a bound,	-15
And snatch'd the reins, and whirl'd the lash aroun	nd:
	efore

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	375
Before th' inspiring God that urg'd them on,	
The coursers fly, with spirit not their own.	
And now they reach'd the naval walls, and found &	545
The guards repasting, while the bowls go round;	
On these the virtue of his wand he tries,	
And pours deep slumber on their watchful eyes:	
Then heav'd the massy gates, remov'd the bars,	
And o'er the trenches led the rolling cars.	550
Unseen, thro' all the hostile camp they went,	
And now approach'd Pelides' lofty tent.	
On firs the roof was rais'd, and cover'd o'er	
With reeds collected from the marshy shore;	
And, fenc'd with Pallisades, a hall of state,	555
(The work of soldiers) where the hero sat.	
Large was the door, whose well compacted strength	1
A solid pine-tree barr'd, of wond'rous length;	
Scarce three strong Greeks could lift its migh	ity
weight,	
But great Achilles singly clos'd the gate. 5	60
This Hermes (such the pow'r of Gods) set wide;	
Then swift alighted the celestial guide,	
And thus, reveal'd-Hear, Prince! and understand	
Thou ow'st thy guidance to no mortal hand:	
Hermes I am, descended from above, 5	665
The king of arts, the messenger of Jove.	
Farewell: to shun Achilles' sight I fly;	3
Uncommon are such favours of the sky,	5
Nor stand confest to frail mortality.)
	ow

The second secon	
376 HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK X	XIV.
Now fearless enter, and prefer thy pray'rs;	570
Adjure him by his father's silver hairs,	
His son, his mother! urge him to bestow	
Whatever pity that stern heart can know.	
Thus having said, he vanish'd from his eyes,	
And in a moment shot into the skies:	575
The king, confirm'd from heav'n, alighted there,	۰
And left his aged herald on the car.	
With solemn pace thro' various rooms he went,	
And found Achilles in his inner tent:	
There sat the hero; Alcimus the brave,	580
And great Automedon, attendance gave:	
These serv'd his person at the royal feast;	
Around, at awful distance, stood the rest.	
Unseen by these, the king his entry made;	
And prostrate now before Achilles laid,	585
Sudden, (a venerable sight!) appears;	
Embrac'd his knees, and bath'd his hands in tear	s 🕏
Those direful hands his kisses press'd, embru'd	
Ev'n with the best, the dearest of his blood!	,
As when a wretch, (who conscious of his crime	2,
Pursu'd for murder, flies his native clime)	591
Just gains some frontier, breathless, pale, amaz'd	!
All gaze, all wonder: thus Achilles gaz'd:	
Thus stood th' attendants stupid with surprise;	
All mute, yet seem'd to question with their eyes	:
Each look'd on other, none the silence broke,	596
'Till thus at last the kingly suppliant spoke.	
	A L

*	
BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	377
Ah think, thou favour'd of the pow'rs divine!	
Think of thy father's age, and pity mine!	
In me, that father's reverend image trace,	600
Those silver hairs, that venerable face;	
His trembling limbs, his helpless person, see!	
In all my equal, but in misery!	
Yet now, perhaps, some turn of human Fate	10. 7
Expels him helpless from his peaceful state;	605
Think, from some pow'rful foe thou see'st him fly	
And beg protection with a feeble cry.	1
Yet still one comfort in his soul may rise;	
He hears his son still lives to glad his eyes;	
And hearing, still may hope a better day	610
May send him thee to chace that foe away.	
No comfort to my griefs, no hopes remain,	
The best, the bravest of my sons are slain!	
Yet what a race! ere Greece to Ilion came,	
The pledge of many a lov'd, and loving dame:	615
Nineteen one mother bore—Dead, all are dead!	
How oft', alas! has wretched Priam bled?	
Still one was left, their loss to recompense;	
His father's hope, his country's last defence.	
	620
Unhappy in his country's cause he fell!	
For him, thro' hostile camps I bent my way,	
For him thus prostrate at the fact I law als	

For him, thro' hostile camps I bent my way, For him thus prostrate at thy feet I lay; Large gifts proportion'd to thy wrath I bear; Oh hear the wretched, and the Gods revere!

Think of thy father, and this face behold!

See him in me, as helpless and as old!

Tho' not so wretched: there he yields to me,

The first of men in sov'reign misery!

Thus forc'd to kneel, thus grov'ling to embrace 630

The scourge and ruin of my realm and race:

Suppliant my children's murd'rer to implore,

And kiss those hands yet reeking with their gore!

These words soft pity in the chief inspire,

Touch'd with the dear remembrance of his sire, 635

Then with his hand (as prostrate still he lay)

The old man's cheek he gently turn'd away.

Now each by turns indulg'd the gush of woe;

And now the mingled tides together flow:

This low on earth, that gently bending o'er, 640

A father one, and one a son deplore:

But great Achilles diff'rent passions rend,

And now his sire he mourns, and now his friend.

Th' infectious softness thro' the heroes ran;

One universal solemn show'r began;

They bore as heroes, but they felt as man.

Satiate at length with unavailing woes,
From the high throne divine Achilles rose;
The rev'rend monarch by the hand he rais'd;
On his white beard and form msjestick gaz'd,
Not unrelenting: then serene began
With words to soothe the miserable man.

490

BOOK XXIV.	HOMER'S	ILIAD.	379
Alas! what	weight of angui	sh hast thou kn	own?

Unhappy prince! thus guardless and alone To pass thro' foes, and thus undaunted face The man whose fury has destroy'd thy race? Heav'n sure has arm'd thee with a heart of steel. A strength proportion'd to the woes you feel. Rise then: let reason mitigate our care: To mourn, avails not; man is born to bear. 660 Such is, alas! the Gods' severe decree: They, only they are blest, and only free, Two urns by Jove's high throne have ever stood, The source of evil one, and one of good; From thence the cup of mortal man he fills. 663 Blessings to these, to those distributes ills; To most, he mingles both: the wretch decreed To taste the bad, unmix'd, is curst indeed; Pursu'd by wrongs, by meager famine driv'n, He wanders, outcast both of earth and heav'n, The happiest, taste not happiness sincere; But find the cordial draught is dash'd with care. Who more than Peleus shone in wealth and pow'r? What stars concurring blest his natal hour! A realm, a goddess, to his wishes giv'n; 675 Grac'd by the Gods with all the gifts of heav'n. One evil, yet, o'ertakes his latest day: No race succeeding to imperial sway; An only son; and he (alas!) ordain'd To fall untimely in a foreign land.

See

See him, in Troy, the pious care decline Of his weak age, to live the curse of thine! Thou too, old man, hast happier days beheld; In riches once, in children once excell'd: Extended Phrygia own'd thy ample reign. 685 And all fair Lesbos' blissful seats contain, And all wide Hellespont's unmeasur'd main. But since the God his hand has pleas'd to turn, And fill thy measure from his bitter urn, What sees the sun, but hapless heroes' falls? War, and the blood of men, surround thy walls! What must be, must be. Bear thy lot, nor shed These unavailing sorrows o'er the dead; Thou canst not call him from the Stygian shore, But thou, alas! may'st live to suffer more! 695

To whom the king. Oh favour'd of the skies!

Here let me grow to earth! since Hector lies

On the bare beach depriv'd of obsequies.

Oh give me Hector! to my eyes restore

His corse, and take the gifts: I ask no more. 700

Thou, as thou may'st, these boundless stores enjoy;

Safe may'st thou sail, and turn thy wrath from Troy;

So shall thy pity and forbearance give

A weak old man to see the light and live!

Move me no more (Achilles thus replies, While kindling anger sparkled in his eyes) Nor seek by tears my steady soul to bend; To yield thy Hector I myself intend:

For

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD. 381
For know, from Jove my goddess-mother came,
(Old Ocean's daughter, silver-footed dame) 710
Nor com'st thou but by heav'n; nor com'st alone,
Some God impels with courage not thy own:
No human hand the weighty gates unbarr'd,
Nor could the boldest of our youths have dar'd
To pass our out-works, or elude the guard. 715)
Cease; lest neglectful of high Jove's command
I show thee, king! thou tread'st on hostile land;
Release my knees, thy suppliant arts give o'er,
And shake the purpose of my soul no more.
The sire obey'd him, trembling and o'er-aw'd. 720
Achilles, like a lion, rush'd abroad;
Automedon and Alcimus attend,
(Whom most he honour'd, since he lost his friend;)
These to unyoke the mules and horses went,
And led the hoary herald to the tent; 725
Next heap'd on high the num'rous presents bear
(Great Hector's ransom) from the polish'd car.
Two splendid mantles, and a carpet spread,
They leave; to cover, and inwrap the dead.
Then call the handmaids, with assistant toil 730
To wash the body and anoint with oil,
Apart from Priam; lest th' unhappy sire
Provok'd to passion; once more rouse to ire
The stern Pelides; and nor sacred age, 734
Nor Jove's command, should check the rising rage.

This done, the garments o'er the corse they spread;
Achilles lifts it to the fun'ral bed:
Then, while the body on the car they laid,
He groans, and calls on lov'd Patroclus' shade.

If, in that gloom which never light must know,
The deeds of mortals touch the ghosts below: 741
O friend! forgive me, that I thus fulfill
(Restoring Hector) heav'n's unquestion'd will.
The gifts the father gave, be ever thine,
To grace thy manes, and adorn thy shrine. 745

He said, and ent'ring, took his seat of state. Where full before him rev'rend Priam sat: To whom, compos'd, the god-like chief begun. Lo! to thy pray'r restor'd, thy breathless son; Extended on the fun'ral couch he lies; 750 And soon as morning paints the eastern skies, The sight is granted to thy longing eyes. But now the peaceful hours of sacred night Demand refection, and to rest invite: Nor thou, O father, thus consum'd with woe, The common cares that nourish life, forego. Not thus did Niobe, of form divine, A parent once, whose sorrows equall'd thine: Six youthful sons, as many blooming maids, In one sad day beheld the Stygian shades; 760 Those by Apollo's silver bow were slain, These, Cynthia's arrows stretch'd upon the plain:

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD. 383 So was her pride chastis'd by wrath divine, Who match'd her own with bright Latona's line; But two the Goddess, twelve the queen enjoy'd; 765 Those boasted twelve th' avenging two destroy'd. Steep'd in their blood, and in the dust outspread, Nine days, neglected, lay expos'd the dead; None by to weep them, to inhume them none; (For Jove had turn'd the nation all to stone:) 770 The Gods themselves at length relenting, gave Th' unhappy race the honours of a grave. Herself a rock, (for such was heav'n's high will) Thro' deserts wild now pours a weeping rill; Where round the bed whence Achelous springs, The wat'ry fairies dance in mazy rings, There high on Sipylus's shaggy brow, She stands her own sad monument of woe; The rock for ever lasts, the tears for ever flow. Such griefs, O king! have other parents known; Remember theirs, and mitigate thy own. 781 The care of heav'n thy Hector has appear'd, Nor shall he lie unwept, and uninterr'd; Soon may thy aged cheeks in tears be drown'd, And all the eyes of Ilion stream around. 785 He said, and rising, chose the victim ewe With silver fleece, which his attendants slew. The limbs they sever from the reeking hide,

With skill prepare them, and in parts divide:

384

With that, Achilles bade prepare the bed, With purple soft, and shaggy carpets spread; Forth, by the flaming lights they bend their way, And place the couches, and the cov'rings lay. 815 Then he: Now father sleep, but sleep not here. Consult thy safety, and forgive my fear,

Lest

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	385
Lest any Argive (at this hour awake,	
To ask our counsel, or our orders take)	•
Approaching sudden to our open'd tent,	820
Perchance behold thee, and our grace prevent.	
Should such report thy honour'd person here,	•
The king of men the ransom might defer.	
But say with speed, if ought of thy desire	
Remains unask'd; what time the rites require	825
T' inter thy Hector? For, so long we stay	
Our slaught'ring arm, and bid the hosts obey.	
If then thy will permit (the monarch said)	
To finish all due honours to the dead,	
This, of thy grace, accord: to thee are known	830
The fears of Ilion, clos'd within her town;	,
And at what distance from our walls aspire	
The hills of Ide, and forests for the fire.	•
Nine days to vent our sorrows I request,	
	835
The next, to raise his monument be giv'n;	
The twelfth we war, if war be doom'd by heav'r	ı !
This thy request (reply'd the chief) enjoy:	
Till then, our arms suspend the fall of Troy.	
Then gave his hand at parting, to prevent	840
The old man's fears, and turn'd within the tent;	
Where fair Briseïs, bright in blooming charms,	•
Expects her hero with desiring arms.	
But in the porch, the king and herald rest;	
Sad dreams of care yet wand'ring in their breast.	845
vol. II, Ce	Now

Now gods and men the gifts of sleep partake;
Industrious Hermes only was awake,
'The king's return revolving in his mind,
To pass the ramparts, and the watch to blind.
The Pow'r descending hover'd o'er his head:
And sleep'st thou, father! (thus the vision said)
Now dost thou sleep, when Hector is restor'd?
Nor fear the Grecian foes, nor Grecian lord?
Thy presence here shou'd stern Atrides see,
Thy still-surviving sons may sue for thee,
May offer all thy treasures yet contain,
'To spare thy age; and offer all in vain.

Wak'd with the word, the trembling sire arose, And rais'd his friend: the God before him goes, He joins the mules, directs them with his hand, And moves in silence thro' the hostile land. When now to Xanthus' yellow stream they drove, (Xanthus, immortal progeny of Jove) The winged deity forsook their view, 865 And in a moment to Olympus flew. Now shed Aurora round her saffron ray, Sprung thro' the gates of light, and gave the day: Charg'd with their mournful load, to Ilion go The sage and king, majestically slow. Cassandra first beholds, from Ilion's spire, 870 The sad procession of her hoary sire; Then, as the pensive pomp advanc'd more near, (Her breathless brother stretch'd upon the bier)

A show'r

all \$	
BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	387
A show'r of tears o'erflows her beauteous eyes,	
Alarming thus all Ilion with her cries.	875
Turn here your steps, and here your eyes empl	oy,
Ye wretched daughters, and ye sons of Troy!	-
If e'er ye rush'd in crouds, with vast delight	
To hail your hero glorious from the fight;	
Now meet him dead, and let your sorrows flow!	880
Your common triumph, and your common woe.	
In thronging crouds they issue to the plains,	
Nor man, nor woman, in the walls remains.	
In ev'ry face the self-same grief is shown;	
And Troy sends forth one universal groan.	885
At Scæa's gates they meet the mourning wain,	
Hang on the wheels, and grovel round the slain.	
The wife and mother, frantick with despair,	
Kiss his pale cheek, and rend their scatter'd hair	:
Thus wildly wailing, at the gates they lay;	890
And there had sigh'd and sorrow'd out the day;	•
But god-like Priam from the chariot rose:	,
Forbear (he cry'd) this violence of woes,	
First to the palace let the car proceed,	
Then pour your boundless sorrows o'er the dead.	895
The waves of people at his word divide,	
Slow rolls the chariot thro' the following tide;	
Ev'n to the palace the sad pomp they wait:	
They weep, and place him on the bed of state.	
A melancholy choir attend around,	900
With plaintive sighs, and musick's solemn sound	
c c 2 Altern	ately

Alternately they sing, alternate flow
Th' obedient tears, melodious in their woe.
While deeper sorrows groan from each full heart;
And Nature speaks at ev'ry pause of Art.
905

First to the corse the weeping consort flew; Around his neck her milk-white arms she threw, And oh my Hector! Oh my lord! she cries, Snatch'd in thy bloom from these desiring eyes! Thou to the dismal realms for ever gone! 910 And I abandon'd, desolate, alone! An only son, once comfort of our pains, Sad product now of hapless love, remains! Never to manly age that son shall rise, Or with increasing graces glad my eyes: For Ilion now (her great Defender slain) Shall sink a smoking ruin on the plain. Who now protects her wives with guardian care? Who saves her infants from the rage of war? Now hostile fleets must waft those infants o'er. 920 (Those wives must wait 'em) to a foreign shore! Thou too my son! to barb'rous climes shalt go. The sad companion of thy mother's woe; Driv'n hence a slave before the victor's sword; 925 Condemn'd to toil for some inhuman lord: Or else some Greek whose father prest the plain, Or son, or brother, by great Hector slain; In Hector's blood his vengeance shall enjoy, And hurl thee headlong from the tow'rs of Troy.

For

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD.	389
For thy stern father never spar'd a foe:	930
Thence all these tears, and all this scene of woe	!
Thence, many evils his sad parents bore,	
His parents many, but his consort more.	
Why gav'st thou not to me thy dying hand?	
And why receiv'd not I thy last command?	935
Some word thou would'st have spoke, which sadly	dear,
My soul might keep, or utter with a tear;	
Which never, never could be lost in air,	
Fix'd in my heart, and oft' repeated there!	
Thus to her weeping maids she makes her mo	an;
Her weeping handmaids echo groan for groan.	941
The mournful mother next sustains her part.	
Oh thou, the best, the dearest to my heart!	
Of all my race thou most by heav'n approv'd,	
And by th' immortals ev'n in death belov'd!	945
While all my other sons in barb'rous bands	
Achilles bound, and sold to foreign lands,	
This felt no chains, but went a glorious ghost,	
Free, and a hero, to the Stygian coast.	
Sentenc'd, 'tis true, by his inhuman doom,	950
Thy noble corse was dragg'd around the tomb,	*
(The tomb of him thy warlike arm had slain)	
Ungen'rous insult, impotent and vain!	
Yet glow'st thou fresh with ev'ry living grace,	1.
No mark of pain, or violence of face;	955
Rosy and fair! as Phæbus' silver bow	
Dismiss'd thee gently to the shades below.	
	Thus

A STORY

Thus spoke the dame, and melted into tears.
Sad Helen next in pomp of grief appears:
Fast from the shining sluices of her eyes
Fall the round crystal drops, while thus she cries.

Ah dearest friend! in whom the Gods had join'd The mildest manners with the bravest mind; Now twice ten years (unhappy years) are o'er Since Paris brought me to the Trojan shore; 96 (Oh had I perish'd, ere that form divine Seduc'd this soft, this easy heart of mine!) Yet was it ne'er my fate, from thee to find A deed ungentle, or a word unkind: When others curst the auth'ress of their woe, 97 Thy pity check'd my sorrows in their flow: If some proud brother ey'd me with disdain, Or scornful sister with her sweeping train; Thy gentle accents soften'd all my pain. For thee I mourn; and mourn myself in thee, The wretched source of all this misery! The fate I caus'd, for ever I bemoan; Sad Helen has no friend, now thou art gone! Thro' Troy's wide streets abandon'd shall I roam! In Troy deserted, as abhorr'd at home! 980

So spoke the fair, with sorrow-streaming eye: Distressful beauty melts each stander-by; On all around th' infectious sorrow grows; But Priam check'd the torrent as it rose.

Perform,

BOOK XXIV. HOMER'S ILIAD. 391	
Perform, ye Trojans! what the rites require, 985	
And fell the forests for a fun'ral pyre;	
Twelve days, nor foes, nor secret ambush dread;	
Achilles grants these honours to the dead.	
He spoke; and at his word, the Trojan train	
Their mules and oxen harness to the wain, 990	
Pour thro' the gates, and fell'd from Ida's crown,	
Roll back the gather'd forests to the town.	
These toils continue nine succeeding days,	
And high in air a silvan structure raise.	
But when the tenth fair morn began to shine, 995	
Forth to the pile was borne the Man divine,	
And plac'd aloft: while all, with streaming eyes,	
Beheld the flames and rolling smokes arise.	
Soon as Aurora, daughter of the dawn,	
With rosy lustre streak'd the dewy lawn; 1000	
Again the mournful crouds surround the pyre,	
And quench with wine the yet remaining fire.	
The snowy bones his friends and brothers place	
(With tears collected) in a golden vase;	
The golden vase in purple palls they roll'd, -1005	
Of softest texture, and inwrought with gold.	
Last o'er the urn the sacred earth they spread,	
And rais'd the tomb, memorial of the dead.	
(Strong guards and spies, 'till all the rites were done,	
Watch'd from the rising to the setting sun) 1010	
All Troy then moves to Priam's court again,	
A solemn, silent, melancholy train:	
Assembled	

HOMER'S ILIAD. BOOK XXIV.

392

Assembled there, from pious toil they rest,
And sadly shar'd the last sepulchral feast.
Such honours Ilion to her hero paid,
And peaceful slept the mighty Hector's shade.

END OF THE SECOND VOLUME.

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